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REPORT

on the

Land Revenue Administration of the Province of Bihar and Orissa for the year 1934-35

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BOARD OF REVENUE, BIHAR AND ORISSA.

No. 14—72/1.

FROM

RAI BAHADUR B. SARKAR,

SECRETARY TO THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

BIHAR AND ORISSA,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT

OF BIHAR AND ORISSA, REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Dated Patna, the 17*th August* 1935.

SIR,

I AM directed to submit the following report on the Land Revenue Administration of the province for the year 1934-35 :—

Statistics of estates on tauzi roll and their demands, collections, remissions and balances.

APPENDIX I.

2. The total number of revenue-paying estates was 127,893 against 127,104 in the preceding year. Of these 113,697 were permanently-settled estates, 13,847 temporarily-settled estates and 349 estates under direct management of Government. The net increase of 789 estates was mainly due to partition in the first two classes of estates.

The total current demand of revenue-paying estates showed a net decrease of Rs. 26,448 from Rs. 1,65,11,436 to Rs. 1,64,84,988. The decrease mainly occurred in Cuttack owing to the extinction of the retrospective demand of land revenue settled during the course of the last settlement in temporarily-settled estates. Of the current demand, Rs. 1,51,50,674 or 91.90 per cent was collected against 91.08 per cent in the preceding year. The arrear collection amounted to Rs. 12,33,436 or 74.61 per cent of the arrear demand of Rs. 16,52,974. The percentage of total collection on total demand fell slightly from 90.45 to 90.33. A sum of Rs. 35,657, though collected within the year, could not be credited in the accounts of the year and collection of Rs. 1,28,688 was in suspense in Darbhanga (Rs. 6,049), Cuttack (Rs. 52,667) and Puri (Rs. 69,972). Remissions amounting to Rs. 51,266 were granted in the temporarily-settled estates (Rs. 17,947) and in the estates under direct management (Rs. 33,319). In the temporarily-settled estates the remissions were granted mainly in the estates affected by flood in 1933-34 in Cuttack (Rs. 15,366) and Puri (Rs. 1,805). The bulk of the remissions in estates under direct management was granted in Patna (Rs. 1,785), Gaya (Rs. 1,181), Shahabad (Rs. 18,481), Monghyr (Rs. 1,366) and Bhagalpur (Rs. 6,272) mainly on the ground of diluvion, deterioration of culturable lands and abandonment of holdings. In Palamau (Rs. 2,924) were remitted mainly in favour of head raiyats of Government villages known as Jait raiyat or Mahtons in lieu of their services as villages officials.

The total outstanding balance at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 17,02,586 against Rs. 16,38,094 in the previous year. The continued economic depression, fall in the prices of agricultural produce and damages caused by floods account for the heavy balances. Of the arrears the collection of Rs. 29,361 is doubtful and the remainder is in course of realisation.

Permanently-settled estates.

APPENDIX IA.

3. The total demand of the permanently-settled estates amounted to Rs. 1,10,21,714, of which Rs. 1,06,68,081 or 96.79 per cent was collected during the year leaving a balance of Rs. 3,53,633. The percentage of current collection on current demand exceeded the standard of 99 per cent in all the districts except Patna, Saran and Purnea. The standard was nearly reached in Patna (98.91) and Saran (98.99), while in Purnea the percentage was 75.18 against 80.23 in the previous year. Owing to the continued economic depression the big zamindars in Purnea are reported to have failed to pay up their current dues after payment in full of the arrear balance of Rs. 2,35,913. Of the outstanding arrears of the previous years amounting to Rs. 3,35,483, a sum of Rs. 3,28,473 was collected leaving a balance of Rs. 7,010.

Temporarily-settled estates.

APPENDIX IB.

4. Of the total demand of Rs. 37,75,281 in temporarily-settled estates, Rs. 34,70,159 were collected, Rs. 17,947 remitted and collection of Rs. 1,14,374 was in suspense mainly in Cuttack (Rs. 51,961) and Puri (Rs. 62,070) owing to the effect of the high flood of the preceding year. The balance including the amount suspended amounted to Rs .2,87,175, of which collection of Rs. 5,900 is reported to be doubtful and the remainder is in process of recovery. The prescribed standard of current collection on current demand was reached in the four districts of Shahabad, Puri, Sambalpur and Hazaribagh. No special reasons have been assigned for short collection in the other districts except for Monghyr where the settlement holders were allowed time for payment of revenue of the estates, the resettlement proceedings in respect of which were not completed.

There was an increase in the arrear balances of the previous years from Rs. 40,825 to Rs. 1,24,470, the increase mainly occurred in Monghyr (Rs. 29,050), Cuttack (Rs. 30,589) and Puri (Rs. 39,648) on account of suspension of collection.

Estates held direct by Government.

APPENDIX IC.

	Standards.	Actuals.
Patna ...	85	34.61
Gaya ...	90	72.97
Shahabad ...	80	37.80
Saran ...	85	28.15
Champaran ...	80	67.41
Muzaffarpur ...	75	7.74
Darbhanga ...	90	72.98
Monghyr ...	75	32.04
Bhagalpur ...	80	8.56
Purnea ...	90	24.94
Santal Parganas ...	96	78.78
Cuttack ...	95	89.80
Puri ...	95	69.91
Hazaribagh ...	97	91,96
Ranchi ...	90	74.21
Palamau ...	90	27.14
Singhbhum ...	99	84,03

5. The total demand for the estates under direct management amounted to Rs. 33,40,967, of which Rs. 22,45,870 or 67.22 per cent was collected and Rs. 33,319 remitted: a sum of Rs. 35,657 was collected too late in the year to be credited in the accounts and the collection of Rs. 8,608 was in suspense. The prescribed standards of current collection on current demand were not reached in the seventeen districts noted on the margin. As compared with the last year there was a slight increase in the provincial percentage of current collection from 61.83 to 64.83: collection improved slightly in ten districts while there was a considerable fall in the districts of Saran, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr and Bhagalpur.

The short collections are generally attributed to the fall in the prices of agricultural produce and continued slackness of trade. In Monghyr and Bhagalpur the heavy balances are reported to be mainly in *diaras*, which were seriously affected by flood and heavy erosion by the Ganges: flood also affected the collections in Saran and Muzaffarpur. The arrear balances of the previous years increased from Rs. 1,37,516 to Rs. 2,59,262. Of the outstanding balance of Rs. 10,61,778, the collection of Rs. 23,461 is reported to be doubtful mainly in Monghyr (Rs. 6,460) and Bhagalpur (Rs. 17,000) and the remainder is in process of recovery.

The Porahat estate in Singhbhum was escheated to Government on the demise of Raja Narpat Singh in November 1934. Pending final orders of Government, the property is being managed as a Government estate.

Forest and Miscellaneous Revenue.

APPENDIX II.

6. The total collection on account of miscellaneous revenue including receipts from forests under the management of the civil department increased from Rs. 5,59,311 to Rs. 6,31,712. The details are given in Appendix II. The increase of receipts under the heads (1) value of revenue abated, (2) miscellaneous rents, (3) recovery of survey and settlement charges, (4) royalties and other receipts under mining rules and (5) forest receipts more than counterbalanced the decrease under the heads (1) fines and forfeitures of revenue courts, (2) Police contribution and (3) other receipts. Remission granted increased from Rs. 4,366 to Rs. 4,470: they were as usual mostly remissions of fines imposed under the Land Registration Act. There was also an increase in the balance from Rs. 19,661 to Rs. 24,999: the increase mainly occurred in Shahabad (Rs. 15,559) but no special reason has been assigned for it.

Mineral receipts.

APPENDICES IIA AND IIB.

7. Particulars of the mineral concessions in Government estates are shown in Appendices IIA and IIB.

There were 10 prospecting licenses in force during the year yielding Rs. 889 against 6 licenses yielding Rs. 361 in the preceding year. Mining leases numbered 273 and produced Rs. 3,00,551 in rents, and royalties against Rs. 270 and Rs. 2,23,273 respectively in 1933-34. Against the total demand (arrear and current) of Rs. 13,829 in Gaya only Rs. 600 was realised and the balance of Rs. 13,229 was remitted by Government. Certificate proceedings were instituted against the lessee but without any result. In Shahabad Rs. 61,258 was received as royalty during the year against the total demand (arrear and current) of Rs. 76,434. Out of the arrear demand of Rs. 3,047, Rs. 3,022 was realised leaving a balance of Rs. 25 only. In Hazaribagh the number of leases rose from 71 to 74 and the current demand from Rs. 47,684 to Rs. 47,770. In the Kolhan Government estate in Singhbhum there was an increase in the current demand from Rs. 1,09,807 to Rs. 1,32,775. Besides the collection of Rs. 1,33,153 a sum of Rs. 3,069 was also realised in Singhbhum on account of miscellaneous receipts not shown in Appendix IIB. As in previous years there were no mining concessions in the Government estates in Ranchi. In the Santal Parganas leases increased from 42 to 54 and the current demand from Rs. 6,106 to Rs. 34,708 in the year under report. The increase of Rs. 28,602 is due to the settlement of two new coal pits, seven stone quarries and one china clay quarry and realisation of Rs. 23,319 on account of excess royalty.

Redemption of land revenue.

8. There was no case of redemption of land revenue during the year.

Remittance of land revenue and local cess by means of special money-orders.

APPENDIX III.

9. The number of special postal money-orders decreased from 135,898 to 128,967 but the land revenue and local cess remitted by money-order increased slightly from Rs. 15,64,575 to Rs. 15,67,275. The decrease in the number of money-orders mainly occurred in the

districts of the Patna Division: no special reasons have been assigned for it except for Gaya, where the decrease is reported to be due to payment of land revenue and local cess amounting to Rs. 4,35,852 by cheques and drafts on the local branch of the Imperial Bank.

Payment of land revenue and local cess by cheques.

10. Land revenue and local cess were paid by cheques in the districts of Patna, Gaya, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, Purnea, Cuttack and Manbhum. The number of payment by cheques and the amount of land revenue and local cess remitted by them increased from 320 and Rs. 11,24,850 to 325 and Rs. 13,33,585, respectively, showing the growing popularity of the system.

Operation of Sale Laws.

APPENDICES IV AND V.

11. The statistics of sales under Act XI of 1859 are given in Appendices IV and V. The Act is not in force in Angul and Sambalpur and as in the last year no estate or share of an estate defaulted or was brought to sale in Ranchi, Manbhum and Singhbhum. The number of defaults in payment of land revenue in the remaining districts of the province increased from 16,975 to 21,896 and the number of sales from 298 to 339 during the year. The percentage of sales to defaults has, however, decreased from 2.19 in 1932-33 and 1.75 in 1933-34 to 1.55 during the year. The percentage was highest in the Bhagalpur Division and lowest in Orissa. The amount realised by sale was 2.8 times the Government revenue against 3.9 times in the preceding year. Four estates with a revenue demand of Rs. 51 were purchased on behalf of Government.

The sale law was administered leniently and with due discretion. As in the last year process fees were remitted in the three coastal districts of Orissa.

There were five cases of sale of *chaukidari chakran* lands in Monghyr. No estate was brought to sale in Sambalpur for arrears of land revenue under the Central Provinces Land Revenue Act XVIII of 1881. All the recommendations of Commissioners for annulment of sales on the ground of hardship were accepted by the Board except in one case from Patna. In this case the defaulter, a Mutwalli of Waqf property, was in the habit of remitting in September the whole of the land revenue and cess due for the whole year though actually it was payable in four kists and his remittance in 1934 arrived after the sale had already taken place.

Working of the Public Demands Recovery Act IV of 1914.

APPENDIX VI.

12. Appendix VI gives the necessary statistics except those for the recovery of local cess. The total number of certificates filed in districts other than Angul and Sambalpur where the Act is not in force, increased from 57,771 in 1933-34 to 60,250 during the year. The increase was most noticeable in Saran and the three coastal districts of Orissa whereas there was a marked decrease in Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Palamau and Manbhum. The increase was due mainly to the non-payment of rent by tenants in Government and private estates. The decrease in Monghyr is attributed to the filing of few certificates in consequence of the earthquake and the flood and that in Bhagalpur to the release of the Tarak Nath estate from the management of the Court of Wards. The decrease in Palamau and Manbhum has not been explained.

The total number of cases for disposal, including 20,786 pending from the previous year, was 81,036, of which 58,048 or 71.6 per cent were disposed of against 72.2 per cent in 1933-34. The highest percentage (88.15) was recorded in Singhbhum and as in the previous year the lowest (50.68) in the Santal Parganas. 3,613 cases remained pending over six months as against 5,938 in 1933-34. The decrease was shared by all the divisions except Chota Nagpur.

The table below shows the stages at which demands were satisfied in the several divisions:—

Divisions.	Demands.					Demand not satisfied on imprisonment.
	On issue of orders.	On attachment of property.	On sale.	On issue of warrants.	On imprisonment.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Patna ..	1,995	4,893	1,304	543	9	14
Tirhut ...	8,879	5,848	6,117	272	3	24
Bhagalpur ...	915	3,198	853	324	11	23
Orissa ...	1,884	3,465	1,378	100	3	3
Chota Nagpur...	2,077	3,227	2.408	464	15	20
Total 1934-35	15,750	20,631	12,060	1,703	41	84
Total 1933-34	13,279	20,152	10,124	852	36	65

Sales were set aside in 3,358 cases against 2,626 in the preceding year. The number of sales (4,963) was again the largest in Champaran but in 1,299 cases sales were set aside, and every opportunity was given to the certificate debtors to save their lands.

In Sambalpur where Government dues are realised under section 94—113 of the Central Provinces Land Revenue Act XVIII of 1881, payment was made in one case only on issue of notice and in 901 cases on attachment of properties, while properties were actually sold in 17 cases.

Realisation of Government and other demands by imprisonment.

13. There were 125 cases against 101 in the preceding year in which certificate debtors were imprisoned for non-payment of Government and other demands. The demands were realised in full in 42 cases only and 10 persons in 10 cases were still in jail when the year closed. The certificate debtors were released without payment of the dues in 73 cases but 4 persons were released on furnishing security, 3 for non-payment of diet money and 8 at the request of the requisitioning officer as the demand was irrecoverable.

PART II.—ADMINISTRATION OF LAND REVENUE.

Agency and mode of management.

14. (*i*) There was no change of any importance in the agency and mode of management in Government estates, during the year. A Forest Officer worked for a period of two months in connection with the scheme of management of the Banskatti Mahal forest in Shahabad. His proposals are under consideration.

Mutations in Government estates.

APPENDIX VII.

(*ii*) The total number of mutations of various kinds registered during the year was 21,610 representing 5.04 per cent on the total number of tenancies against 2.97 per cent in the preceding year. Mutations were due chiefly to sale and succession and to a small degree to partition and gift. The standard of 8 per cent was not reached anywhere except in Champaran, in the Banki Government estate in Cuttack and in the Nayanand Birso estate in Balasore. The

falling off is attributed to local causes such as floods and to the fact that jamabandis in the estates which consist mostly of diara villages are revised every year.

Inspection of rent rolls.

APPENDIX VIII.

(*iii*) The percentages of rent rolls checked by the subordinate and the superior agencies were 31.79 and 11.63 of the total number of tenancies against 36.88 and 12.04, respectively, in the preceding year, and unreported mutations to the extent of 2,566 and 1,339 respectively were detected by them during the year. The prescribed standard of 50 per cent was not attained by the subordinate agency in Monghyr, Purnea, Cuttack and Puri, nor did the superior agency reach the standard of 15 per cent in Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and in the three coastal districts of Orissa.

Inspection of accounts.

(*iv*) The accounts of Government estates were mainly inspected by officers in charge and in some cases by the District and the Subdivisional Officers. No serious irregularities came to light. Four sarbarakars of the Banki Government estates in Cuttack were fined as some defects were found in their accounts and two sarbarakars of the Khurda Government estate in Puri were dismissed for misappropriation of Government revenue.

Grant for management of and for agricultural, sanitary and miscellaneous improvements in Government estates.

APPENDIX IX.

(*v*) Appendix IX furnishes the necessary details. A sum of Rs. 2,25,842 was spent on management and Rs. 1,07,345 on works of improvements in the Government estates during the year against Rs. 2,29,325 and Rs. 1,08,118, during 1933-34. The percentage of management charges accordingly fell from 9.9 to 9.7. The whole of the grant amounting to Rs. 44,269, sanctioned for works of improvement in the Santal Parganas, was placed at the disposal of the District Committee. In Angul the Bauli irrigation scheme was taken up during the year. The total amount spent on the project, during the year was Rs. 13,599. Singhbhum received a sum of Rs. 12,500, for works of improvement, including a special grant of Rs. 1,000 out of hide license fees in that district.

Education, roads and communications.

(*vi*) Grants at one and one and a half per cent on collections were, as usual, made to Government estates in Sambalpur and the Damin-i-koh Government estate in the Santal Parganas for expenditure on primary education, and on the improvement of roads and communications, respectively. In Sambalpur the one per cent grant for primary education amounted to Rs. 2,246, of which Rs. 2,138 was spent on stipends to teachers. In the Damin-i-koh, the one per cent grant amounted to Rs. 3,994, but the Santal Parganas District Committee spent Rs. 35,229. The Committee also spent Rs. 30,754 on roads and communications. The excess over the grant was met by the District Committee partly out of its own resources and partly from other grants placed at its disposal, including the surplus receipts from the cattle markets. In Singhbhum a sum of Rs. 6,852 was spent out of the improvement grant and Rs. 12,350 from the Kolhan Market Fund for repairs to important roads in Kolhan against Rs. 6,404 and Rs. 9,716, respectively, in the preceding year. In Angul a sum of Rs. 4,086 was spent in the Sadr subdivision and Rs. 7,242 in the Khondmals on roads and communications.

Conditions of raiyats in Government estates.

(*vii*) The general economic depression coupled with the failure of crops due to floods in some parts and to the scarcity of rain or untimely rain in others told heavily on the material condition of the people. The excessive floods of August 1934 destroyed the *bhadai* crops in Patna, Muzaffarpur and Saran while scarcity of rain at the time of *bhadai* cultivation and heavy rain and flood later caused considerable loss of crops in the Bhagalpur Division. Winter rice crop was affected by lack of rain in Hazaribagh and it is estimated that not less than 50 per cent of the same crop perished through

drought over the major portion of the estates in the district of Singhbhum. The *rabi* crops were partly damaged in Palamau by a pest known as *Harda* as a result of rainfall in January. On the other hand the tenants in the Orissa Division harvested fairly good crops. The outturn of *rabi* crop in Patna and that of paddy crop in Ranchi was fair. Both the *rabi* and the paddy crops were also very good in Gaya and particularly in the diaras and the canal areas in Shahabad. The lac crop was fair in Palamau but the cultivation was limited. It, however, suffered in Ranchi because of climatic conditions. The Commissioner of Chota Nagpur writes that the present uncertain state of the lac market on which so many cultivators depend for bringing their income above the margin of subsistence, is unfortunate. The shortage of crops in Singhbhum has led to a contraction of buying and selling in the local market, the standard of living being appreciably lower than that of the preceding year. The provision of some additional work on roads and *bandhs* and the distribution of agricultural loans which have been undertaken will, however, materially temper the distress and afford all the relief necessary.

The general health of the people was, on the whole, good. The incidence of disease among men and cattle in Singhbhum is reported to be much the same as in the previous year. A virulent epidemic of cholera raged throughout Palamau and caused heavy mortality from April to August. Cattle-disease and smallpox were also reported but not in a very severe form. There were some cases of cholera in the Bihar subdivision in Patna and of smallpox and cholera in Shahabad, in the Cuttack town in the Banki Government estate and in Angul. In Balasore cholera broke out in epidemic form in some villages in the Bhadrak subdivision. Smallpox also broke out in Puri and malaria in the Khondmals. Timely preventive measures stopped the spread of the disease.

Sale of Government estates.

APPENDIX X.

15. One Government estate with an annual land revenue demand of Rs. 1-5-0 in Monghyr and some relinquished railway lands in Saran, Champaran, Darbhanga and Bhagalpur were sold during the year. The details are given in Appendix X.

Amount of land revenue assigned or alienated.

APPENDIX XII.

16. There was no case of assignment or alienation of land revenue during the year.

Partition.

APPENDIX XIII.

17. The total number of partition cases for disposal and the number instituted and disposed of during the year were 995, 241 and 244 against 1,019, 240 and 265, respectively, in the previous year. The number of cases pending at the close of the year and the number pending for over three and six years fell from 754, 141 and 52 to 751, 137 and 38, respectively, while the number of cases pending for over nine years rose from 10 to 14, of which 11 cases are in Monghyr. The order of injunction issued by the civil court in respect of the oldest pending case relating to Manopur estate in Monghyr, which was instituted in 1915-16, has been withdrawn and the case is now in progress.

Whole-time partition officers were employed in Gaya, Saran, Muzaffarpur and Monghyr and half-time officers in Patna, Shahabad, Darbhanga and Cuttack.

Partition funds exist in all the districts of the Patna and Tirhut Divisions except Champaran and in the districts of Monghyr, Bhagalpur and Cuttack. The accounts of all these funds except those in Shahabad and Bhagalpur were audited during the year by the Examiner of Local Accounts. In other districts the accounts were, as usual, audited by the Treasury Officers.

Separate accounts of land revenue payments under Act XI of 1859 and Act VII of 1876, and registration of tenures under Act XI of 1859.

APPENDIX XIV.

18. Act XI of 1859 and Act VII of 1876 are not in force in Angul and Sambalpur and there were no operations under these Acts in Ranchi, Manbhum and Singhbhum during the year. The number of separate accounts existing, open and closed during the year is given in Appendix XIV.

The Commissioner of Bhagalpur draws attention to the comparatively small number of accounts open under section 11 of Act XI of 1859. In this year's statement it is only 833 for a revenue demand of Rs. 20,386 as against 12,510 accounts for a revenue demand of Rs. 12,03,879 under section 10 of the Act and 1,555 accounts for a demand of Rs. 81,853 open under section 70 of Act VII of 1876. He considers that it is improbable that this really represents the state of affairs in the division and that when a landlord has a separate *patti* representing his interest in the estate in annas and pies he opens his separate account for his recorded share and not for his specific lands. Accounts under section 11 are possibly confined to cases where the proprietor cannot describe his share in annas and pies.

The Commissioner also comments on the practice in some districts of opening separate accounts for shares from which arrears of revenue are due and considers that it is sound to refuse to open an account until all revenue due from the share has been paid up. The Board agrees with the Commissioner.

Land registration.

APPENDIX XV.

19. The statistics of intermediate registrations under Bengal Act VII of 1876 are given in Appendix XV. The total number of interests entered in land registration registers rose from 1,023,138 to 1,027,409. The number of applications pending at the close of the year rose from 7,339 to 10,366: the increase is shared by all the districts except the Santal Parganas, Puri, Hazaribagh, Manbhum and Singhbhum. The number of cases pending over six months increased from 30 to 172 mainly in the districts of Patna (76), Gaya (53), Muzaffarpur (9), Bhagalpur (12) and Palamau (7). No special reasons have been assigned for the delay in the disposal of the cases except for Gaya where it is attributed to non-service of notices and failure on the part of the applicants to file documentary evidence. One case of fraudulent registration was detected in Gaya: the fraudulent entries made in Register D were subsequently cancelled by the Collector under section 85 of the Land Registration Act.

In Sambalpur, 609 mutation cases were registered under section 125 of the Central Provinces Land Revenue Act XVIII of 1881 and the rules thereunder against 495 in 1933-34.

Land acquisition.

APPENDIX XVI.

20. During the year 278 acres of land were acquired for public purposes at a cost of Rs. 1,51,428. The particulars are given in Appendix XVI. The average cost per acre was Rs. 544 against Rs. 665 in 1933-34.

Survey and settlement.

APPENDICES XVII AND XVIII.

21. A detailed account of survey and settlement operations under the Director of Land Records and Surveys is given in his report for the year ending the 30th September 1934. Revision settlement operations were in progress in the Santal Parganas, Ranchi and in pargana Dhalbhum in the district of Singhbhum. The survey of the Patna City Municipality and the revisional settlement of Porahat were concluded during the year; operation for the assessment to revenue of the unassessed area of public domain in Shahabad was also completed, the proposals for assessment of the different blocks being submitted by the Collector to the Board. A survey of lands damaged by the earthquake in North Bihar was also undertaken during the year.

Appendix XVII gives details of all minor settlement operations under the control of the Commissioners. In the Patna Division 13 estates against

11 were re-settled resulting in a decrease of revenue of Rs. 1,275 of which Patna is responsible for Rs. 1,225. The decrease in Patna has not been accounted for. The settlement of Mahal Dumra mentioned in the last year's report was still pending for execution of kabuliyats by the tenure-holders. In Shahabad the survey and settlement of two Government estates Rajapur Taufir and Belarpur and one temporarily-settled estate Bheria Taufir was in progress. In the Tirhut Division 46 estates were taken up for settlement, of which 30 were disposed of against 48 and 33 respectively in the preceding year. There was a net decrease of revenue of Rs. 2,794, which is shared by Saran, Muzaffarpur and Darbhanga. The decrease of Rs. 1,325 in Darbhanga is reported to be due to deterioration of the soil on account of the fluvial action of the Ganges. No explanation has been furnished for the decrease of Rs. 1,459 in Saran. In Saran the survey and settlement operations in the Government estate Diara Singhai and in two private estates Baijalpur and Panapur were in progress. The operation in Government estates Chaki Sohagpur, Dumri Kalan 4 annas and Saidigri in Muzaffarpur mentioned in the last year's report was pending for final settlement of boundaries with the villages of the Saran district. In Bhagalpur Division 20 settlements were effected against the same number in the preceding year resulting in a net increase of revenue of Rs. 2,079.

Irrigation and drainage.

22. The drainage scheme of the Kadam Kuan khas mahal in Patna is included in the elaborate sewerage scheme for the western part of the town, which is under construction by the Public Health Department. There were 21 cases in Gaya under the Private Irrigation Works Act V of 1922, including 12 cases pending from last year. 15 cases were disposed of. In Bhagalpur the Executive Engineer's file regarding the Kajhia Danr scheme referred to in the last year's report has been destroyed by the earthquake and no one has since applied for any further action to be taken in the matter. The case of Borachak Hemza started last year has been struck off as the petitioner did not pursue it. The Sonola Tarar scheme, which was being dealt with by the Co-operative Societies, is still incomplete. A case has been reported for opening a new Danr in Bhagalpur known as Bhikadeh Danr and is under preliminary investigation.

Embankments.

23. There are six principal embankments in the province maintained by Revenue Officers. Of these the Ganges embankment in Darbhanga, the Monghyr, the Gupta and the Gogri embankments in Monghyr and the Chandan embankments in Bhagalpur are maintained under the *takavi* system and the Gandak embankment in the Tirhut Division under the contract system. Out of a total demand of Rs. 1,50,745 on account of the Gandak and Rs. 3,076 for the Ganges embankments, Rs. 67,948 and Rs. 706 respectively were realised and the balance is in course of realisation, where necessary, by certificates. Out of Rs. 5,053 outstanding in Monghyr Rs. 1,228 was realised leaving a balance of Rs. 3,825. With regard to the proposal for demolition of all the embankments on both sides of the Teljuga and the Balan rivers mentioned in the previous year's report, orders have been passed by Government to prepare plans, estimates of cost of removal and list of villages and estates likely to be affected and chargeable in respect of expenses and to publish fresh notices under sections 7 and 8 of the Embankment Act.

Waste lands.

24. A total area of 2026.059 acres of waste lands was settled in Government estates in Gaya, Cuttack, Puri, Angul, Palamau and Singhbhum. In Gaya 12.26 acres were settled at a rental of Rs. 18-12-0, and in Cuttack 23.12 acres of land of the Banki Government estate at a rental of Rs. 52-12-0. In Puri 197.024 acres of land of the Khurda Government estate were settled at a rental of Rs. 456, while in the Kodhar and in the Balukhand Government estates 1.240 and 0.225 acres were settled at rentals of Rs. 3 and Rs. 43, respectively. In Angul 1570.89 acres were settled at a rental of Rs. 1,025 and in the Khondmals the rental of the lands settled amounted to Rs. 9-12-8. In Palamau 213.54 acres of waste lands were reclaimed by the tenants and were assessed to rent amounting to Rs. 243-6-9.

In Singhbhum 7.76 acres of waste lands were settled at an annual rental of Rs. 221-13-3. Cases of unauthorised cultivation were detected in Cuttack and Angul Sadr and the encroachers were generally made to relinquish the lands. In 34 cases lands were leased in Angul Sadr to encroachers on payment of royalty, compensation and mutation fee and criminal prosecutions were instituted against the encroachers on their refusal to vacate the lands encroached upon in 28 cases of which 17 ended in conviction and 11 in acquittal. The total amount of fine imposed on the accused was Rs. 46.

Village *rakhats*.

24A. Village *rakhats* exist at present only in the districts of Ranchi, Palamau, Manbhum and the Santal Parganas.

In Ranchi no new *rakhat* was formed during the year under report. The newly introduced village *rakhat* system does not yet appear to have found favour with the people, because they either did not realise its importance and advantages or were unable to give up their old habit of indiscriminate cutting and waste of timber. There were indications of unwillingness among the villagers themselves to prosecute trespassers doing damage in such village *rakhats*. There were no civil suits in respect of these *rakhats* but 23 criminal cases were instituted, some by the maliks and some by the tenants against trespassers of which eleven ended in conviction. The utility of the system as protection against denudation of jungles has yet to be demonstrated. The *panches* appointed for the purpose appeared to take interest and look after the *rakhats*. In some villages where no *panchayats* existed trees have been cut and the jungle has been converted into paddy fields. Attempts are being made by local officers to form *panchayats* where they did not exist.

In Palamau, as reported last year, a register and maps showing the village *rakhats* recorded during the last survey and settlement operations were prepared and made over to the subdivisional officers for inspection during their tours. The Sadr Subdivisional Officer who inspected only three village *rakhats* was satisfied that the landlords were maintaining them in proper condition. In Latehar subdivision it is reported that the area of the *rakhat* jungles is gradually decreasing owing to encroachments made by raiyats and the wanton destruction of trees by tenants and landlords for house-building and agricultural purposes. There is no *rakhat* jungle in the khas mahal area.

The *rakhats* in Manbhum mostly belong to the landlords who generally sell trees once in three years. There being no specific rule binding on the owners no control over them could be exercised. In the Santal Parganas these village *rakhats* are chiefly located in the subdivisions of Dumka and Deoghar. They are looked after by the village officials, such as headmen and chaukidars, who are primarily responsible for their maintenance. The Subdivisional Officer of Deoghar received from the Settlement Department a register showing the plot numbers and areas of the jungle plots recorded as khas reserves or excluded from the village under section 15, Regulation III of 1872. Steps are being taken to see that the reserved plots are not encroached upon by the villagers and the Kanungo and the Subdivisional Officer during their tours inspected these jungles whenever possible. Steps are also being taken in the Dumka subdivision by the zamindars for the proper preservation of their reserve forests. Several cases of jungle-cutting were reported and the offenders were adequately punished by fines under section 28 of Regulation III of 1872.

Advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act XIX of 1883.

APPENDIX XIX.

25. Statistics of loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act are given in Appendix XIX. No loans under the Act were outstanding at the commencement of the year in the districts of Shahabad, Champaran, Purnea, Cuttack, Balasore and Angul. Rs. 28,994 was distributed only in nine districts of the province, viz. Gaya (Rs. 400), Santal Parganas (Rs. 4,000), Angul (Rs. 800), Puri (Rs. 11,700), Sambalpur (Rs. 1,360), Ranchi (Rs. 1,775), Palamau (Rs. 1,300), Manbhum (Rs. 4,539)

and Singhbhum (Rs. 3,120). A sum of Rs. 32,386 towards principal and Rs. 4,850 towards interest were collected during the year and Rs. 369 remitted on account of principal in the district of Ranchi. The total balance of principal and interest overdue at the close of the year was Rs. 24,986, which is in course of realisation.

Advances under the Agriculturists' Loans Act XII of 1884.

APPENDIX XX.

26. Statistics of loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act are given in Appendix XX. No loans were outstanding at the commencement of the year in the district of Patna nor were any loans advanced during the year in the districts of Hazaribagh and Ranchi. Of the total sum of Rs. 42,79,312 advanced during the year, Rs. 34,20,672 were given out in the Tirhut Division alone. In Saran, Rs. 1,11,518 was advanced as ordinary loans and Rs. 45,000 as loans to planters and big zamindars on account of the distress caused by the earthquake. There was no advance of ordinary loans in Champaran but Rs. 9,40,718 was distributed for sand clearance, Rs. 1,39,200 was given out to the planters and big zamindars and Rs. 44,810 to petty zamindars. In Muzaffarpur advances of ordinary loans amounted to Rs. 49,710 while Rs. 2,87,800 were given out to zamindars and planters, Rs. 8,500 to sugar-cane growers and Rs. 13,17,689 for sand clearance. In Darbhanga, out of the total sum of Rs. 4,75,727 advanced Rs. 14,323 was given out as ordinary loans and Rs. 96,004 for sand clearance. Including arrears the amount of principal due for collection was Rs. 6,54,626, of which Rs. 3,36,584 was collected and Rs. 13 remitted; a sum of Rs. 252 was paid in advance by the borrowers and the collection of Rs. 57,852 was suspended. A sum of Rs. 57,321 was due for collection on account of interest but Rs. 29,352 only were collected and the collection of Rs. 3,365 was held in suspense. A sum of Rs. 2,60,177 principal and Rs. 24,604 interest remained outstanding at the close of the year.

PART III—RENT.

Suits under rent laws before revenue courts (Orissa and Chota Nagpur Divisions).

APPENDIX XXI.

27. The total number of suits of all kinds instituted during the year increased from 1,39,943 in 1933-34 to 1,55,008. 19,490 remained pending at the close of the year. The increase is shared more or less by all the districts in the Orissa and the Chota Nagpur Divisions except Hazaribagh and Ranchi, being the largest in Balasore where the number instituted was 34,003 against 28,310 in the previous year. The increase is attributed to the present economic depression. In Hazaribagh and Ranchi the decrease is due to the fact that there was no *tamadi* day during the year under report. Rent suits are generally filed at the time of *tamadi* to save limitation.

Operation of penal provisions of Bengal Act VI of 1908 and Bihar and Orissa Act II of 1913 (Chota Nagpur and Orissa Divisions only).

APPENDIX XXII.

28. The statistics relating to the operation of the penal provisions of the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act and the Orissa Tenancy Act are given in the appendix and do not call for any special remarks. The increase in the total number of suits by 39 per cent in Ranchi is, however, noticeable.

Bengal Tenancy Act.

APPENDIX XXIII.

29. The working of some of the more important sections of Bengal Tenancy Act has been detailed in Appendix XXIII. The total number of applications in the Patna Division for commutation of produce rents into cash rents was 954 including 437 cases pending from the preceding year. Of these 612 cases were disposed of during the year, viz., 160 in Patna, 415 in Gaya and 37 in Shahabad. In the Tirhut Division the number of applications for commutation, including 29 cases pending from last year and one case remanded on appeal, was 136 against 170 in 1933-34. Out of these 71 cases were disposed of leaving 65 pending at the close of the year. In the

Bhagalpur Division the number of applications fell from 73 to 35, the decrease being most marked in Monghyr where the number of applications decreased from 61 to 28 during the year under report. The total number of cases under section 58 against landlords for failure to grant rent receipts fell from 111 to 58 in the Patna, Tirhut and Bhagalpur divisions. The Collector of Monghyr reports that as a rule no receipt is granted by landlords for produce rent, but some instances were noticed where raiyats themselves had declined to take rent receipts, fearing that these might be used as evidence in commutation proceedings. In the Santal Parganas where sections 56 and 58 only of the Bengal Tenancy Act are in force, there were 40 cases for disposal including 10 cases pending from the previous year. Of these 32 cases were disposed of. 10 cases were amicably settled. In two cases Pradhans were fined and in two cases they were warned. In the remaining cases no action was considered necessary as the cases failed either for non-prosecution or for want of evidence. The number of cases instituted under sections 69 and 70 of the Act, in Patna, Tirhut and Bhagalpur Divisions was 604, 112 and 39 respectively against 548, 33 and 80 in the previous year.

A statement of proceedings* under the Santal Parganas Regulations II of 1886 and III of 1872 and section 58 of the Bengal Tenancy Act is enclosed.

*Not printed.

Orissa Tenancy Act.

APPENDIX XXIV.

30. There were 184 applications filed against 171 in the preceding year for registration of transfer of tenures and holdings. As in the preceding year only five applications were filed for commutation of produce rent. The fall in the prices of food grains has led to the gradual diminution in the number of these cases in Orissa. For withholding rent-receipts, nine cases were filed in Cuttack, three in Balasore and two in Puri. Out of nine cases in Cuttack landlords were fined in four and three cases were compromised out of court and two cases were pending at the close of the year. In Balasore, out of ten cases including seven pending from last year, landlords were let off with warning in six cases and in one case the landlord was fined Rs. 50. Of the remaining three cases two were compromised, and one was dismissed as the landlord's agent was not found guilty. In Puri the landlords were fined in both the cases. The number of applications for deposit of rent was 90 in Cuttack, 98 in Balasore and 116 in Puri against 107, 30 and 100 respectively in the preceding year. The increase in Balasore was conspicuous, but the District Officer has given no reasons for it. In Puri the increase is ascribed to friction between the proprietor of the Balanga estate and his tenants. The number of cases instituted for appraisement of crops was 51 against 24 in the year before. The number of applications under section 98 for resumption of raiyati holdings was 102 against 75 in 1933-34. In Cuttack applications for aid in distraint were 125 against 96 in the previous year. No such application was made either in Balasore or Puri. There were 23 applications in Puri including 2 pending from last year for revival of *ex parte* decrees. Of these 12 were decided in favour of the plaintiffs, 8 in favour of the defendants and 3 remained pending.

A statement in Form L* prescribed for the Central Provinces Land Revenue Administration, showing the land revenue business in the district of Sambalpur is enclosed.

*Not printed.

Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act.

APPENDIX XXV.

31. The total number of applications under section 46(6) of the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act received during the year under review was 1,101 against 1,168 in the preceding year, viz., 265 against 342 in Hazaribagh, 144 against 132 in Ranchi, 26 against 40 in Palamau, 602 against 559 in Manbhum and 64 against 95 in Singhbhum. The increase in Manbhum and Ranchi is mainly due to the general economic depression; in Ranchi the need of money for payment of settlement cost is also partly responsible for the increase. There were 24 applications for restoration of possession under section 46(4)

against 9 and 16 in the two preceding years. The total number of cases under section 54 for failure to grant proper rent receipts was 55 against 74 and 61 in 1932-33 and 1933-34 respectively. The decrease is shared by all the districts except Hazaribagh where the number of cases rose from 9 to 10. Of the 10 cases in Hazaribagh, in one case the landlord was fined, two were compromised, one was dropped and in three cases the landlords were discharged including one in which the defendant was allowed costs and three remained pending at the close of the year. In Ranchi rent receipts were rarely granted for produce rents and the zamindars who were found guilty were severely dealt with under section 54. The practice of withholding receipts in respect of price of Sajha paddy had been fairly common but is slowly decreasing as a result of action taken against the offenders. In Palamau the number of cases for disposal was 22 including 3 cases pending from last year. Altogether 15 cases were disposed of. In three cases the landlords were fined, five cases were struck off for failure of the applicants to proceed with the cases, five cases were rejected for want of proof and two cases were compromised out of court. In Manbhum the landlords were fined in all the three cases, the tenant being allowed compensation in one. There was only one case in Singhbhum in which the landlord was fined. Applications for deposit of rent rose from 1,736 to 1,884, the increase being most marked in Hazaribagh, Ranchi, Manbhum and Singhbhum. Notices of surrender under section 72 fell from 140 to 127, while those for resumption of raiyati holdings under section 73(2) increased from 185 to 222 in the year under report. The number of applications under section 50 for acquisition of tenants' interest for building and other purposes was 12 against 16 in the preceding year.

Remittance of rent by money orders.

APPENDIX XXVI.

32. With the exception of the districts of the Santal Parganas and Angul, the system of payment of rent by money orders continued to be in force in all the other districts of the province. The number of such money orders issued during the year increased in Patna, Tirhut and Bhagalpur but decreased in the other two divisions, the number issued throughout the province being 30,147 against 26,977 in 1933-34. The decrease was distinctly noticeable in the districts of Puri and Hazaribagh where the number fell from 1,601 and 884 to 1,352, and 784 respectively. The heavy fall in the district of Puri occurred in both the subdivisions of Sadr and Khurda. In the former it was mainly due to the suspension of rent in the flood-affected parts while in the latter it was due to the fact that the *sarbarakars* had to come to the headquarters very frequently during the kist times and they were able to deposit money personally into the sub-treasury. There was an all-round increase in the number of such money orders issued in all the districts of Patna, Tirhut and Bhagalpur divisions except in Shahabad and Saran. The increase from 1,294 to 1,719 in Darbhanga is due to the fact that the tenants did not get their names mutated in the landlords' register to avoid payment of *salami*, etc., and wanted to get recognition by payment of rent by money order. No special reason has been assigned for the fluctuations in other districts. All the remittances in Manbhum (5), Singhbhum (473) and Sambalpur (136) were accepted. It is unsatisfactory to note that the provincial percentage of money orders refused rose from 13.57 to 14.11 being heaviest in the Tirhut Division particularly in Muzaffarpur where it rose from 18.64 to 25.47. Refusals were generally due either to disputes about the amount payable or to non-payment of the full demand or to the payments being made by persons other than the recorded tenants. As in the last year no payment of money order was made in the district of Ranchi.

Zamindari *abwabs* or illegal exactions.

33. There were no formal complaints of illegal exactions from any of the districts in the Patna, Tirhut and Bhagalpur divisions except Purnea where two complaints were received during the year under report. These were investigated by gazetted officers and steps were taken to stop such impositions. The Collector of Monghyr reports that in the Jamui subdivision *abwabs* are extensively realised in all estates with the notable exception of Khaira but even that estate, like the others, levies *tahrir* to *amlas*. The

custom of exaction of ghee and goats on the occasion of Durga Puja festival prevails in almost all the larger estates and so does the system of *begari*, though not on an extensive scale now. *Khoraki* at different rates is charged in most of the estates by peons sent out to call tenants to pay rent but the rate in the Gidhaur Raj is generally exorbitant. That estate was found to have been realising excess rent of 2 annas in the rupee in certain villages for the last six years, promising the tenants the construction of certain works of irrigation which was never fulfilled. The Collector asked the Maharaja to stop the collection of such excess rent forthwith, and the Maharaja has replied that necessary orders have been issued. The Commissioner of Bhagalpur observes that, on the whole, there is a considerable decrease in the exaction of unlawful additions to the rent by landlords themselves because, in present economic conditions, they find it difficult to realise their legal demands without attempting to exact anything in excess of them.

In Orissa though no complaints were received, *abwabs* continue to be levied in various forms, as described in the reports for previous years. These are, however, reported to be gradually disappearing with the spread of education. The practice followed by the Aul estate in Cuttack of realising one pice for each rent receipt granted to tenants, reported last year, has since been discontinued.

No case of realisation of *abwabs* was reported from the districts of Manbhum and Singhbhum. In Palamau, the enquiry into complaints made to the Sadr Subdivisional Officer during his tour about the realisation of *kharchari* (grazing fee) and other kinds of *abwabs* by the servants and *thicadars* of Deogan estate, mentioned in the last year's report, was completed and it was found that the estate is entitled to realise grazing fees and that the complaint was exaggerated. Certain illegal exactions from persons attending the bazar at Hariharganj were noticed and stopped after due hearing. There were 19 cases under section 63 of the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act for disposal including 16 cases brought forward from the last year, all of which were either rejected or withdrawn with the exception of one case in which the Deputy Commissioner found that the application of the tenants was false and vexatious and awarded Rs. 10 as compensation to the landlords. In Hazaribagh of 13 cases instituted under section 63 of the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act, 6 were allowed to be withdrawn and in 3 cases the landlord was fined. In the remaining 4 cases, the complaint was not proved. In Ranchi there were few cases of exaction of *abwabs*. Proceedings under section 63 were mostly instituted for illegal exactions of other kinds. Some of the proceedings were started by the Assistant Settlement Officers for exaction of *salami* from tenants inheriting lawfully from their agnatic relations.

Relations between landlords and tenants.

34. In Patna the relations between landlords and tenants were unsatisfactory in the Bihar and Dinapur subdivisions. In the former the gradual disintegration of the *bhaoli* system and the failure of the landlords to maintain irrigation works were partly responsible for the strained relations and these were aggravated by the inability of tenants whose rents were commuted at high rates to pay their rents owing to the low prices of agricultural produce. In the Dinapur subdivision the landlords are reported to be unprogressive and harsh in their dealings with their tenants. In Gaya the relationship was also unsatisfactory. Commutation is reported to have aggravated the situation mainly because the tenants find it difficult to pay cash rents which were fixed at a time when grain was dear. Appraisement is generally high and the tenants are hopelessly in the hands of dishonest *amlas* and in most cases of dishonest proprietors. Few cases under section 58 are instituted as the tenants can seldom prove their case and a petition under this section generally leads to a suit for four years' rent in which a tenant who cannot produce a rent receipt, is seldom believed in the civil court. In Shahabad the relationship continued to be satisfactory in the khas mahals except in the Salempur diara and Rajapur Taufir, the tenants of which are reported to be refractory and owe large arrears of rent. It is expected that in Rajapur Taufir the situation will improve after the

fair rent settlement which is now in progress. As mentioned in the last year's report in the villages within the Kaimur hills there was some discontent among the tenants partly on account of an attempt to assess *kabil lagan* lands and partly on account of the demand for grazing fees. Under the orders of the Commissioner, the assessment of *kabil lagan* lands was abandoned and the rate of grazing fees reduced. This has improved the situation. In this district the relations between private landlords and their tenants show the same symptoms of stress as in the other districts of the Division. During the year under review reports were received of friction between landlords of the Sadr subdivision and their *razil* tenants as some of the tenants belonging to the lower castes objected to perform the menial services expected of them in return for their *basti* holdings. The Commissioner remarks that in this district absentee landlordism is on the increase and a number of villages are held by zamindars who reside either in Patna or Arrah. In such estates there is always a danger of serious trouble owing to lack of contact between the landlords and tenants.

In the Tirhut Division the relations between landlords and tenants were satisfactory and the year was signally free from serious differences between the parties. Owing to the earthquake tenants fell into arrears with rent and cess and it was to the credit of the landlords that little pressure was put upon tenants to recover the arrears. There was, however, one complaint in Champaran against the Ramnagar Raj for highhandedness in the collection of rent.

In Bhagalpur the relationship was satisfactory on the whole though in the Sadr subdivision disputes between Rai Bahadur Sukhraj Rai and his tenants about possession of land continued to be troublesome. In the Banka subdivision there was a good deal of recrimination between landlords and tenants about the failure to pay rent, the tenants charging the landlords as responsible for the difficulties of the tenants owing to their disregard for irrigation. In the Begusarai and Jamui subdivisions of the district of Monghyr the relations continued to be the same as in the previous year but there was some improvement in the Gidhaur estate. In the Khaira estate the relationship was cordial, in Chakai estate they were strained and also in the Sikandra area in Monghyr where trouble arose from the sale of holdings for arrear of rent and the refusal of raiyats to yield possession. In Purnea the relation between landlords and tenants was not altogether cordial mainly because the tenants are generally unwilling to pay rent, though able to do so, until coercive measures are taken. The special system of the Santal Parganas regulates and controls the relation between landlord and tenant. The whole area with the exception of the diaras is settled under Regulation III of 1872 and the rents are fixed at known rates which cannot be exceeded. The rights of landlord and tenant are recorded in a record-of-rights which is understood by all and firmly maintained by the authorities. Over the greater part of the district the headman still intervenes between landlord and tenant though one of the effects of the recent economic depression has been a serious inroad on the system. The Subdivisional Officer of Deoghar reports that the affairs in some of the Ghatwali estates still continue to be unsatisfactory. The Ghatwals are at present burdened with settlement costs and the root of the trouble is probably the Ghatwal's need of money and an underpaid staff.

In Orissa the relation between the landlords and tenants was, on the whole, satisfactory except in a few estates or parts of estates. The ill-feeling between the proprietor and the tenants of the Aul estate continued in the ring bund area in the Kendrapara subdivision of Cuttack. In Puri the long-standing dispute between the tenants and the Superintendent of Jagannath Temple, who is the landlord of the Ekhrajat Mahal, continued regarding the right of landlord to collect 25 per cent of the consideration money as mutation fee in spite of a judicial decision of the High Court in favour of the landlord.

Relations between tenants and landlords were, on the whole, good in Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Manbhum. In the Chatra subdivision in Hazaribagh the *thicadars* of villages are reported to be generally the worst

offenders in estranging the feelings of raiyats. They squeeze the raiyats in order to make the most out of their *thica*. The relationship was not good in Palamau where some trouble was gratuitously stirred up by the local Congress leaders, especially in Chainpur estate, but in certain other estates the tenants had genuine grievances. Owing to the change of Managers the affairs of the Ranka Raj were unsatisfactory and the Deputy Commissioner has been impressing upon the Raja Bahadur the importance of appointing a responsible Manager. Relations were bad in the Deogan estate where Mosammat Jamuna Kuer, as the guardian of the minor, is engaged in complicated litigation. She is in the habit of changing her Managers every few months, keeping them only so long as they are able to squeeze out as much money as she requires for litigation out of the tenants. There was some tension between the landlords and tenants of the Chhechari estates over the question of *tangi* tax levied on villagers for taking firewood and timber for domestic use from the estate jungles. The tension has since been eased by the orders of the Subdivisional Officer fixing 4 annas as the *tangi* tax. In the Dhalbhum estate in Singhbhum the methods adopted by the Manager to improve the finances of the estate were not always straightforward or sympathetic towards the tenantry.

PART IV.—LOCAL CESS.

Rate of local cess.

35. (*i*) Local cess continued to be levied at the maximum rate of one anna in the rupee throughout the province except in the districts of Angul and Sambalpur and in the Damin-i-koh Government estate in the Santal Parganas, where the Cess Act is not in force. In Sambalpur the rates for the maintenance of roads and schools are levied in a lump sum and of the demand of Rs. 25,176, a sum of Rs. 25,059 was realised leaving a balance of Rs. 117.

Demands, collections, balances and remissions.

APPENDIX XXVIII.

(*ii*) The following table shows the demands, collections and balances for the last three years :—

Year.	Demands. Current.	Demands. Arrear.	Demands. Total.	Collection.	Percentage of total collection on the current demand.	Balance.	Percentage of balance on total demand.	Remission.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1932-33 ...	79,67,100	21,35,762	1,01,02,862	77,11,704	96·79	23,70,099	23·45	69,677
1933-34 ...	79,42,886	23,47,358	1,02,90,244	74,97,760	94·39	27,87,787	26·46	10,277
1934-35 ...	79,01,002	27,84,153	1,06,85,155	82,77,699	104·76	21,36,217	22·80	2,680

Current demand.

The current demand showed a net decrease of Rs. 41,884. The decrease was shared by all the districts except Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Cuttack and Puri, but it mainly occurred in the districts of the Chota Nagpur Division (Rs. 37,719) owing to reductions in the cess on mines in the annual revision of assessment on account of slump in trade.

Collection and balance.

The provincial percentage of total collection on current demand (104.76) exceeded the prescribed standard of 100 per cent. The standard was not attained in five districts—Saran (99.45), Monghyr (98.56), Bhagalpur (97.45), Manbhum (98.00) and Singhbhum (90.97). No special reasons have been assigned for slight fall in the percentage in Saran, Monghyr and Bhagalpur.

Short collection in Manbhum and Singhbhum is reported to be due to dullness in the coal market and the general trade depression. The collection improved considerably in Purnea: the total collection exceeded by about 32 per cent the current demand: the arrears (Rs. 4,85,965) are, however, still very heavy and all possible measures are being taken to reduce them: one of the defaulting estates has been attached under section 99 of the Cess Act. The total balance outstanding at the close of the year was reduced from Rs. 27,87,787 to Rs. 24,36,217.

Remission and reduction.

The actual remission granted during the year amounted to Rs. 2,680 against Rs. 10,277 in the preceding year. A reduction of Rs. 1,35,199 was made in the demand mainly on account of the annual revision of assessment of forests and mines, etc.

Working of certificate procedure.

APPENDIX XXIX.

(*iii*) The number of certificates filed for realisation of cess rose from 62,439 to 71,488: the increase occurred in eleven districts but was confined mainly to Gaya, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Cuttack and Balasore and of the decrease in eight districts it was chiefly noticeable in Patna and Darbhanga. The total number of certificates for disposal including 18,997 pending from the previous years rose from 83,180 to 90,485 and the number of cases disposed of and pending at the close of the year from 64,183 and 18,997 to 68,676 and 21,809, respectively. There was slight increase also in the number of cases pending for more than six months from 2,094 to 2,101.

Objections against certificates.

The total number of objections against certificates filed and disposed of was 8,396 and 8,284, respectively, against 10,386 and 10,326 in the preceding year. Certificates were cancelled in 911 cases due either to the non-liability of the certificate debtors or to the payment of arrears before the issue of certificates. The number of cases in which the certificated demand was modified was 394 against 183 in the preceding year.

Stages of procedure at which demands were satisfied.

Demands were satisfied on the issue of preliminary notices, warrants of attachment and warrants of arrest in 17,305, 9,483 and 416 cases, respectively. Notices for sale of the defaulters' movable and immovable properties and proclamation of sale of such properties induced payments in 25,228, 8,090 and 640 cases, respectively. In 2,375 cases recourse to actual sale was necessary. The sales were set aside in 753 cases under sections 28, 29 and 30 of the Certificate Act.

Valuation and revaluation.

APPENDIX XXXII.

(*iv*) Details of the revaluation work done during the year are given in Appendix XXXII. Revaluation of the Khunti subdivision of the Ranchi district was taken up and completed during the year but some revision of the assessment has to be made in the case of Mundari Khuntkattidars.

Separate accounts for revenue-paying and revenue-free estates.

APPENDIX XXX.

(*v*) The number of separate accounts opened during the year was 1,717 for revenue-paying estates and 50 for revenue-free estates, the total number remaining open at the close of the year being 83,454 and 2,810, respectively. Details are given in Appendix XXX. The provisions of section 46, clause 2 of the Cess Act authorising the opening of separate accounts in revenue-free estates have not been extended to the Orissa Division.

Estates, tenures, and share-holders and gross rental.

APPENDIX XXXI.

(*vi*) The number of revenue-paying and revenue-free estates increased by 1,521 and 42, respectively, due mainly to the formation of new estates by partition and the opening of separate accounts. The number of rent-free lands decreased by 3. There was an increase of 26,231 in the number of recorded share-holders of

estates: the increase mainly occurred in Shahabad (22,205). The number of tenures and their recorded share-holders increased slightly by 5 and 24, respectively.

There was a net decrease of Rs. 5,07,950 in the valuation or gross cess-bearing rental of the province. The valuation decreased in eight districts and increased in four others, while there was no change in the valuation in the remaining seven districts. The decrease occurred mainly in Hazaribagh (Rs. 1,46,928), Manbhum (Rs. 2,95,888) and Singhbhum (Rs. 1,28,256) owing to the slump in coal, mica and lac trades and to the general economic depression. The gross rentals of the districts of the Santal Parganas and Puri increased by Rs. 1,47,072 and Rs. 35,575, respectively, owing to the revaluation of certain estates.

PART V.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Tours and inspections.

36. *Commissioners.*—In Patna Mr. Middleton was out on tour for 61 days and inspected two out of three district offices and four out of ten subdivisional offices. In Tirhut Mr. Scott toured for 130 days including the period spent in attending the autumn session of the Bihar and Orissa Legislative Council at Ranchi. The Maharani of Bettiah was visited by him twice at Allahabad during the year. All the district and subdivisional offices except that at Sitamarhi were inspected by Mr. Scott or by Rai Bahadur C. C. Mukharji. In Bhagalpur Messrs. Dain and Cousins were on tour for 102 days. They inspected all the district offices and six out of twelve subdivisional offices. Mr. Cousins visited Patna to attend the Sugar-cane Conference. Mr. Dain had to go to Purnea to meet His Excellency who visited the place to examine the proposed sites of the new buildings. The touring season was interrupted towards its end by visits to attend the Legislative Council at Patna in connection with the Bill for the further protection of Santals. In Orissa Messrs. Toplis and Hoernle were on tour extending over 133 days in all the districts. They inspected all the district offices and subdivisional offices except Kendrapara. In Chota Nagpur Messrs. Philip, Horsfield and Merriman were on tour for 81 days. They inspected all the district offices and the subdivisional offices of Chatra and Khunti.

District Officers.—The period spent on tour by the District Officers exceeded or attained the prescribed minimum of 90 days except in Patna, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and Purnea where it fell short by 31, 42, 24 and 2 days respectively. The failure to reach the standard in Patna is ascribed to the change of Collectors and their preoccupation with the earthquake and flood relief works at the headquarters station. No explanation for short touring in Muzaffarpur and Darbhanga has been given. The small shortage of two days in Purnea calls for no comment. All the district and subdivisional offices were inspected by the District Officers with the exception of Singhbhum district office and subdivisional offices of Jamui and Dhanbad. The Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhum explains that he could not inspect his office as he took over charge in October last and on return from Calcutta where he had to go for 10 days after the Puja holidays he had to undertake 66 days' touring to complete the prescribed minimum. The Deputy Commissioner of Manbhum did not inspect the subdivisional office at Dhanbad under the instructions of the Commissioner. The Collector of Shahabad failed to inspect his treasury during the year. The sub-treasuries at Dhanbad and Dhalbhum are in charge of the Imperial Bank of India. These and the sub-treasuries at Hajipur and Jamui were not inspected by the District Officers concerned.

Subdivisional Officers.—The tours and inspections made by the great majority of subdivisional officers were adequate. The officers in charge of Deoghar, Jamtara, Pakaur, Cuttack Sadr, Bargarh, Simdega and Dhalbhum failed to attain the number of days prescribed for tour by their respective District Officers. The deficiency varies from 2 days in Deoghar and Dhalbhum to 58 days in Jamtara, being less than 6 days in Cuttack

Sadr, Bargarh and Simdega and over 6 days in Pakaur. The heavy shortage in Jamtara is attributed to the change in the personnel of the subdivisional officer and to the fact that the officer who was transferred there towards the latter part of the year could not tour adequately owing to the need of making himself acquainted with the subdivision and to dealing with rent execution and sub-judge cases. The officer had also to carry on for a time his duty as special magistrate after taking over charge of the subdivision. No explanation is forthcoming for the short tour in Pakaur. The shortage in other places is small and calls for no comments. The Sadr Subdivisional Officer of Purnea made an unusual tour of 182 days against 60 prescribed by the District Officer. The reason for this unusually extended tour has not been given. The Sadr Subdivisional Officer of Darbhanga did not inspect his office. The Subdivisional Officer of Madhubani failed to inspect his sub-treasury while the officers of Sitamarhi, Samastipur, Banka and Simdega inspected their sub-treasuries only once in the year.

Records.

37. The records of the divisional, district and subdivisional offices were in good condition and due attention was paid to the proper classification of " B " and " C " papers. Of the record-rooms damaged by the last earthquake, the record-rooms attached to the Patna Collectorate and the Bhagalpur Commissioner's office have been repaired and the records are being arranged. The record-room of the Purnea Collectorate is, however, still in the same condition. The Collector reports that steps are being taken by the Public Works Department for its repairs. White ants again appeared in the record-room of the Hazaribagh district office and were checked as usual by the frequent application of kerosene oil to the iron posts and the wooden shelves. In Purnea the work of re-writing the faded entries in the record-of-rights has been completed and the work of comparing is now in progress.

The papers relating to the Porahat estate in Singhbhum have been kept in a separate rack of the record-room set apart for the purpose. They have not been entered in the record-room registers pending the final decision on the question of the escheat of the estate.

Libraries.

38. Libraries were regularly inspected and found to be generally in order. The collapse of the Muzaffarpur district library room due to the earthquake resulted in the complete destruction of 700 books and damage to about 300 others which can, however, be made serviceable by re-binding. At Sitamarhi only 600 out of 1,866 books were recovered. The missing books of these two libraries require replacement by purchase. The books which were taken out of the debris in Monghyr have been arranged in the newly-purchased almirahs. The almirahs in the Bhagalpur Commissioner's office have been repaired and the books are being arranged. The quinquennial revision of the catalogue in the district office libraries at Gaya, Shahabad, Champaran and Sambalpur and in the subdivisions of Bhabua, Sasaram and Araria was completed and is in progress in Monghyr. The re-writing of the catalogue in Bhagalpur, Sambalpur and Araria has not yet been finished. The delay in Bhagalpur is due to the fact that the librarian could not be relieved of the additional work thrown upon him on account of the earthquake. Another clerk has been appointed in his place and steps are being taken to complete the work at an early date. 15 books were damaged by white ants in Dinapore while some damaged by these ants was also reported from Banka and Deoghar. Necessary measures have been taken to protect them from these attacks. A copy of Mr. Allanson's Settlement Report was reported missing from the Jamtara office library and has been replaced by a copy from the Dumka Sadr office. 37 books in Dinapore and 8 books in Bhabua libraries are also reported to be missing. The matter in both the cases is under enquiry. Many old and obsolete books in certain libraries of the Patna Division were either sold or destroyed during the year under report. In Balasore the list of obsolete books and reports is being checked by a gazetted officer for destruction. Similar lists are being prepared in Puri, Angul and Khondmals libraries under the orders of the Commissioner.

39. The average number of processes served by each permanent peon exceeded the prescribed standard everywhere in the province except, as in the previous year, in the subdivisions of Jamui, Simdega and Latehar, and at the headquarters station of Monghyr. In Jamui the deficit was negligible : the average attained was 599 against the prescribed standard of 600. The shortage in Simdega and Latehar was due as usual to bad communications, although in Latehar the average rose from 326 in 1933-34 to 422 during the year. The Collector of Monghyr reports that the prescribed standard was not attained in Monghyr owing to the heavy flood in the district which made communication difficult for a couple of months. Temporary peons were employed in the districts of Champaran, Darbhanga and the Santal Parganas and in the subdivision of Giridih in Hazaribagh. Revenue processes continued to be served as usual by dafadars in the three coastal districts of Orissa.

Working of the process-serving establishment.

40. There were four cases of treasure trove during the year, one each in Champaran, Darbhanga, Puri and the Santal Parganas.

Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878.

In Champaran, a district board road coolie, while digging earth for repairs of the Dhaka-Motihari road found some coins amounting to Rs. 35 in an earthen pot. On receipt of information of the find a local enquiry was held by a Sub-Deputy Collector and it transpired that one Balgobind Teli, who died heirless about 25 years ago, lived on the spot in a tatti hut where the coins were found. The coins were sent to the Secretary, Bihar and Orissa Coin Cabinet, as required by rule 6(*i*) of the rules under the Indian Treasure Trove Act. Necessary notification has been published inviting claimants, if any, by the 26th July 1935. In Darbhanga a sum of Rs. 718 was found buried underground in Roserah town. The treasure was, after enquiry, declared ownerless and forfeited to Government. Out of the find, one coin, of the time of Emperor Shah Alam, has been sent to the Archæological Institute, Bihar and Orissa, Patna and Rs. 550 has been deposited into the treasury and the balance which was rejected by the treasury as uncurrent and bad coins has been sent to the Mint Master, Calcutta, for disposal. In Puri five cannons buried underground in a jungle in the Khurda Government estate were discovered on the report of a blind man who alleges that he had a vision (popularly regarded as a miracle). These cannons are of very old type and are believed to have belonged to the ancient Rajas of Khurda. They have lost their intrinsic value having been buried underground for a long time and their value as metal is estimated at Rs. 10 only. The District Officer has reported the fact to Government and necessary notification has been published inviting claimants, if any, by the 30th August 1935. It is proposed to make over the cannons when acquired by Government to the Ravenshaw College Museum at Cuttack. Two Santal women found seven Badshahi coins in a field within the jurisdiction of the police-station Mahgama and reported the matter to the sub-inspector of police who made them over to the nazir of the subdivisional office of Godda. As the coins are apparently more than hundred years old the Subdivisional Officer has been asked to furnish information on all points required under rule 3 of the rules under the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878. The civil case instituted by Rai Hari Prasad Lal of Gaya against Government referred to in the last year's report is still pending. The accused in the Rajmahal case regarding the find of a gold pitcher in 1929 is still absconding and all efforts to arrest him have so far failed. But a report under rule 3 of the rules under the Indian Treasure Trove Act was submitted to Government and in compliance with the orders contained in Revenue Department's letter no. 3131-R., dated the 4th April 1935, 8 fragments of the pitcher also subsequently recovered were sent to the President of the Bihar and Orissa Coin Cabinet, Patna Museum.

41 The material condition of the people was, on the whole, slightly better than in the previous year in the greater part of the province. Heavy floods in the Ganges, Sone and Kosi did considerable damage to the houses and

Material condition of the people (including inter-district emigration and immigration).

crops of residents in the Gangetic diara areas and coming so closely after the earthquake caused great distress and hardship. It was, however, met by adequate relief measures and the effects of the calamity, though impressive at the time, were transitory. The condition of lands affected by deposits of sands owing to the earthquake improved and in some cases the deposits did appreciable good to the soil. Similarly the deposit of silt by the unusual floods greatly benefited *rabi* crops in some parts of the province. The winter paddy and other crops were good except in parts of Patna and Shahabad districts where they were damaged by uneven rainfall and floods, in south-east Champaran and central Muzaffarpur where extensive water-logging persisted as a result of the earthquake, in Manbhum, Singhbhum and Latehar subdivision where the rainfall was insufficient. *Rabi* crops were generally good except in Palamau where they suffered from prolonged wet weather and mist and in parts of Patna and Shahabad where they were damaged by rain and hailstorms. In the areas affected by heavy floods in Patna, Shahabad, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Bhagalpur, Monghyr and Palamau the *bhadai* crop was considerably damaged but was fair elsewhere. The cultivation of lac, a most important crop in Chota Nagpur districts, suffered greatly because of the continued low price. The cultivation of sugar-cane increased generally and benefited a large number of agriculturists. The demand from the mills in the Tirhut Division exceeded the supply with the result that the price paid for cane in most cases exceeded the minimum fixed by Government and the full crop was cleared.

The situation regarding the scarcity of ready cash did not improve to such an extent as to remove the difficulty of landlords and tenants in paying rents and revenue owing to low prices obtainable for agricultural products. A close enquiry was made into the material condition of the Santals inhabiting the tract bordering on the Santal Parganas in Bhagalpur and Monghyr districts. They were suffering both from the oppression of landlords and the demands of the *mahajans*. Efforts have been made with some success to deal with their grievances. A special officer was deputed by Government to enquire into the condition of *kamias* in certain districts of Chota Nagpur Division. In Giridih subdivision, the spread of village co-operative societies is said to be helping to break the *kamiauti* system and free the tenants from the grip of money-lenders.

The condition of labourers showed little change. There was ample demand for labour both in the mills and on the land owing to good harvest in the Tirhut Division. The work of reconstruction provided additional openings and the wages of skilled labourers in the Muzaffarpur town are reported to have risen above the pre-earthquake level. In Purnea there was a considerable fall in the influx of labourers from outside districts owing to slump in jute. In Hazaribagh although the output and despatch of coal showed an improvement the wages of labourers remained the same but there was an increase in the rates of wages in mica industry which also showed signs of revival. Rates of wages were very low in villages in the district of Singhbhum where men will do a full day's work for the equivalent of one and a half annas. The Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, made drastic reduction in the wages of labourers in an attempt to reduce mine overhead charges. Except in Monghyr and Hazaribagh where the rise is insignificant, the figures for emigration showed an all-round decrease. The number of emigrants from Monghyr to the tea districts of Assam rose from 4 to 9 and from 118 to 169 in Hazaribagh. The number fell from 220 to 125 in Sambalpur, from 964 to 706 in Palamau, from 662 to 236 in the Santal Parganas and from 26,261 to 13,833 in Ranchi. The fall in emigration is due to the lesser demand of labour resulting from the slump in the tea-trade. Some 1,100 labourers emigrated from Monghyr elsewhere in the hope of higher wages. In Bhagalpur there was some increase in the emigration of labourers during the year. Temporary emigration of landless labourers from the district of Cuttack to other places in search of remunerative employment decreased considerably owing to lack of demand of labour in the different trade centres. The introduction of new contractors in Giridih coal-fields led to disturbances in May 1934 when the police

were compelled to open fire on rioters. Similar trouble was expected in the Bermo collieries but was averted by repatriation of surplus labour.

The general health of the people was, on the whole, satisfactory. A considerable shortage of water-supply is reported from Muzaffarpur owing to the collapse of wells in the earthquake and silting up of tanks. There were outbreaks of smallpox in epidemic form in some parts of Shahabad and in milder form in various parts of Champaran, Monghyr, Cuttack and Puri. Cholera occurred in some parts of Shahabad, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Cuttack, Balasore and throughout the Tirhut Division except Darbhanga. It raged practically throughout the district of Palamau in epidemic form and in spite of elaborate arrangements made to cope with the disease as many as 3,198 persons against 2 in the previous year died of cholera. An epidemic scheme has now been drawn up by the Deputy Commissioner in consultation with the Civil Surgeon. Plague appeared sporadically in all the districts of the Tirhut Division and in Begusarai subdivision. Preventive measure taken to check these epidemics from spreading generally proved effective. Malaria was prevalent in some parts of Balasore and Pakaur subdivision in an epidemic form but in sporadic forms in Supaul subdivision and in some parts of Cuttack. In Purnea the general level of health was better than in previous years. Malaria showed a decrease though there was no appreciable variation in the figures of kala-azar. Hookworm, leprosy and tuberculosis are prevalent in Kishanganj subdivision. It is also reported that leprosy and tuberculosis are increasing in the interior of the district of Singhbhum and the district board has agreed to appoint a Health Officer to investigate conditions.

The condition of cattle in the province was, on the whole, satisfactory but cattle-diseases were reported from some parts of Shahabad, Palamau, Singhbhum, Cuttack, Balasore, Angul and the Santal Parganas; prompt measures were taken by the Veterinary Department to prevent these diseases from spreading.

Information about economic development.

42. *Patna.*—There was no important development in industries during the year. The *dosuti* dusters industry and the glass factory at Fatwa fared poorly and remained closed for a long time. An agricultural exhibition was held at Bihta which served as a stimulus to the agriculturists. As in the last year the price to be paid for sugar-cane to the growers continued to be a bone of contention between the growers and the mill at Bihta. Consequently in spite of the mill the manufacture of *gur* continued on an extensive scale. Co-operative banks have been passing through a difficult phase owing to the economic crisis. Several co-operative societies in the Dinapur subdivision were liquidated and the condition of several others is precarious. In Gaya the sugar-cane growers sold most of their cane to the agents of the newly-started Dehri and Guraru sugar factories. The Government Weaving Institute continued to do satisfactory work. The rice and oil mills did extensive business. The output of mica during the year was 632 tons valued at Rs. 2,88,368 against 422½ tons valued at Rs. 2,31,909 in the previous year. In Shahabad there were 27 flour, oil and rice mills; these worked satisfactorily and the stone industry of Sasaram showed signs of prospects. Village craftsmen continued to practise the old industries such as weaving, carpet-making, dyeing, etc. Sugar-cane cultivation is becoming more and more important. The estimated area under cane cultivation was 39,791 acres against 38,639 acres and there is some ground to believe that the extension of the crop is more considerable than these figures suggest. The competition between the four sugar mills of Shahabad and Patna districts and the active demand for *gur* created a favourable market for the cultivator. The two mills at Dehri-on-Sone with a capacity of over 1,000 tons each worked at a substantial profit and the owners have placed orders for the extension of the plant. Another sign of industrial life was the revival of interest in the limestone deposits of the Rohtas pargana. The need of making good the damage caused by the earthquake of January 1934 maintained a high demand for lime, stone and cement and the capacity of the cement-manufacturing plant at Japla

has been doubled. The limestone quarries in the Sasaram subdivision employed 6,51,926 men and 1,31,176 women. There was a slight improvement in the financial position of the Buxar, Bhabua and central co-operative banks, while that of the Arrah bank deteriorated still further.

Tirhut.—The damage done by the earthquake to the sugar mills was repaired before the crushing season and the area under cultivation rose considerably to meet the increased demand. The control of Government over the mills assisted the growers to obtain a fair price for their cane and mitigated the losses and harassment to which they were subjected in the past. The tobacco factory at Dalsingsarai worked for 48 days but neither its branch at Shahpore Patori nor the factory at Khajauli opened at all during the year. The flour mills in Saran and Champaran and the rice and oil mills in the last-named district are reported to have worked satisfactorily. The Rameshwar Jute Mill at Muktapur is flourishing. The manufacture of bricks and agencies for the supply of lime and cement, etc., are rapidly increasing in Muzaffarpur in connection with earthquake reconstruction work. The export of timber and *sabai* grass from the Ramnagar forests continued. The carpet and button factories at Mehsi and the brass and copper industries showed no signs of improvement. Some of the co-operative societies in this division, e.g., Siwan, Gopalganj and Madhubani worked to the great advantage of the agriculturists.

Bhagalpur.—In the district of Monghyr reconstruction is proceeding fast at the East Indian Railway workshops at Jamalpur. The factory of the Tobacco Manufacturers (India), Limited, at Basudeopur has reopened but on a reduced scale. As in the last year business in all important trade centres was dull and the oil, *dal* and flour mills had a poor year. One mica mine in thana Jhajha started its work from the 1st March 1935. *Gur* was manufactured and exported in large quantities from various parts of the district. The cultivation of sugar-cane showed marked increase. A new sugar factory called the " Luxmi Sugar Mills " was established at Gidhaur. At Chakai a handloom silk-weaving business has been started by the Rev. Father Miller of the Roman Catholic Church and a number of aboriginals is getting employment and training there. The cement and lime factory, the *biri* industry and the castor oil factory at Jhajha had a fair business but the bell-metal industry at Satgawan did not thrive well.

In Banka subdivision the area covered by cultivation of sugar-cane increased and two more sugar mills were started during the year, both of which fared badly for want of cane as the growers preferred to crush their cane themselves and to manufacture *gur*, the price of which went up nearly cent per cent. A new clay mine was started at Samukhia but the work is not yet in full swing. The other local industries in the Bhagalpur district continued to work as in the previous years. The sugar mills in the district of Purnea worked well and have opened a good market for sugar-cane, the area under which appreciably increased. The Tournament Trust Agricultural Farm mentioned in the previous reports continued to do useful work. The handloom industry in the district of the Santal Parganas continued to prosper. The weavers in Deoghar, Godda and Rajmahal subdivisions used improved fly shuttle looms. *Tasar* cloth at Saroni in Godda and silk and fine cloths at Afzalpur in Jamtara were manufactured on a small scale. The weavers in Rajmahal subdivisions continued to manufacture towels, bedsheets, *saris*, *dhotis*, etc. The manufacture of *biri* continued in the districts for local consumption. The lac industry in Pakaur has improved. The working of the stone quarries in Pakaur and Rajmahal subdivisions considerably increased owing to the demand for stone for the Hardinge Bridge. The *sabai* grass scheme in Rajmahal worked very well during the year and more than two lakhs of maunds were supplied to the Titaghar Paper Mills. Five rice mills, three flour mills and six oil mills worked in Deoghar, Madhupur, Pakaur and Sahibganj. Two quartz sand and kaolin factories, one in Rajmahal and the other in the Dumka subdivision, also worked during the year; 10 collieries and 3 surface coal-pits were working in Deoghar and Jamtara subdivisions employing local labour.

The co-operative societies in the districts of this division showed no signs of improvement except the Central Co-operative Bank at Shaikhpura in the Sadr subdivision of Monghyr and a few in the Santal Parganas.

Orissa.—In Cuttack there are several boot and shoe factories, one rice mill, one ice factory and some oil and flour mills working with success for some years past. The filigree and horn works and the carpentry and embroidery works maintained their usual reputation. The two bell-metal industrial societies in the Jajpur subdivision continued to work well. Members of some of the village societies in Sukinda have taken to *tasar*-rearing. In Banki, extensive cultivation of sugar-cane led to the establishment of a sugar factory which is running quite well. The industries worth mentioning in this subdivision are the weaving of fine cloth manufacture of cutlery, sword sticks and other fancy implements The two villages, Gulnagar and Chhachina in Kendrapara, continued to produce fine cotton cloth which had a ready market both locally and abroad. In Balasore the Co-operative Department with the assistance of the Agricultural Department introduced the use of improved manure and remunerative varieties of paddy, sugar-cane, potato and other vegetables by the distribution of seeds and seedlings to the cultivators. No new industrial development was started in the district of Puri during the year under review. The Bhima Ice Factory at Kalupara Ghat continued to work satisfactorily but the two rice mills at Khurda Road have been running at a loss due to trade depression. The Khurda Central Bank is reported to have achieved considerable success in improving agriculture by introducing up-to-date seeds, implements and plants. In Sambalpur sugar-cane continued to be grown extensively in the Sadr and Bargarh subdivisions. The demonstration farm at Sambalpur continued its experiments on different varieties of paddy and sugar-cane. Bhulias and Ganda weavers adopted new chemical dyes recommended by the Government experts. Some of the species of cloth woven by Bhulias and the *tasar* cloth woven by Kustas found markets outside the district. Under the instruction of the Department of Industries an up-to-date fashion of cloth-weaving was introduced and good cloth, purdahs, etc., are being produced which are much appreciated by the people. Excellent ropes and cords of various sizes are now manufactured at Mr. Casey's sisal hemp plantation but their sale is hampered by the prevailing low prices. The sisal plantation of Babu B. M. Panda promises well. The bell-metal industry continued on the same lines as in the previous year. The several *biri* factories in both the subdivisions afforded employment to many landless and poor people. The local manufacture of steel trunks is still in its infancy. The Himgir Rampur Coal Company worked better than in the previous year. In Angul the Co-operative Department did very useful work in assisting the tenants with seeds of improved varieties of crops. The *eri* industry maintained its steady progress. Weaving with fly-shuttle looms in the weaving school maintained by Government continued to be managed satisfactorily. The weaving school of Pan people under the Salvation Army did useful work. Various kinds and qualities of cloth, e.g., napkins, bed-sheets, *saris*, *dhotis*, etc., were manufactured and found ready market at Angul, Calcutta and the Cuttack Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition. The other local industries continued during the year. In the Government Industrial School at Phulbani 24 apprentices achieved proficiency in weaving, carpentry and blacksmith's work.

Chota Nagpur.—Coal and mica showed an improvement in the district of Hazaribagh. The despatch of coal increased from 21,14,720 tons in 1933 to 24,15,056 tons in 1934. The total value of the mica exported was Rs. 53,06,841 against Rs. 33,12,657 in the previous year. In the autumn of 1934 there was a temporary rise in the price of lac which has again fallen to a rate which gives the grower little or no profit. The other local industries in the district did not thrive. There was no improvement in the shellac industry at Chatra owing to the slump in the market. The timber business was affected by trade depression which also affected motor transports. The

principal industries in Ranchi district continued to be timber, lac and hides. A number of tea gardens manufactured tea and exported considerable quantities of green tea to the North-West Frontier.

The working of minerals in the district of Palamau has been practically held up owing to the litigation that is going on between the private landlords and Government about the rights over such minerals. The Rajhara coal-mine and the Hutar coal-field were not worked during the year. The demand for cement considerably increased as a result of the reconstruction scheme after the earthquake and an additional furnace of the Sone Valley Portland Cement Company at Japla which had been lying idle was worked for the major portion of the year under report. The sugar-cane factory at Dehri-on-Sone received considerable supply of cane from residents in this district. Growers of lac appeared to be rather optimistic about the future prospect of the trade but have been greatly disappointed at the heavy and unexpected fall in the price of lac towards the latter part of the year. An exhibition and fair was held at Daltonganj which was attended by about 50,000 persons.

The output and despatch of coal in the Dhanbad subdivision increased roughly by 10 lakh and 4 lakh tons respectively. The depression in the coal trade, however, continues and coal was sold at rates which barely left a margin of profit. The shellac merchants had a comparatively prosperous time. Other industrial concerns, e.g., the Engineering Fire Clay and Silica Works at Kumardhubi, the Engineering Works at Ekra, the Coke plant at Bararee and By-products work at Lodna continued working during the year. The year was not prosperous to the banking concerns including the co-operative banks.

The year under report showed continued improvement in the mineral industry in the district of Singhbhum. The Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, produced on an average of about 74,000 tons of pig iron, 70,000 tons of steel ingots and 50,000 tons of finished steel a month and worked their plants practically at full capacity. Extensions to the plants were made at a cost of one crore of rupees: an important development was the manufacture for the first time on a commercial scale in India of high tensile steel. The Indian Iron and Steel Company, Limited, worked their Gua ore-mines at approximately 50 per cent of capacity. The condition of the mines of the Bengal Iron Company remained the same as in the previous year. The demand for manganese and chromite outside India continued and the output of copper ore increased considerably over that of the preceding year. White clay mine-owners could not prosper on account of very unfair competition amongst themselves. Of the subsidiary companies working in Jamshedpur the Indian Cable Company experienced an improvement in trade. There has been an increased demand for bare copper conductors which is largely due to the policy of Government of buying goods of Indian manufacture for new projects. The Tinplate Company of India, Limited, purchased 70429.84 tons of steel from the Tata Iron and Steel Company and produced 53053.03 tons of finished products, which is the highest production it has yet made in one year.

43. The Board desires to acknowledge the services of the Divisional Commissioners in the administration of the Land Revenue Department. The other officers commended during the year by the Commissioners are:—

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

Mr. S. L. Marwood, I.C.S.
Mr. S. N. Mazumdar, I.C.S.
Mr. T. A. Freston, I.C.S.
Mr. B. C. Mukharji, I.C.S.
Mr. V. K. B. Pillai, I.C.S.
Mr. V. K. R. Menon, I.C.S.
Rai Bahadur Satish Chandra Mukharji.
Rai Bahadur Manmatha Nath Sen.
Rai Bahadur Arun Kumar Bose, M.B.E.
Rai Bahadur Amarendra Nath Das.
Mr. A. F. L. Sharling.
Khan Bahadur Abdul Qadir Khan.

Rai Bahadur Radha Charan Das.

JOINT MAGISTRATES AND DEPUTY COLLECTORS.

Mr. M. M. Philip, I.C.S.
Mr. C. K. Raman, I.C.S.

DEPUTY MAGISTRATES AND DEPUTY COLLECTORS.

Rai Bahadur Nagendra Nath Ray.
Mr. Kenneth Chiseldon Ritchie.
Rai Bahadur Lala Ashutosh.
Babu Nanda Lal Sinha.
Rai Bahadur Kartik Chandra Chandra.
Rai Bahadur Shailaja Pada Mukharji.
Rai Bahadur Atulyadhan Banarji.
Rai Sahib Bishundev Narayan Singh.
Rai Bahadur Phanindra Nath Gupta.
Khan Sahib Saiyid Muhammad Amir.
Rai Sahib Ray Hardatta Prashad.
Babu Ram Prashad Narayan Sahi.
Rai Bahadur Sharbari Kanta Gupta.
Babu Nagendra Prashad.
Mr. Hubert William Alderson.
Rai Sahib Bansidhar.
Rai Sahib Shiva Nandan Sahay.
Babu Nripendranath Maitra.
Khan Bahadur Saiyid Abu Nasar Muhammad Omar.
Babu Akhileshvar Prashad.
Rai Sahib Manglananda Pande.
Khan Sahib Saiyid Ghulam Jilani.
Babu Santosh Kumar Aikat.
Maulavi Abul Mukarim Saiyid Abdul Muid.
Rai Bahadur Atul Chandra Som.
Rai Sahib Satrughna Prashad Sahi.
Rai Bahadur Uma Charan Das.
Rai Sahib Pushkar Thakur.
Babu Harihar Prashad Singh.
Pandit Birinchi Jha.
Babu Satya Narayan Singh.
Maulavi Saiyid Taqi-ud-din.
Rai Sahib Braj Bihari Singh.
Rai Sahib Ganesh Chandra Chandra.
Maulavi Saiyid Inayat Ahmad Bilgrami.
Rai Sahib Kailashpati Narayan.
Babu Sadashiva Prashad.

SUB-DEPUTY COLLECTORS AND SUB-DEPUTY MAGISTRATES.

Babu Radha Mohan Patnaik.
Lala Rameshvar Prashad
Maulavi Amin-ur Rahman Khan.
Rai Sahib Sadhu Charan Sahu.
Babu Nand Jha.
Babu Apurba Krishna Singh.
Babu Lalit Mohan Bhattacharji.
Babu Prem Narayan Chaube.
Babu Loknath Pati.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

B. SARKAR,

Secretary.

BOGP (B of R) 18—253—28-9-1935—SCM.

APPENDICES.

APPEN

[*Vide* paragraph

Demands, collections, remissions and balances of land revenue (including malikana

Divisions and Districts.	Number of estates.	Demands. Current.	Demands. Arrear.	Demands. Total	Collections. Current.	Collections. Arrear.	Collections. Total.	Remissions.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
BIHAR.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Patna Division.								
Patna	17,743	15,84,487	1,60,289	17,44,776	14,50,872	1,00,580	15,51,452	1,785
Gaya	12,474	15,05,533	62,362	15,67,895	14,60,690	47,969	15,08,659	1,181
Shahabad	14,573	19,01,041	2,12,702	21,13,743	17,53,829	1,23,325	18,77,154	18,481
Divisional Total ...	44,790	49,91,061	4,35,353	54,26,414	46,65,391	2,71,874	49,37,265	21,447
Tirhut Division.								
Saran	8,812	12,83,199	34,024	13,17,223	12,48,553	27,221	12,75,774	719
Champaran	1,488	5,16,585	12,471	5,29,056	5,15,734	12,471	5,28,205	...
Muzaffarpur	25,092	9,81,732	16,237	9,97,969	9,70,921	16,159	9,87,080	78
Darbhanga	16,778	7,90,203	10,311	8,00,514	7,86,336	9,192	7,95,528	...
Divisional Total ...	52,170	35,71,719	73,043	36,44,762	35,21,544	65,043	35,86,587	797
Bhagalpur Division.								
Monghyr	9,891	9,92,390	1,35,964	11,28,354	8,70,927	83,924	9,53,851	1,366
Bhagalpur	5,121	6,22,733	69,451	6,92,184	5,73,151	35,637	6,08,788	6,272
Purnea	1,678	12,13,978	2,58,962	14,72,940	9,03,139	2,50,039	11,53,178	476
Santal Parganas	472	5,73,781	1,64,456	7,38,237	4,74,356	1,06,960	5,81,316	...
Divisional Total ...	17,162	34,02,882	6,28,833	40,31,715	28,21,573	4,75,560	32,97,133	8,114
ORISSA.								
Orissa Division.								
Cuttack	8,611	16,12,355	1,10,537	17,22,892	15,13,264	72,157	15,85,421	15,622
Balasore	3,201	9,22,540	13,155	9,35,695	9,16,937	12,993	9,29,930	16
Angul and Khondmals ...	2	1,58,090	247	1,58,337	1,57,187	247	1,57,434	...
Puri	591	9,08,770	2,48,762	11,57,532	9,53,623	1,97,865	9,51,488	2,319
Sambalpur	966	3,12,140	...	3,12,140	3,11,257	...	3,11,257	...
Divisional Total ...	13,371	39,13,895	3,72,701	42,86,596	36,52,268	2,83,262	39,35,530	17,957
CHOTA NAGPUR.								
Chota Nagpur Division.								
Hazaribagh	89	1,52,799	32,398	1,85,197	1,48,134	31,952	1,80,086	27
Ranchi	12	58,666	20,259	78,925	47,171	15,783	62,954	...
Palamau	262	1,18,925	70,824	1,89,749	50,991	70,824	1,21,815	2,924
Manbhum	33	81,004	3,059	84,063	79,861	3,059	82,920	...
Singhbhum	4	1,94,037	16,504	2,10,541	1,63,741	16,079	1,79,820	...
Divisional Total ...	400	6,05,431	1,43,044	7,48,475	4,89,898	1,37,697	6,27,595	2,951
Grand Total... 1934-35 ...	1,27,893	1,64,84,988	16,52,974	1,81,37,962	1,51,50,674	12,33,436	1,63,84,110	51,266
Grand Total... 1933-34 ...	127,104	1,65,11,436	13,71,954	1,78,83,390	1,50,40,022	11,36,[illegible]71	1,61,76,[illegible]93	68,603

Total demand (column 5) ... ...
Deduct—Nominal demand (column 19) ... ...

Deduct—Total Collection (column 8) ... ...
Plus—Collection made within the year but not credited

Deduct—Remission (column 9) ... ...

DIX I.

? of the text.]

and revenue of police lands) of estates on the tauzi roll in 1934-35.

Balances.			Classification of balances.		Percentage						
Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Of current collections (column 6) on current demands (column 3).	Of arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demands (column 4).	Of total collections (column 8) on total demands (column 5).	Payments in advance on account of the future years.	Total of sums included in the total demands of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demands (column 5), if the amount in column 19 is excluded from the demands and that in column 20 added to the collections.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1,33,615	57,924	1,91,539	1	1,91,538	91·57	62·75	88·92	2,74,561	...	9,994	89·49
44,843	13,212	58,055	...	58,055	97·03	76·92	96·22	1,93,159	...	...	...
1,38,212	79,896	2,18,108	...	2,18,108	93·26	57·96	88·84	1,33,723	...	...	...
3,16,670	1,51,032	4,67,702	1	4,67,701	93·47	62·45	90·98	6,01,443	...	9,994	91·17
34,646	6,084	40,730	...	40,730	97·30	80·00	96·5	1,29,479	...	4,363	97·16
851	...	851	...	851	99·83	100	99·83	20,430	...	...	...
10,811	...	10,811	...	10,811	98·89	99·51	98·91	2,58,949	...	...	...
3,837	1,119	4,986	...	4,986	99·51	89·14	99·37	1,63,660	6,049	...	100·13
50,175	7,203	57,378	...	57,378	98·79	89·04	98·40	5,75,518	6,049	4,363	98·68
1,21,463	51,674	1,73,137	6,460	1,66,677	87·76	60·98	84·53	1,69,023	...	14,158	85·78
49,582	27,542	77,124	17,000	60,124	92·04	51·31	67·95	61,742	...	6,967	68·95
3,10,839	8,447	3,19,286	...	3,19,283	74·39	96·55	78·29	30,910	...	173	78·30
99,425	57,493	1,56,921	5,900	1,51,021	82·67	65·63	78·74	13,038	...	...	...
5,81,309	1,45,159	7,26,438	29,360	6,97,108	82·91	75·62	81·78	2,74,743	...	21,298	82·30
90,880	30,969	1,21,849	...	1,21,849	93·85	65·27	92·02	70,844	52,667	...	94·92
5,603	146	5,749	...	5,749	99·39	93·76	99·38	14,637	...	...	...
903	...	903	...	903	99·43	100	99·43	36	...	...	...
1,52,828	50,897	2,03,725	...	2,03,725	82·93	79·53	83·10	69,829	69,972	...	87·48
833	...	883	...	883	99·72	...	99·72	6,483	...	...	...
2,51,097	82,012	3,33,109	...	3,33,109	93·32	76·00	91·80	1,61,829	1,32,639	...	94·56
4,649	435	5,084	...	5,084	96·95	98·62	97·21	21,648	...	...	...
11,495	4,476	15,971	...	15,971	80·40	77·90	79·76	2	...	2	79·76
65,010	...	65,010	...	65,010	42·88	100	64·19	4,447	...	...	...
1,143	...	1,143	...	1,143	98·78	100	98·64	45	...	...	...
30,293	425	30,721	...	30,721	84·38	97·43	85·40	53	...	...	...
1,12,593	5,336	1,17,929	...	1,17,929	80·91	96·26	83·85	26,235	...	2	83·85
13,11,844	3,90,742	17,02,586	29,361	16,73,225	91·90	74·61	90·33	16,39,768	1,38,638	35,657	91·17
14,58,447	1,79,647	16,38,094	3,320	16,34,774	91·08	82·85	90·45	14,91,107	58,945	37,237	90·96

... ...	...	Rs. 1,81,37,932
... ...	...	1,28,?88
Total	...	1,80,09,274
... ...		
in accounts (column 20) ...	Rs. 1,63,84,110	
...	35,657	
	...	1,64,19,767
		15,89,507
... ...	...	51,266
True balance	...	16,38,241

APPEN

[*Vide* paragraph

Permanently-settled

Divisions and Districts.	Number of estates.	Demands. Current.	Demands. Arrear.	Demands. Total.	Collections. Current.	Collections. Arrear.	Collections. Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
BIHAR.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Patna Division.							
Patna	17,672	13,98,089	14,451	14,12,539	13,82,888	14,270	13,97,158
Gaya	12,436	13,38,182	7,227	13,45,409	13,34,096	7,160	13,41,256
Shahabad	13,932	15,18,625	37,352	15,5[illegible],977	15,06,853	32,264	15,39,117
Divisional Total ...	44,040	42,54,895	59,030	43,13,925	42,23,837	53,694	42,77,531
Tirhut Division.							
Saran	8,724	12,30,131	8,735	12,38,866	12,17,751	7,147	12,24,898
Champaran	1,479	5,14,545	11,789	5,26,334	5,14,308	11,789	5,26,097
Muzaffarpur	25,042	9,60,643	10,161	9,70,804	9,58,189	10,161	9,68,350
Darbhanga	16,771	7,84,602	6,539	7,91,141	7,83,079	6,539	7,89,618
Divisional Total ...	52,016	34,89,9[illegible]1	37,224	35,27,145	34,73,327	35,636	35,08,963
Bhagalpur Division.							
Monghyr	9,806	7,76,795	1,983	7,78,777	7,75,958	1,913	7,77,871
Bhagalpur	5,099	5,68,134	788	5,68,922	5,67,641	774	5,68,415
Purnea	1,647	11,93,574	2,35,913	14,29,487	8,97,363	2,35,913	11,33,276
Santal Parganas	456	1,15,708	122	1,15,830	1,14,600	122	1,14,722
Divisional Total ...	17,008	26,54,211	2,38,805	28,93,016	23,55,532	2,38,722	25,94,254
ORISSA.							
Orissa Division.							
Cuttack	21	80,118	...	80,118	80,118	...	80,118
Balasore	242	34,786	38	34,824	34,756	35	34,791
Angul and Khondmals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Puri	1	3,329	...	3,329	3,329	...	3,329
Sambalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Divisional Total ...	264	1,18,233	38	1,16,271	1,18,203	35	1,18,238
CHOTA NAGPUR.							
Chota Nagpur Division.							
Hazaribagh	84	47,260	126	47,386	47,114	126	47,240
Ranchi	1	14,364	...	14,364	14,364	...	14,364
Palamau	256	25,304	244	25,548	25,158	244	25,402
Manbhum	27	77,776	16	77,792	77,776	16	77,792
Singhbhum	1	4,267	...	4,267	4,267	...	4,267
Divisional Total ...	369	1,68,971	386	1,69,357	1,68,679	386	1,69,065
Grand Total ... 1934-35 ...	113,697	1,06,86,231	3,35,483	1,10,21,714	1,03,39,608	3,28,473	1,06,68,081
Grand Total ... 1933-34 ...	113,160	1,06,90,045	4,00,028	1,10,90,073	1,03,58,000	3,98,694	1,07,56,694

Total demand of the year (column 5) ... ...

Deduct—Nominal demand (column 18) ... ...

Deduct—Total collection (column 8) ... ...

Plus—Collection made within the year but not credited in accounts (column 19)

Deduct—Remission allowed during the year (column 9) ... ...

DIX I-A.

3 of the text.]

Estates, 1934-35.

Remissions.	Balances. Current.	Balances. Arrear.	Balances. Total.	Classification of balances. Doubtful and irrecoverable.	Classification of balances. In process of recovery.	Percentage. Of current collections (column 6) on current demands (column 3).	Percentage. Of arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demands (column 4).	Percentage. Of total collections (column 8) on total demands (column 5).	Total of sums included in the total demands of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demands (column 5), if the amount in column 18 is excluded from the demands and that in column 19 added to the collections.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	
...	15,200	181	15,381	...	15,381	98·91	98·75	98·91	...	...	...
...	4,'88	67	4,153	...	4,153	99·69	99·07	99·69	...	...	...
...	11,772	5, 88	16,860	...	16,860	99·22	8··38	98·92	...	...	...
...	31,058	5,336	36,394	...	36,394	99·27	90·96	99·15	...	...	...
...	12,380	1,588	13,9 8	...	13,968	98·99	81·83	98·87	...	...	...
...	237	...	237	...	237	99·95	100	99·95	...	...	...
...	2,454	...	2,454	...	2,454	99·74	100	99·74	...	...	...
...	1,523	...	1,533	...	1,523	99·80	100	99·80	5,706	...	100·53
...	18,594	1,588	18,182	...	18,182	99·52	95·73	99 48	5,706	...	99·64
...	837	69	906	...	906	99 89	96·51	99·88	...	...	...
...	493	14	507	...	507	99·91	98·22	99·91	...	...	...
...	2,96,211	...	2,96,211	...	2,96,211	75·18	100	79·27	...	...	...
...	1,108	...	1,108	...	1,108	99·04	100	99·04	...	...	...
...	2,98,649	83	2,98,732	...	2,98,732	83·74	99·98	89·67	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	...	...	...
...	30	3	33	...	33	99·91	92·10	99·90	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	30	3	33	...	33	99·97	92·11	99·97	...	...	...
...	146	...	146	...	146	99·69	100	99·69	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	...	...	...
...	146	...	146	...	146	99·43	100	99·43	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	...	...	...
...	292	...	292	...	292	99·83	100	99·83	...	...	...
...	3,46,623	7,010	3,53,633	...	3,53,633	96·75	97·91	96·79	5,703	...	96·84
28	3,32,045	1,306	3,33,351	...	3,33,351	96·89	99·66	96·99	...	2,589	97·61

...	Rs. 1,10,2?,714
...	5,706
	1,10,16,008
Rs. 1,06,68,081	
Nil	1,06,68,081
...	3,47,927
...	Nil
True balance	3,47,927

9

APPEN

[Vide paragraph

*Temporarily-settled

Divisions and Districts.	Number of estates.	Demands. Current.	Demands. Arrear.	Demands. Total.	Collections. Current.	Collections. Arrear.	Collections. Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
BIHAR.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Patna Division.							
Patna	13	12,137	10,065	22,202	7,665	1,365	9,030
Gaya	10	41,319	10,738	52,057	34,630	8,727	43,357
Shahabad	559	1,75,630	13,535	1,89,165	1,68,810	9,895	1,78,705
Total ...	58.	2,29,086	34,338	2,63,424	2,11,105	19,977	2,31,082
Tirhut Division.							
Saran	55	29,644	13,379	43,023	24,208	9,259	33,467
Champaran	6	1,595	522	2,117	1,126	522	1,648
Muzaffarpur	36	15,341	3,365	18,706	12,287	3,287	15,574
Darbhanga	3	1,725	1,453	3,178	428	1,353	1,781
Total ...	100	48,305	18,719	67,024	38,049	14,421	52,470
Bhagalpur Division.							
Monghyr	57	62,419	30,516	92,935	45,893	1,466	47,359
Bhagalpur	9	1,651	1,117	2,768	975	39	1,014
Purnea	27	1,782	892	2,674	1,131	826	1,957
Santal Parganas	2	6,021	11,010	17,031	3,621	5,110	8,731
Total ...	95	71,873	43,536	1,15,408	51,620	7,441	59,061
ORISSA.							
Orissa Division.							
Cuttack	8,581	14,70,210	1,08,762	15,78,972	13,77,445	70,947	14,48,392
Balasore	2,948	8,31,295	11,019	8,42,314	8,27,068	10,960	8,38,028
Angul and Khondmals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Puri	587	4,71,778	49,138	5,20,916	4,47,106	9,490	4,56,596
Sambalpur	941	3,03,114	...	3,03,114	3,02,231	...	3,02,231
Total ...	13,060	30,76,397	1,68,919	32,45,3.6	29,53,850	91,397	30,45,247
CHOTA NAGPUR.							
Chota Nagpur Division.							
Hazaribagh	1	50,729	25,281	76,010	50,729	25,281	76,010
Ranchi	2	155	311	466	42	114	156
Palamau	5	1,077	337	1,414	720	337	1,057
Manbhum	2	3,176	3,043	6,2 9	2,·33	3,043	5,076
Singhbhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	10	55,137	28,972	84,1[illegible]9	53,524	28,775	82,299
Grand Total ... 1934-35 ...	13,847	34,80,708	2,94,483	37,75,281	33,[illegible]8,[illegible]48	1,65,011	34,70,[illegible]59
Grand Total ... 1933-34 ...	13,611	35,17,939	1,11,694	36,29,633	32,56,588	66,984	33,23,57.

*This appendix is meant to show figures for the three following classes of estates :—

(a) Estates settled by periods with proprietors.

(b) Private estates leased to farmers for periods.

(c) Government estates leased to farmers for periods.

DIX 1-B.

4 of the text.]

Estates, 1934-35.

Remissions.	Balances.			Classification of balances.		Percentage.			Total of sums included in the total demands of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demands (column 5), if the amount in column 18 is excluded from the demands and that in column 19 added to the collections.
	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Of current collections (column 6) on current demands (column 3).	Of arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demands (column 4).	Of total collections (column 8) on total demands (column 5).			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	
...	4,472	8,710	13,182	...	13,182	63·15	13·46	40·63	...	...	...
...	6,689	2,011	8,700	...	8,700	83·81	81·27	83·[illegible]9	...	...	...
...	6,8[illegible]0	3,640	10,460	...	10,460	96·12	73·11	94·47	...	...	...
...	17,981	14,361	32,342	...	32,342	92·15	58.18	87·72	...	...	...
698	5,436	3,422	8,858	...	8,858	81·66	69·20	77·78	...	...	
...	469	...	469	...	469	70·59	100	77·84	...	...	...
78	3,054	...	3,054	...	3,054	60·09	97·68	83·25	...	...	...
...	1,297	100	1,397	...	1,397	21·81	93·11	56·04	343	...	62·82
776	10,256	3,522	13,778	...	13,778	79·76	77·03	78·28	343	...	70·68
...	16,526	29,050	45,576	...	45,576	73·52	4·80	50·96	...	...	...
...	676	1,078	1,754	...	1,754	59·05	3·49	36·63	...	...	...
...	651	66	717	...	717	63·46	92·60	73·14	...	...	...
...	2,400	5,900	8,300	5,900	2,400	6[illegible]·13	46·41	51·26	...	...	...
...	20,253	33,094	56,347	5,900	50,447	71·82	17·09	51·[illegible]7	...	...	...
15,366	84,625	30,589	1,15,214	...	1,15,214	9[illegible]·[illegible]9	65·23	91·73	51,981	...	94·65
...	4,227	59	4,286	...	4,286	99·49	99·46	99·49	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,805	22,867	39,648	62,515	...	62,515	94·77	19·31	87·65	62,070	...	99·50
...	883	...	883	...	883	99·70	...	99·70	...	...	...
17,171	1,12,602	70,298	1,83,898	...	1,83,898	96·02	54·11	93·84	1,14,031	...	97·26
...	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	...	...	...
...	113	197	310	...	310	27·09	36·65	33·47	...	...	
...	357	...	357	...	357	66·85	100	74·75	...	...	...
...	1,143	...	1,143	...	1,143	84·01	100	81·62	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,613	197	1,810	...	1,810	97·07	99·32	97·86	...	...	...
17,947	1,62,705	1,24,470	2,87,175	5,900	2,81,275	95·03	55·01	91·91	1,14,374	...	94·78
10,854	2,51,382	4[illegible],835	2,95,3[illegible]7	...	2,95,3[illegible]7	92·57	51.01	91·69	43,294	13	92·67

		Rs.	Rs.
Total demand of the year (column 5)	... ...		37,75,281
Deduct—Nominal demand (column 18)	... ...		1,14,374
	Total ...		36,60,907
Deduct—Total collection (column 8)	... ...	34,70,159	
Plus—Collection made within the year but not credited in accounts (column 19).		Nil	34,70,159
			1,90,748
Deduct—Remission allowed during the year (column 9)	... ...		17,947
	True balance ...		1,72,801

APPEN

[*Vide* paragraph

**Estates held direct*

Divisions and Districts.	Number of estates.	Demands. Current.	Demands. Arrear.	Demands. Total.	Collections. Current.	Collections. Arrear.	Collections. Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
BIHAR.							
Patna Division.							
Patna	58	1,74,262	1,[illegible]5,773	3,10,035	60,319	81,955	1,45,274
Gaya	28	1,26,0[illegible]2	44,397	1,70,429	91,964	32,083	1,24,048
Shahabad	83	2,06,786	1,61,815	3,68,601	78,[illegible]66	81,16[illegible]	1,5[illegible],[illegible]33
Total ...	168	5,07,080	3,41,985	8,49,065	2,30,449	1,98,203	4,28,652
Tirhut Division.							
Saran	33	23,424	11,910	35,[illegible]34	6,594	10,815	17,409
Champaran	3	445	160	605	300	160	463
Muzaffarpur	14	5,748	2,711	8,459	445	2,711	3,156
Darbhanga	4	3,876	2,319	6,195	2,829	1,300	4,129
Total ...	54	33,193	17,100	50,593	10,168	14,986	25,154
Bhagalpur Division.							
Monghyr	28	1,53,176	1,03,4[illegible]6	2,56,642	49,[illegible]76	79,545	1,28,621
Bhagalpur	13	52,948	67,546	1,20,494	4,535	34,824	39,359
Purnea	4	18,622	22,157	4[illegible],779	4,645	13,300	17,945
Santal Parganas	14	4,52,[illegible]53	1,53,324	6,05,376	3,56,135	1,01,7[illegible]8	4,57,863
Total ...	59	6,76,798	3,46,493	10,23,291	4,14,391	2,29,367	6,43,788
ORISSA.							
Orissa Division.							
Cuttack	9	62,027	1,775	63,802	55,701	1,210	56,911
Balasore	11	56,459	2,098	58,557	55,113	1,998	57,111
Angul and Khondmals	2	1,58,090	247	1,58,337	1,57,187	247	1,57,434
Puri	3	4,33,663	1,99,624	6,33,287	3,03,188	1,88,375	4,91,563
Sambalpur	22	9,026	...	9,026	9,026	...	9,026
Total ...	47	7,19,265	2,03,744	9,23,009	5,80,215	1,91,830	7,72,045
CHOTA NAGPUR.							
Chota Nagpur Division.							
Hazaribagh	4	54,810	6,991	61,801	50,291	6,545	56,836
Ranchi	9	44,147	19,948	64,095	32,765	15,669	48,434
Palamau	1	92,544	70,243	1,62,787	25,113	70,243	95,356
Manbhum	4	52	...	52	52	...	52
Singhbhum	3	1,89,770	16,504	2,06,274	1,59,474	16,079	1,75,553
Total ...	21	3,81,323	1,13,086	4,95,009	2,67,695	1,08,536	3,76,231
Grand Total .. 1934-35 ...	349	23,17,959	10,23,008	33,40,967	15,02,918	7,42,952	22,45,870
Grand Total .. 1933-34 ...	333	23,03,452	8,60,232	31,63,684	14,25,434	6,70,993	20,96,427

* This Appendix is meant to show figures for the three
(*a*) Estates managed by
(*b*) Estates owned by
(*c*) Nazal lands in

Total demand of the year (column 5) ... ...

Deduct—Nominal demand (column 18) ... ...

Deduct—Total collection (column 8) ... ...

Plus—Collection made within the year but not credited

Deduct—Remission allowed during the year (column 9) ...

DIX I-C.

5 of the text.]

by Government, 1934-35.

Remissions.	Balances. Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Classification of balances. Doubtful and irrecoverable.	In process of recovery.	Percentage. Of current collections (column 6) on current demands (column 3).	Of arrear collections (column 7) on arrear demands (column 4).	Of total collections (column 8) on total demands (column 5).	Total of sums included in the total demands of the year, the recovery of which was in suspense.	Collections made within the year but not credited in the accounts of the year.	Percentage of total collections (column 8) on total demands (column 5), if the amount in column 18 is excluded from the demands and that in column 19 added to the collections.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	
1,785	1,13,943	4?,033	1,62,976	1	1,62,975	34·61	62·57	46·86	...	9,994	50·08
1,181	34,068	11,134	45,202	...	45,202	73·97	72·26	72·78	...	...	...
18,481	1,19,620	71,168	1,90,788	...	1,90,788	37·80	50·16	43·23	...	...	...
21,447	2,67,631	1,3 ,335	3,98,966	1	3,98,965	45·46	57·95	50·49	...	9,994	51·55
21	16,830	1,074	17,904	...	17,904	28·15	90·80	49·26	...	4,363	61·61
...	145	...	145	...	145	67·41	100	76·03	...	...	...
...	5,303	...	5,303	...	5,303	7·74	100	37·30	...	...	...
...	1,047	1,619	2,066	...	2,066	72·98	56·05	76·65	...	...	...
21	23,325	2.093	25,418	...	25,419	30·35	87·63	49·71	...	4,363	58·34
1,366	1,01,100	21,555	1,26,655	6,460	1,20,195	32·04	76·88	50·12	...	14,158	55·63
6,272	48,413	26,450	74,863	17,000	57,863	8·56	51·56	32·66	...	6,967	38·45
476	13,977	8,381	22,358	...	22,358	24·94	60·02	44·00	...	173	44·42
...	95,917	51,596	1,47,513	...	1,47,513	78·78	66·34	75·63	...	...	...
8,114	2,62,407	1,08,9?2	3,71,389	23,460	3,47,929	61·22	66·20	62·91	...	21,298	64·99
256	6,255	380	6,635	...	6,635	89·80	68·16	89·19	706	...	90·19
16	1,346	84	1,430	...	1,430	97·61	95·23	97·53	...	...	...
...	903	...	903	...	903	99·43	100	99·43	...	...	...
514	1,29,961	11,249	1,41,210	...	1,41,210	69·91	94·36	77·62	7,902	...	78·60
...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	...	...	...
786	1,3?,465	11,713	1,50,178	...	1,50,178	80·67	94·15	83·64	8,608	...	84·43
27	4,503	435	4,938	...	4,938	91·76	93·62	91·97	...	...	...
...	11,382	4,279	15,661	...	15,661	74·21	78·54	75·56	...	2	75·56
2,924	64,507	...	64,507	...	64,507	27·14	100	58·58	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	100	...	...	...
...	30,296	425	30,721	...	30,721	84·03	97·42	85·10	...	...	...
2,951	1,10,688	5,129	1,15,827	...	1,15,827	70·20	95·47	76·00	...	2	76·00
33,319	8,02,516	2,59,262	10,61,778	23,461	10,38,317	64·83	72·62	67·22	8,608	35,657	68·46
57,721	8,?2,0?0	1,37,513	10,0?,536	3,320	10,36,216	61·83	78	66·26	15,651	34,635	65·49

following classes of estates :—
Government for proprietors.
Government as proprietors.
Sambalpur.

... ...		Rs.
... ...		33,40,967
... ...		8,608
		33,32,359
... ...	Rs. 22,45,870	
in accounts (column 19) ...	35,657	22,81,527
		10,50,832
... ...		33,319
True balance ...		10,17,513

APPENDIX II.

[*Vide* paragraph 6 of the text.]

Collections, remissions and balances of forest and miscellaneous revenue for the year 1934-35.

Divisions and Districts.	Collections.														Remissions.	Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges.
	Sale of Government estates.	Value of revenue abated under Act I of 1894.	Fees under Regulation VIII of 1819.	Fees under Act VII (B.C.) of 1876.	Fees under Act VIII of 1885.	Fees under Act XI of 1859.	Fines and forfeitures of revenue courts.	Miscellaneous rents (Ghats, Bazars, Fisheries, etc.), Sairats, sale of trees and crops and royalties other than those under the mining rules.	Recovery of Survey and Settlement charges.	Royalties and other receipts under mining rules.	Forest receipts.	Police contributions (Chota Nagpur Division only).	Other receipts.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
BIHAR.																
Patna Division.																
Patna	...	...	...	...	...	...	377	10,215	...	...	...	...	1,618	12,210	773	...
Gaya	...	...	...	162	...	498	877	410	...	600	...	...	6,939	9,476	2,168	...
Shahabad	...	45	...	678	81	429	643	2,503	...	61,258	...	...	4,500	70,137	328	...
Total ...	...	45	...	840	81	927	1,897	13,128	...	61,858	...	...	13,057	91,823	3,271	...
Tirhut Division.																
Saran	...	2,035	...	...	...	...	373	300	369	...	...	...	1,347	4,424	...	...
Champaran ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	662	298	...	...	...	...	956	1,916	710	...
Muzaffarpur ...	...	...	...	138	...	...	624	...	...	...	...	...	1,861	2,635	74	...
Darbhanga ...	...	1	...	149	...	51	417	2,948	...	...	...	...	11,797	15,363	...	...
Total ...	...	2,036	...	287	...	51	2,076	3,546	369	...	...	...	15,963	24,338	784	...
Bhagalpur Division.																
Monghyr	12	10	...	75	...	302	906	5,162	...	...	...	...	17,314	23,781	204	...
Bhagalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	595	11,553	401	...	...	...	2,409	14,958	...	...
Purnea	...	165	579	288	7	46	612	...	...	...	...	...	2,804	4,501	...	...
Santal Parganas ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	190	...	...	34,308	60,597	...	7,309	1,02,404	15	...
Total ...	12	175	579	363	7	348	2,303	16,715	401	34,308	60,597	...	29,836	1,45,644	219	...
ORISSA.																
Orissa Division.																
Cuttack	...	...	...	10	...	286	2,466	11,949	...	...	...	...	3,663	18,374	...	...
Balasore	...	...	...	8	...	...	2,116	69	...	...	...	...	476	2,669	...	...
Angul and Khondmals	...	4	...	...	...	...	951	4,610	...	714	...	...	9,209	15,488	...	...
Puri	...	16	...	103	...	...	1,287	977	...	...	14,809	...	4,317	21,509	1	...
Sambalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,375	...	7,427	...	...	207	10,009	...	...
Total ...	...	20	...	121	...	286	6,820	19,980	...	8,141	14,809	...	17,862	68,039	1	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																
Chota Nagpur Division.																
Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	357	3,392	...	51,040	23,760	3,193	9,129	90,880	188	...
Ranchi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,035	...	...	...	3,080	129	12,244	...	...
Palamau	...	...	...	74	...	...	94	7,675	...	168	15,329	1,841	1,616	26,817	...	...
Manbhum	...	...	60	21	...	...	196	2,076	...	73	...	1,754	651	4,831	...	...
Singhbhum ...	...	71	...	...	...	...	551	4,680	11,474	1,38,768	...	498	11,064	1,67,106	7	...
Total ..	...	71	60	95	...	...	1,198	26,858	11,474	1,90,069	39,098	10,366	22,589	3,01,878	195	...
Grand Total 1934-35	12	2,347	639	1,706	88	1,602	14,394	80,227	12,244	2,94,376	1,14,504	10,366	99,307	6,31,712	4,470	...
Grand Total 1933-34 ...	...	743	331	1,634	122	1,414	17,137	69,020	693	2,30,696	1,11,327	13,502	1,12,790	5,59,311	4,366	...

APPENDIX II-A.

[*Vide* paragraph 7 of the text.]

...emands, collections and balances from Prospecting Licenses in force in Government Estates during the year 1934-35.

...ls (class or ...ind).	Number of licenses in force.	Total area covered.	Arrear demands. Fee under rule 30 (*ii*), Chapter IV, Waste Lands and Mineral Concessions Manual.	Royalty under rule 30 (*iii*), Chapter IV, Waste Lands and Mineral Concessions Manual.	Other receipts, if any.	Total.	Arrear collections. Fee under rule 30 (*ii*), Chapter IV, Waste Lands and Mineral Concessions Manual.	Royalty under rule 30 (*iii*), Chapter IV, Waste Lands and Mineral Concessions Manual.	Other receipts, if any.	Total.	Balance (columns 7—11).	Current demands. Fee under rule 30 (*ii*), Chapter IV, Waste Lands and Mineral Concessions Manual.	Royalty under rule 30 (*iii*), Chapter IV, Waste Lands and Mineral Concessions Manual.	Other receipts, if any.	Total.	Current collections. Fee under rule 30 (*ii*), Chapter IV, Waste Lands and Mineral Concessions Manual.	Royalty under rule 30 (*iii*), Chapter IV, Waste Lands and Mineral Concessions Manual.	Other receipts, if any.	Total.	Balance (columns 16—20).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
... ...	1	27·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30 0 0	10 0 0	40 0 0	...	30 0 0	10 0 0	40 0 0	...
... ...	7	3,705·80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67 0 0	69 0 0	...	136 0 0	67 0 0	69 0 0	...	136 0 0	...
...ese ...	1	11,39·76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	285 0 0	...	...	285 0 0	285 0 0	...	...	285 0 0	...
...ese and iron	1	1,689·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	428 0 0	...	...	428 0 0	428 0 0	...	...	428 0 0	...
1934-35 ...	10	6,562·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	780 0 0	99 0 0	10 0	889 0 0	780 0 0	99 0 0	10 0 0	889 0 0	...
1933-34 ...	6	2,631·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	349 0 0	12 0 0	...	361 0 0	431 0 0	13 0 0	...	443 0 0	...

APPENDIX II-B.

[*Vide* paragraph 7 of the text.]

Demands, collections and balances from leases for minerals in Government Estates during the year 1934-35.

Minerals (class or kind).	Number of leases in force.	Area covered.	Arrear demands.					Arrear collections.					Balance (columns 8—13).	Current demands.					Current collections.				
			Dead rent.	Surface rent.	Royalty.	Other receipts, if any.	Total.	Dead rent.	Surface rent.	Royalty.	Other receipts, if any.	Total.		Dead rent.	Surface rent.	Royalty.	Other receipts, if any.	Total.	Dead rent.	Surface rent.	Royalty.	Other receipts, if any.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
		Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	[illegible]
Coal ...	20	4,797·54	...	...	150	15	165	...	...	150	15	165	...	1,187	...	2,821	48	4,056	1,187	...	1,860	11	[illegible]
Mica and massive garnet.	76	18,916·27	12,575	1,380	..	137	14,092	4,252	...	...	137	4,389	9,703	50,757	460	...	80	51,297	47,181	...	...	71	[illegible]
Iron-ore ...	9	6,220·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33,256	348	49,515	93	83,212	33,256	348	49,515	93	[illegible]
Chromite ...	13	4,387·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,219	55	1,317	130	4,721	3,219	55	1,317	130	[illegible]
Lime and ghooting stone.	14	9,07·98	110	26	3,047	...	3,183	110	1	3,047	...	3,158	25	604	210	74,922	85	75,821	604	160	59,521	85	[illegible]
White clay	8	817·77	250	...	681	...	931	250	...	681	...	931	...	3,500	...	2,569	268	6,337	3,250	...	2,669	242	[illegible]
Soapstone	5	700·11	...	...	265	9	274	...	...	215	9	224	50	901	...	120	17	1,038	...	...	921	17	[illegible]
Iron-stone...	1	9·82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	[illegible]
Rubble stone and stone ballast.	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	...	81	...	...	81	...	[illegible]
Gravel and graphite.	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	...	31	...	...	31	...	[illegible]
Stone ...	76	3,062·00	...	...	452	3	455	...	...	338	3	341	114	...	...	31,700	1,571	33,271	...	...	31,633	1,550	[illegible]
Slate stone	3	139·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	400	...	...	13	413	400	...	...	13	[illegible]
Chhui ...	9	10·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	28	...	...	...	28	[illegible]
Gitty ...	2	7·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	6	[illegible]
China Clay	1	37·70	...	...	...		...	...	...	...		...	...		...	150	8	158	...	...	150	8	[illegible]
Iron-ore and manganese	13	10,678·10	600	...	...	...	600	600	...	...	...	600	...	10,733	54	23,189	242	34,218	11,333	54	23,189	242	[illegible]
Manganese	6	1,858·09	56	...	...	...	56	56	...	...	...	56	...	1,113	22	35	33	1,208	1,169	22	35	33	[illegible]
Clay for brick and tiles.	2	...	...	...	...	20	20	...	...	...	20	20	...	...	...	35	422	457	...	...	35	382	[illegible]
Laterite ...	..	...	...	...	35	...	35	...	...	35	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
Pale Grey Clay.	1	7·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
Extraction of Ochre.	1	594·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
Yellow ochre	1	184·26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	71	...	90	...	19	71	...	[illegible]
Fireclay ...	3	1,849·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	...	...	2	73	...	...	71	2	[illegible]
Miscellaneous.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	1,998	471	2,469	...	...	1,998	471	[illegible]
												...	...	...	...	...	1,570	1,570	...	...	...	1,570	[illegible]
Total, 1934-35...	273	55,165·71	13,591	1,406	4,630	184	19,811	5,268	1	4,466	184	9,919	9,892	1,05,741	1,168	1,88,554	5,088	3,00,551	1,01,599	658	1,79,927	4,970	[illegible]
Total, 1933-34 ...	273	54,999·86	14,875	1,424	7,762	344	24,405	8,858	458	7,089	330	17,335	7,070	1,03,064	1,130	1,15,015	4,064	2,23,273	95,239	637	1,19,489	4,032	[illegible]

(*a*) Paid in advance in 1934-35.

APPENDIX III.

[*Vide* paragraph 9 of the text.]

Land revenue and local cess remitted by special money orders during the year 1934-35.

Divisions and districts.		Amount.	Number of orders.	Divisions and districts.		Amount.	Number of orders.
1		2	3	1		2	3
		Rs.				Rs.	
Patna...	Patna ...	1,89,180	17,740	Orissa...	Cuttack...	1,98,003	11,979
	Gaya ...	1,58,506	12,466		Balasore...	1,22,743	8,297
	Shahabad	2,17,205	16,312		Angul ...	51	2
					Puri ...	3,332	423
					Sambalpur	19,092	486
	Total ...	5,64,891	46,518		Total ...	3,43,221	21,187
Tirhut...	Saran ...	84,770	9,031	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh	17,055	692
	Champaran	15,477	1,074		Ranchi	...	...
	Muzaffarpur	1,76,751	21,567		Palamau	14,519	1,096
	Darbhanga	51,159	4,544		Manbhum	2,765	220
					Singhbhum	13,192	292
	Total ...	3,28,157	36,216		Total ...	47,531	2,300
Bhagalpur.	Monghyr	1,27,516	14,050	GRAND TOTAL.	1934-35	15,67,275	128,967
	Bhagalpur	65,531	5,151		1933-34	15,64,575	135,898
	Purnea ...	35,113	1,779				
	Santal Parganas.	55,315	1,766				
	Total ...	2,83,475	22,746				

APPENDIX IV.

[*Vide* paragraph 11 of the text.]

Proceedings under the Sale Laws during the year 1934-35.

Estates, shares or interests.	Nature of demand for which sold.	Total sales.				Purchased for Government.			Balance in favour of defaulters.	Balance not covered by sale.	Deposits forfeited (section 23).		Number regained by proprietors.	Exempted from sale (section 18).			Number of appeals [section 2, Bengal Act VII of 1868].	Sales annulled [section 2, Bengal Act VII of 1868].			Recommended for annulment [section 26, Act XI of 1859].		
		Number.	Government revenue.	Due for which sold.	Purchase money.	Number.	Government revenue.	Purchase money.			Number.	Amount forfeited.		Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when exempted.		Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.	Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Whole estates.	Current and current arrear balances.	183	15,082	9,082 1,070*	1,12,039	4	51	4	1,01,586	1	12	846	2	13,901	30,33,510	11,01,665	48	8	352	154	6	573	197 9*
	Other arrears ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Arrears of other estates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Attached estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	29,614	11,292	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Demands other than land revenue.	...	...	140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39
	Total ...	183	15,082	9,222 1,070*	1,12,039	4	51	4	1,01,586	1	12	846	2	13,970	30,63,124	11,12,957	48	8	352	154	6	573	236 9*
Shares separated under sections 10 and 11.	Current and current arrear balances.	154	63,988	12,300 900*	1,06,134	...	...	...	75,872	...	5	606	5	7,226	16,90,019	7,46,789	52	10	1,281	345	3	110	11
	Other arrears ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Arrears of other estates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Attached estates ...	2	163	382 10*	845	...	...	...	456	...	...	...	...	361	52,958	40,249	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Demands other than land revenue.	...	...	203	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	156	64,151	12,885 910*	1,06,979	...	...	...	76,328	...	5	306	5	7,587	17,42,977	7,87,038	52	10	1,281	348	3	110	11
Rights and interests..	Arrears of other estates...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Demands other than land revenue.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total.	1934-35 ...	339	79,233	22,107 1,980	2,19,018	4	51	4	1,77,914	1	17	1,452	7	21,557	48,06,101	18,99,995	100	18	1,633	502	9	683	247 9*
	1933-34 ...	298	69,507	69,030 2,726*	2,72,566	4	1,615	93	2,00,492	704	18	1,774	6	16,677	48,44,647	17,56,389	72	7	560	217	8	503	97

PPENDIX V.

[*Vide* paragraph 11 of the text.]

ISTRICT DETAILS OF PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE SALE LAWS FOR THE YEAR 1934-35.

Sales, and sales annulled and estates exempted from sale.

isions and Districts.	Estates, shares or interests which became liable to sale.		Total sales.				Purchased for Government.			Exempted from sale (section 18).			Sales annulled (section 2, Bengal Act VII of 1868).		
	Number.	Government revenue.	Number.	Government revenue.	Due for which sold.	Purchase money.	Number.	Government revenue.	Purchase money.	Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when exempted.	Number.	Government revenue.	Amount due when sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
ATNA DIVISION.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
... ...	2,107	2,37,143	29	1,243	679 82*	29,695	...	...	...	2,078	2,35,897	79,477	1	67	30
... ...	1,608	1,45,473	34	1,604	1,283 259*	23,64[illegible]	1	37	1	1,574	1,43,8 9	35 28	...	...	...
d	3,919	4,43,843	41	7,396	4,609 33[illegible]*	23,742	...	...	...	2,878	4,36,437	1,37,029	3	57	17
Total ...	6,631	8,26,449	104	10,246	6,571 672*	77,086	1	37	1	6,530	8,16,203	2,52,434	4	124	47
IRHUT DIVISION.															
... ...	1,848	2,15,754	7	729	576 29*	3,846	...	...	...	1,841	2,15,025	71,176	...	...	...
an	93	12,606	7	120	49	1,015	...	...	...	86	12,486	3,310	1	39	17
pur	1,350	83,716	26	4,702	935 193*	24,333	...	...	...	1,324	79,014	22,077	4	367	154
ga	749	52,475	16	518	209 55*	7,984	...	...	...	733	51,957	17,724	4	128	38
Total ...	4,040	3,64,551	56	6,069	1,769 277*	37,178	...	...	...	3,984	3,58,482	1,14,287	9	534	209
GALPUR DIVISION.															
... ...	550	1,03,423	67	4,894	3,793 429*	22,884	3	14	3	483	98,529	46,950	1	394	63
r	172	17,864	16	229	318 45*	5,003	...	...	...	156	17,635	2,368	...	...	...
... ...	169	5,86,811	11	49,975	5,422 67*	23,108	...	...	...	158	5,36,866	3,61,210	1	173	9
rganas	26	25,781	2	90	7 22*	3,606	...	...	...	24	25,691	3,193	...	...	...
Total ...	917	7,33,900	96	55,188	9,540 563*	55,499	3	14	3	821	6,78,721	4,13,721	2	567	72
ISSA DIVISION.															
... ...	8,086	21,57,843	38	2,464	1,734 222*	13,327	...	...	...	8,[illegible]48	21,55,379	7,51,560	1	12	4
... ...	1,855	6,29,264	34	3,129	1,186 187*	17,482	...	...	...	1,821	6,26,135	2,11,701	...	...	...
... ...	276	1,71,132	5	1,970	1,140 36*	16,911	...	...	...	271	1,69,[illegible]62	1,25,587	2	396	170
Total ...	10,217	29,58,239	77	7,563	4,060 445*	47,720	...	...	...	10,140	29,50,676	11,18,857	3	408	174
NAGPUR DIVISION.															
gh	17	901	2	114	75 15*	295	...	...	...	15	787	358	...	...	...
... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
... ...	71	1,265	4	53	92 8*	1,240	...	...	...	67	1,232	338	...	...	...
n	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
m	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	88	2,186	6	167	167 23*	1,535	...	...	...	83	2,019	696	...	...	...
Total ... 1934-35 ...	21,896	48,65,334	339	79,233	22,107 1,980*	2,19,018	4	51	4	21,557	48,06,101	18,99,995	18	1,633	503
Total ... 1933-34 ...	16,975	49,18,858	298	69,507	59,030 2,726*	2,72,566	4	1,615	93	16,677	48,44,647	17,56,389	7	560	217

*Represents process-fees.

[*Vide* paragraph

Statement showing the working of the Certificate [illegible]

Divisions and Districts.	Of all kinds under Articles 1 and 2 of Schedule I of Bihar and Orissa Act IV of 1914.						To realize arrears of rent due to Government, under Article 7, Schedule I of Bihar and Orissa Act IV of 1914.						To realize arrears of rent due to private estates under the Tenancy Acts.						To realize Court of Wards [illegible] Schedule I of Bihar [illegible]		
	Number pending on 31st March 1934.	Number filed during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Pending at the close of the year.	Pending more than six months.	Number pending on 31st March 1934.	Number filed during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Pending at the close of the year.	Pending more than six months.	Number pending on 31st March 1934.	Number filed during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Pending at the close of the year.	Pending more than six months.	Number pending on 31st March 1934.	Number filed during the year.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Patna Division.																					
Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	533	4,115	4,648	2,677	1,971	659	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	314	[illegible]
Gaya ...	15	52	67	43	24	5	125	601	726	555	171	19	54	353	407	124	283	...	51	56	[illegible]
Shahabad ...	22	35	57	40	17	1	354	1,234	1,588	1,251	337	77	796	1,336	2,132	1,541	591	272	125	420	[illegible]
Total ...	37	87	124	83	41	6	1,013	5,950	6,963	4,483	2,479	755	850	1,689	2,539	1,665	874	272	231	690	[illegible]
Tirhut Division.																					
Saran ...	28	53	81	56	25	7	46	353	399	347	52	30	961	4,723	5,684	3,603	2,081	34	325	656	[illegible]
Champaran ...	11	8	19	18	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,611	5,736	7,347	6,124	1,223	88	3,008	7,226	[illegible]
Muzaffarpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	56	139	195	78	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	560	[illegible]
Darbhanga ...	1	2	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	173	882	[illegible]
Total ...	40	63	103	76	27	7	102	492	594	425	169	30	2,572	10,459	13,031	9,727	3,304	122	3,602	9,334	[illegible]
Bhagalpur Division.																					
Monghyr ...	2	13	15	12	3	...	723	460	1,183	904	279	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	285	728	[illegible]
Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	159	461	620	319	301	135	30	39	69	44	25	25	729	109	[illegible]
Purnea ...	1	1	2	1	1	...	65	154	219	165	54	45	...	23	23	4	19	19	174	800	[illegible]
Santal Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	87	146	73	73	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	103	117
Total ...	3	14	17	13	4	...	1,006	1,162	2,168	1,461	707	332	30	62	92	48	44	44	1,202	1,740	[illegible]
Orissa Division.																					
Cuttack ...	1	9	10	10	...	...	42	403	535	517	18	3	137	1,040	1,177	1,047	130	52	352	918	[illegible]
Balasore ...	7	79	86	84	2	1	191	511	702	625	77	13	...	533	833	554	279	8	67	501	[illegible]
Puri	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	1,700	1,770	1,713	57	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	8	88	96	94	2	1	303	2,704	3,007	2,855	152	23	137	1,873	2,010	1,601	409	60	419	1,419	[illegible]
Chota Nagpur Division.																					
Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130	410	540	405	135	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,237	3,220	[illegible]
Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	418	499	438	61	...	170	128	298	287	11	2	51	597	[illegible]
Palamau ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	485	565	453	112	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	325	648	[illegible]
Manbhum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	8	4	4	...	246	1,743	[illegible]
Singhbhum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	285	335	320	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	341	1,598	1,939	1,616	323	43	172	134	306	291	15	2	2,849	6,215	[illegible]
Grand Total 1934-35 ...	88	252	340	266	74	14	2,764	11,906	14,670	10,840	3,820	1,183	3,761	14,217	17,978	13,332	4,646	500	8,303	19,388	[illegible]
Grand Total 1933-34 ...	42	265	307	219	88	32	1,780	10,730	12,510	9,746	2,764	750	2,191	10,854	13,045	9,284	3,761	1,478	4,894	20,413	[illegible]

VI.

text.]

...ate in the Province of *Bihar and Orissa during the year* 1934-35.

...nder Article 6, ...IV of 1914.		All other certificates made under Schedule I of Bihar and Orissa Act IV of 1914.						Total.						
Pending at the close of the year.	Pending more than six months.	Number pending on 31st March 1934.	Number filed during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Pending at the close of the year.	Pending more than six months.	Number pending on 31st March 1934.	Number filed during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Pending at the close of the year.	Pending more than six months.	Remarks.
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
40	13	863	654	1,517	1,303	214	3	1,451	4,983	6,434	4,207	2,227	674	
31	2	739	1,195	1,934	1,650	384	58	984	2,257	3,241	2,348	893	84	
138	22	191	778	969	768	201	45	1,488	3,803	5,291	3,987	1,304	417	
231	36	1,793	2,627	4,420	3,621	799	106	3,923	11,043	14,966	10,542	4,424	1,175	
445	...	426	1,499	1,925	1,439	486	35	1,786	7,284	9,070	5,981	3,089	106	
3,940	283	145	422	567	468	99	13	4,775	13,392	18,167	12,903	5,264	384	
174	12	410	1,812	2,222	1,582	640	18	562	2,511	3,073	2,142	931	30	
278	79	252	549	801	690	111	15	426	1,433	1,859	1,471	388	94	
4,536	374	1,233	4,282	5,515	4,179	1,336	81	7,549	24,620	32,169	22,497	9,672	614	
308	8	218	1,260	1,478	998	480	70	1,228	2,431	3,689	2,589	1,100	187	
140	143	306	570	876	638	238	29	1,224	1,179	2,403	1,690	713	338	
73	29	181	340	521	332	189	25	421	1,318	1,739	1,403	336	118	
99	42	545	750	1,295	790	505	152	618	940	1,558	881	677	237	
609	229	1,250	2,920	4,170	2,758	1,412	276	3,491	5,898	9,389	6,563	2,826	880	
650	77	254	1,058	1,312	1,049	263	32	786	3,518	4,304	3,243	1,061	164	
61	22	378	993	1,371	940	431	66	643	2,917	3,560	2,720	840	110	
...	...	173	473	646	483	163	57	243	2,173	2,416	2,196	220	64	
701	99	805	2,524	3,329	2,472	857	155	1,672	8,608	10,280	8,159	2,121	338	
1,880	9	325	696	1,021	806	215	21	2,682	4,335	7,017	4,808	2,209	32	
19	9	103	679	782	576	206	19	405	1,822	2,227	1,910	317	30	
237	275	203	348	551	432	119	3	608	1,479	2,087	1,529	558	310	
706	180	129	235	364	277	87	45	377	1,984	2,361	1,564	797	235	
...	...	29	176	205	156	49	...	79	461	540	476	64	...	
2,981	473	789	2,134	2,923	2,247	676	88	4,151	10,081	14,232	10,287	3,945	600	
9,358	1,210	5,870	14,487	20,357	15,277	5,080	706	20,786	60,250	81,036	58,048	23,988	3,613	
8,309	2,419	8,099	15,509	23,608	17,738	5,870	1,259	17,006	57,771	74,777	53,991	20,786	5,038	

APPENDIX VII.

[*Vide* paragraph 14(*ii*) of the text.]

Statement showing mutations in tenants' rights for the year ending the 31st March 1935.

Division and district.	Estate.	Total area of the estates in acres.	Total number of tenancies.	Number of mutations registered. Sale. Whole.	Sale. Part.	Succession. Whole.	Succession. Part.	Partition. Whole.	Partition. Part.	Gift. Whole.	Gift. Part.	Total Whole.	Total Part.	Percentage of tenancies transferred to total number of tenancies. Column 9(a)+9(b) on column 4.	Total area in acres transferred.	Average price per acre of the land [illegible]
1	2	3	4	5 (a)	5 (b)	6 (a)	6 (b)	7 (a)	7 (b)	8 (a)	8 (b)	9 (a)	9 (b)	10	11	12
Patna Division.																
Patna	58	67458·88	15,496	72	90	275	291	1	34	2	3	360	408	4·9	947·69	[illegible]
Gaya	28	69659·91	5,617	11	67	83	...	5	3	3	4	102	93	3·48	696·33	[illegible]
Shahabad ...	83	100359·65	18,357	84	81	822	216	15	9	11	...	932	306	6·74	160·19	[illegible]
Total ...	168	237478·44	39,470	167	258	1,180	507	21	35	16	7	1,384	807	5·55	1804·21	[illegible]
Tirhut Division.																
Saran ...	33	4233·50	1,301	2	1	8	...	...	1	1	...	11	2	0·99	4·84	[illegible]
Champaran ...	3	198·54	126	2	3	23	...	...	1	...	...	25	4	23·15	93·74	[illegible]
Muzaffarpur ...	14	5534·52	1,002	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
Darbhanga ...	4	1602·23	729	1	14	12	1	...	...	...	...	13	15	3·84	13·10	[illegible]
Total ...	54	11568·79	3,158	5	18	43	1	...	2	1	...	49	21	2·21	111·68	[illegible]
Bhagalpur Division.																
Monghyr ...	28	67,618	13,339	35	47	29	2	24	4	...	...	88	53	1·05	310	[illegible]
Bhagalpur ...	13	27,305	4,498	10	23	5	2	...	...	...	...	15	25	·88	130	[illegible]
Purnea ...	4	8,183	2,121	51	1	23	...	1	...	...	...	75	1	3·58	197	[illegible]
Santal Parganas ...	14	3,783	4,195	54	78	33	5	...	...	3	1	90	84	4·14	42	[illegible]
Total ...	59	106,889	24,153	150	149	90	9	25	4	3	1	268	163	1·78	679	[illegible]
Orissa Division.																
Cuttack ...	9	76448·512	40,679	258	1,042	661	1,551	13	131	4	17	936	2,741	9·03	734·575	[illegible]
Balasore ...	11	32026·066	16,925	159	404	859	8	1	6	11	3	1,030	421	8·47	376·61	[illegible]
Puri	3	578144·933	221,666	1,422	4.979	3,090	1,358	170	308	199	51	4,881	6,696	5·22	8300·766	[illegible]
Angul	2	1089196	47,397	...	393	129	203	9	1	...	...	138	597	1·65	4028·29	[illegible]
Sambalpur ...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
Total ...	47	1765815·541	326,667	1,839	6,818	4,739	3,120	193	446	214	71	6,985	10,455	5·33	13440·241	[illegible]
Chota Nagpur Division.																
Hazaribagh ...	4	99396·02	9,159	19	27	166	247	...	4	6	8	191	286	5·20	1544·97	[illegible]
Ranchi ...	9	77472·72	10,745	117	63	40	1	4	...	...	...	161	64	2·09	698·40	[illegible]
Palamau ...	1	220981·94	15,070	31	12	368	330	14	16	4	1	417	359	5·15	774·97	[illegible]
Singhbhum ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
Total ...	17	397850·68	34,974	167	102	574	578	18	20	10	9	769	709	4·22	3018·34	[illegible]
Grand Total 1934-35	345	2519602·451	428,422	2,328	7,345	6,626	4,215	257	507	244	88	9,455	12,155	5·04	19053·471	[illegible]
Grand Total 1933-34	295	2519185·751	424,623	1,711	3,910	4,027	3,528	106	150	61	120	5,905	6,708	2·97	11605·671	[illegible]

APPENDIX VIII.

[*Vide* paragraph 14(*iii*) of the text.]

…ent showing the result of inspection of rent-rolls in Government Estates for the year ending the 31*st March* 1935.

… and district.	Estate.	Total number of villages in the estate.	Total number of tenants.	Checked by Tahsildars and other Subordinate Agency.				Checked by Managers and other Superior Agency.				Remarks.
				Number of villages.	Number of tenants.	Percentage of tenants checked to total.	Number of unreported mutations detected.	Number of villages.	Number of tenants.	Percentage of tenants checked to total.	Number of unreported mutations detected.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
…ba Division.												
…	58	108	15,496	108	13,930	89·89	...	75	2,515	16·61	...	
…	26	133	5,617	132	5,603	99·75	40	120	1,271	23·63	...	
…hal …	82	274	18,357	274	18,357	160	494	118	3,203	17·44	68	
…tal …	168	515	39,470	514	37,890	96·00	534	313	6,988	17·70	68	
…rbut Division,												
…	33	20	1,301	20	1,301	100	...	29	1,301	100	...	
…pura …	3	3	126	3	126	100	7	3	126	100	41	
…farpur …	14	16	1,002	16	1,002	100	...	4	20	1·99	...	
…hanga …	4	4	729	4	729	199	...	3	661	9·67	...	
…tal …	54	43	13,158	43	3,158	100	7	30	2,108	66·75	41	
…lpur Division,												
…	28	85	13,339	30	4,550	34·11	35	16	2,500	18·74	4	
…	13	51	4,498	51	4,498	100	51	38	3,659	81·34	25	
…	4	44	2,121	18	700	33·00	...	44	800	37·71	...	
… Parganas …	14	41	4,195	34	3,947	94·08	19	33	1,634	38·94	11	
…tal …	59	221	24,153	133	13,695	56·70	105	131	8,593	35·57	40	
…na Division,												
…	1	187	28,266	142	13,402	47·41	69	146	2,185	7·73	...	
…	11	140	16,925	47	8,707	51·44	1,011	45	1,565	9·43	...	
…	1	1,384	2,21,666	695	51,393	23·18	...	457	12,302	5·54	...	
…	2	1,157	47,397	...	...	...	...	140	7,401	18·00	836	
…	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
…	47	2,868	3,14,254	884	73,501	23·39	1,080	788	23,453	7·46	836	
…a Nagpur Division.												
…gh …	4	277	9,159	253	7,332	79·94	...	171	3,957	43·20	...	
…	9	106	10,745	106	10,745	100	...	69	2,651	24·67	...	
…an …	1	379	15,070	379	15,070	100	840	83	2,877	19·09	354	
…	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
…	17	762	34,974	738	33,147	94·74	840	323	9,485	27·12	354	
…1934-35 …	345	4,409	4,16,009	2,312	1,61,391	38·79	2,566	1,585	50,627	11·63	1,339	
…1933-34 …	295	4,431	4,12,210	2,135	1,52,055	36·88	2,180	1,564	49,651	12·04	1,211	

APPENDIX IX.

[*Vide* paragraph 14(*v*) of the text.]

Satement showing the cost of management and improvement of Government estates held direct by Government for the year 1934-35.

Division.	District.	Management.	Miscellaneous Improvements including agricultural improvements and experiments.	Sanitary improvements.	Total.	Percentage of cost of management.	Grant sanctioned by the Board for works of improvement for 1935-36.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	BIHAR.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Patna	Patna	16,689	1,866	640	19,195	9·53	2,575
	Gaya	9,519	4,647	...	14,166	7·83	5,425
	Shahabad	20,937	4,546	581	26,064	10·95	5,200
	Total ...	47,145	11,059	1,221	59,425	9·66	13,200
Tirbut	Saran	2,439	200	...	2,639	10·15	200
	Champaran	52	...	...	52	11·55	...
	Muzaffarpur	516	...	...	516	9·7	...
	Darbhanga	945	...	..	945	24·38	200
	Total ...	3,952	200	...	4,152	11·74	400
Bhagalpur	Monghyr	10,897	4,287	224	15,408	7·11	4,875
	Bhagalpur	4,983	230	520	5,733	9·41	1,025
	Purnea	2,403	688	...	3,091	12·90	700
	Santal Parganas	51,027	40,977	580	92,584	11·28	44,269
	Total ...	69,310	46,182	1,324	1,16,816	10·24	50,869
	ORISSA.						
Orissa	Cuttack	11,320	1,701	797	13,818	19	3,500
	Balasore	9,168	673	827	10,668	16·23	1,500
	Angul	5,161	6,178	200	11,539	3·42	6,378
	Puri	32,624	14,656	1,344	48,624	7·52	16,000
	Sambalpur	903	...	...	903	9·09	250
	Total ...	59,176	23,208	3,168	85,552	8·23	26,628
	CHOTA NAGPUR.						
Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh	8,560	2,136	350	11,046	15·62	2,500
	Ranchi	6,521	2,000	...	8,521	14·77	2,000
	Palamau	21,840	3,550	450	25,840	23·60	4,000
	Singhbhum	9,338	12,497	...	21,835	4·92	12,500
	Total ...	46,259	20,183	800	67,242	12·13	21,000
	Grand Total ... 1934-35	2,25,842	1,00,832	6,513	3,33,187	9·74	1,12,097
	Grand Total ... 1933-34	2,29,325	95,722	12,396	3,37,443	9·95	1,19,204

APPENDIX X.

[*Vide* paragraph 15 of the text.]

Sale of proprietary rights in Government Estates.

Division.	District.	Sold in 1934-35. Number of estates.	Area in acres.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realised.	Total sold to the end of 1934-35. Number of estates.	Area in acres.	Government demand with which sold.	Price realised.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
				Rs. a.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.
	WHOLE ESTATES.								
	Monghyr ...	1	0 55	1 5	12	134	28·41	21,937	3,93,589
	Relinquished Railway lands.								
TIRHUT ...	Saran	...	0·043	...	48	...	4·033	...	3,723
	Champaran... ...	...	29·96	...	1,550	...	46 81	...	4,114
	Darbhanga ...	...	0·012	...	10	...	44·242	...	10,878
BHAGALPUR ..	Bhagalpur ...	...	29·54	...	6,000	...	1,1 0·752	...	62,687

APPENDIX XII.

[*Vide* paragraph 16 of the text.]

Statement showing the amount of Land Revenue assigned or alienated by Government in temporarily-settled and Government estates up to and including the year 1934-35.

Districts.	Total value of grants.											
	Additions during the year.				Reductions during the year.				Total at the close of the year.			
	For the maintenance of public servants.		For other purposes.		For the maintenance of public servants.		For other purposes.		For the maintenance of public servants.		For other purposes.	
	Area.	Land Revenue.	Area.	Land Revenue.	Area.	Land Revenue.	Area.	Land Revenue.	Area.	Land Revenue.	Area.	Land Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.

APPENDIX XIII.

[*Vide* paragraph 17 of the text.]

Disposal of Partition Cases, 1934-35.

Division.	District.	Pending at the close of the previous year.	Instituted during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Pending at the close of the year. Total.	Over three years.	Over six years.	Over nine years.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
...	Patna	81	26	107	29	78	19	3	...
	Gaya	120	38	158	32	126	10	1	1
	Shahabad	82	32	114	34	80	...	...	...
	Total 1934-35 ...	283	96	379	95	284	29	4	1
	Total 1933-34 ...	384	94	378	95	283	28	5	5
...	Saran	85	20	105	29	76	22	2	...
	Champaran ...	18	2	20	3	17	6	2	...
	Muzaffarpur ...	131	31	162	48	114	37	15	...
	Darbhanga ...	47	11	58	15	43	9	6	1
	Total 1934-35 ...	281	64	345	95	250	74	25	1
	Total 1933-34 ...	289	75	364	83	281	90	32	2
alpur ...	Monghyr	73	14	87	4	83	23	7	11
	Bhagalpur	14	6	20	...	20	8	2	1
	Purnea	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Santal Parganas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 1934-35 ...	88	20	108	4	104	31	9	12
	Total 1933-34 ...	86	19	105	17	88	21	15	2
...	Cuttack	58	31	89	29	60	2	...	...
	Balasore	33	20	53	11	42	...	...	...
	Puri	8	2	10	4	6	...	...	...
	Sambalpur	1	7	8	6	2	...	...	...
	Total 1934-35 ...	100	60	160	50	110	2	...	...
	Total 1933-34 ...	118	52	170	70	100	2	...	1
Nagpur ...	Hazaribagh ...	1	1	2	...	2	...	...	...
	Ranchi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Palamau	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...
	Manbhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Singhbhum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total 1934-35 ...	2	1	3	...	3	1	...	...
	Total 1933-34 ...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
	GRAND TOTAL 1934-35	754	241	995	244	751	137	38	14
	GRAND TOTAL 1933-34	779	240	1,019	265	754	141	52	10

[Vide para

District details of separate accounts under Act XI of 1859 and Be

Divisions and Districts.		Undivided shares.									
		Separate accounts opened. (Section 10, Act XI of 1859.)		Closed.		Remaining open.			Separate accounts opened. (Section 11, Act XI of 1859).		Closed.
		This year.		This year.		Altogether to the close of the year.			This year.		This year.
		Number.	Government revenue of the new accounts.	Number.	Government revenue of the closed accounts.	Number.	Government revenue of the accounts.	Applications remaining for disposal.	Number.	Government revenue of the new accounts.	Number.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Patna Division.			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.			Rs.	
na	...	345	11,869	124	3,627	14,395	5,46,006	140	2	5	...
a	...	137	2,586	22	381	12,977	4,60,967	113	10	683	1
habad	...	132	8,510	26	2,876	7,821	3,99,925	119	11	272	3
Total	...	614	22,965	172	6,884	35,193	14,06,898	372	23	960	4
Tirhut Division.											
an	...	20	556	...	...	5,945	2,90,591	12	12	710	...
mparan	...	3	22	2	25	573	29,557	2	...	...	...
zaffarpur	...	77	1,401	22	522	7,225	1,90,852	47	38	991	7
bhanga	...	72	1,248	1	4	5,282	1,16,187	34	2	5	...
Total	...	172	3,227	25	551	19,025	6,27,187	95	52	1,706	7
Bhagalpur Division.											
ghyr	...	94	4,215	51	1,230	8,160	2,99,996	79	3	5	...
galpur	...	18	690	...	...	2,824	1,07,987	13	...	...	...
nea	...	20	500	2	29	1,375	7,81,248	8	...	...	...
al Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	151	14,648	1	...	...	...
Total	...	132	5,415	53	1,259	12,510	12,03,879	101	3	5	...
Orissa Division.											
ack	...	53	7,144	6	297	352	70,380	35	26	3,768	5
sore	...	34	4,071	46	8,985	220	21,762	15	5	504	3
... ...	...	7	492	...	...	129	14,258	12	4	3,097	...
Total	...	94	11,707	52	9,282	701	1,06,400	62	35	7,369	8
Chota Nagpur Division.											
ribagh	...	...	...	...	...	54	1,211	...	...	...	11
hi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
nau	...	...	...	...	...	191	1,513	6	...	...	...
hum	...	...	...	...	...	2	80	...	...	...	...
bhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	247	2,804	6	...	...	11
Grand Total ... 1934-35 ...	...	1,012	43,314	302	17,976	67,676	33,47,168	636	113	10,040	30
Grand Total ... 1933-34 ...	...	1,089	40,724	284	17,074	66,966	33,21,930	405	67	6,160	7

XIV.

[...e text.]

[...]II of 1876 *and of Registration of tenures under Act XI of* 1859.

[...ning ...n.] [...her to ...se of ...ar.] Government revenue of the accounts.	Applications remaining for disposal.	Complex shares. Separate accounts opened (Section 70, Bengal Act VII of 1876). This year. Number.	Government revenue of the new accounts.	Closed. This year. Number.	Government revenue of the closed accounts.	Remaining open. Altogether to the close of the year. Number.	Government revenue of the accounts.	Applications remaining for disposal.	Registered during the year. Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction-purchaser except Government (section 41, Act XI of 1859).	Tenures, etc., protected by special registration against any auction-purchaser including Government (section 42, Act XI of 1859).	Registered to the end of the year. Tenures, etc., protected by common registration against any auction-purchaser except Government (section 41, Act XI of 1859).	Tenures, etc., protected by special registration against any auction-purchaser including Government (section 42, Act XI of 1859).
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		26
Rs.			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.					
29,406	...	90	5,551	27	2,793	2,395	1,17,494	34	...	...	32	21
2,23,952	8	59	1,131	9	713	4,911	1,78,714	49	1	...	140	12
70,638	5	59	3,370	20	2,811	3,361	2,36,189	13	...	...	59	5
3,24,086	13	208	10,052	56	6,317	10,667	5,32,397	96	1	...	231	38
31,318	...	23	942	86	3,403	4,218	1,09,875	10	...	...	17	4
303	...	...	...	...	...	53	4,191	...	...	...	1	3
11,286	1	8	360	1	19	2,708	64,473	30	...	...	19	23
6,005	4	45	597	41	2,241	852	25,568	28	...	...	11	7
48,912	5	76	1,908	128	5,663	7,831	2,04,107	68	...	...	48	42
6,435	...	21	4,082	8	8,909	551	29,348	20	...	...	41	4
10,270	...	25	658	...	...	985	51,186	9	...	...	19	75
2,441	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	54	2[illegible]
1,240	1	...	...	...	...	18	1,317	1	...	...	...	...
20,388	1	46	4,740	8	8,909	1,555	81,853	30	...	...	114	81
48,871	12	123	5,228	2	17	533	75,905	42	...	...	...	9
19,413	7	47	4,923	20	2,156	432	1,09,742	31	...	...	5	13
6,136	1	11	2,097	...	...	55	6,506	3	...	...	...	...
74,220	20	181	12,248	22	2,173	1,020	1,93,153	76	...	...	5	22
4,197	3	5	44	...	...	162	2,113	6	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	5	10	4	14	475	5,405	6	...	...	1	1
239	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,436	3	10	54	4	14	637	7,518	12	...	...	1	1
[...]4,72,040	43	521	29,002	218	23,078	21,710	10,18,028	282	1	...	399	184
[...]4,69,970	44	523	59,802	183	16,682	21,407	10,12,102	220	3	1	398	184

APPEN

[*Vide* paragraph

Intermediate registrations under Benga

District.		Total number of interests registered at the beginning of the year.	Applications— Pending from last year.	Made during the year.	Granted during the year.	Percentage of applications granted during the year on column 2.	Number of old interests removed.	Number of new interests entered.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Patna ...	...	1,18,387	1017	4,436	3,859	3·26	5,162	5,765
Gaya ...	...	98,636	619	2,957	2,376	2·40	2,587	3,180
Shahabad ...	...	83,047	807	2,717	2,351	2·83	2,713	3,348
Total	...	300,070	2,443	10,110	8,586	2·86	10,462	12,293
Saran ...	...	89,264	540	2,752	2,329	2·60	4,142	4,427
Champaran	...	7,217	74	255	188	2·60	182	207
Muzaffarpur	...	128,711	1,125	7,236	6,134	4·76	8,509	9,069
Darbhanga ...	...	117,346	681	4,786	4,330	3·68	6,792	7,696
Total	...	342,538	2420	15,029	12,981	3·78	19,625	21,399
Monghyr ...	...	78,944	500	2,692	2,249	2·84	2,569	2,467
Bhagalpur ...	...	31,038	259	1,237	797	2·20	1,056	1,085
Purnea ...	...	13,097	172	1,024	980	7·48	946	1,053
Santal Parganas	...	2,611	33	138	132	5·05	128	133
Total	...	125,690	964	5,091	4,158	3·30	4,699	4,738
Cuttack ...	...	72,433	643	3,673	3,309	4·50	3,180	3,464
Balasore ...	...	131,465	421	2,348	1,676	1·27	1,499	1,534
Puri ...	...	31,137	228	858	821	2·60	821	826
Total	...	235,035	1,292	6,879	5,806	2·47	5,500	5,824
Hazaribagh...	...	4,042	67	81	110	2·72	108	134
Palamau ...	...	15,468	150	762	592	3·80	552	828
Manbhum ...	...	332	3	10	12	3·60	8	9
Singhbhum ...	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	19,805	220	853	714	3·60	568	971
GRAND TOTAL	1934-35	1,023,138	7,339	37,962	32,245	3·15	40,954	45,225
	1933-34	1,019,186	7,347	34,030	31,971	3·13	39,787	43,739

DIX XV.

19 of the text.]

Act VII of 1876 *for the year* 1934-35.

Total number of interests at the close of the year.	Total number of applications for disposal.	Total number of cases disposed of during the year.	Out of the number of cases in column 11 the number of—		Applications pending—			Remarks.
			Contested cases.	Uncontested cases.	More than six months.	Less than six months.	Total.	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
118,990	5,453	4,064	344	3,720	76	1,313	1,389	
99,229	3,576	2,525	258	2,267	53	998	1,051	
83,682	3,524	2,683	215	2,468	1	840	841	
301,901	12,553	9,272	817	8,455	130	3,151	3,281	
89,549	3,292	2,578	249	2,329	1	713	714	
7,242	329	224	25	199	5	100	105	
129,271	8,361	6,652	579	6,073	9	1,700	1,709	
118,250	5,467	4,565	359	4,206	...	902	902	
344,312	17,449	14,019	1,212	12,807	15	3,415	3,430	
76,842	3,192	2,406	187	2,219	...	786	786	
31,067	1,496	857	34	823	12	627	639	
13,204	1,196	1,000	11	989	...	196	196	
2,616	171	138	9	129	1	32	33	
125,729	6,055	4.401	241	4,160	13	1,641	1,654	
72,717	4,316	3,535	193	3,342	...	781	781	
131,500	2,769	2,049	120	1,929	1	719	720	
31,142	1,086	868	40	828	3	215	218	
235,359	8,171	6,152	353	6,099	4	1,715	1,719	
4,068	148	122	5	117	3	23	26	
15,684	912	657	30	627	7	248	255	
334	13	12	2	10	...	1	1	
22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
20,108	1,073	791	37	754	10	272	282	
1,027,409	45,301	34,935	2,660	32,275	172	10,194	10,366	
1,023,138	41,937	34,598	2,506	32,092	80	7,309	7,339	

APPENDIX XVI.

[*Vide* paragraph 20 of the text.]

Lands taken up permanently for a public purpose and compensation paid for them, 1934-35.

Names of divisions and districts.	For Government purposes.			For other purposes.		
	Area acquired.	Amount paid.	Average cost per acre.	Area acquired.	Amount paid.	Average cost per acre.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Acres and decimals.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres and decimals.	Rs.	Rs.
BIHAR.						
Patna Division.						
Patna	4·20	15,119	3,598	5·90	42,499	7,201
Gaya	...	...	...	1·46	223	153
Shahabad	...	...	...	0·73	169	231
Total ...	4·20	15,119	3,598	8·09	42,891	5,302
Tirhut Division.						
Saran	1·33	1,150	865	0·37	335	873
Champaran	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	7·28	4,270	584
Darbhanga	0·24	230	956	0·23	137	596
Total ...	1·57	1,380	910	7·88	4,742	604
Bhagalpur Division.						
Monghyr	5·60	2,569	459	0·14	65	[illegible]
Bhagalpur	...	...	...	[illegible]	901	1,047
Purnea	70·14	11,583	165	9·20	1,459	159
Santal Parganas	0·30	18	58	111·42	38,530	346
Total ...	76·04	14,170	186	121·62	40,955	337
ORISSA.						
Orissa Division.						
Cuttack	5·28	10,998	2,083	...	...	...
Balasore	20·73	1,449	133	0·44	83	189
Angul	0·20	15	75	...	...	...
Puri	2·80	574	205	1·60	6,476	4,037
Sambalpur	4·59	293	64	1·57	461	294
Total ...	33·60	13,329	397	3·61	7,020	1,942
CHOTA NAGPUR.						
Chota Nagpur Division.						
Hazaribagh	5·05	8,742	1,732	2·33	563	244
Ranchi	...	...	...	...	...	...
Palamau	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manbhum	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singhbhum	4·69	340	73	7·21	2,079	288
	2·67	98	37	...	...	...
Total ...	12·41	9,180	739	9·53	2,642	277
GRAND TOTAL ...	127·82	53,178	416	150·73	98,250	652

APPENDIX XVII.

[*Vide* paragraph 21 of the text.]

Statement showing settlements effected during the year 1934-35.

Division.	District.	Original Settlement.		Resettlements.				Summary Settlements.				Settlements for disposal.	
		No.	Net revenue.	No.	Net revenue.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Net revenue.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Estimated revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Patna ...	Patna	4	7,145	4	5,920	...	1,225	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gaya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shahabad	...	...	9	3,372	...	50	...	...	...	...	3	4,860
	Total ...	4	7,145	13	9,292	...	1,275	...	...	...	...	3	4,860
Tirhut ...	Saran	...	...	12	6,586	131	509	13	900	50	1,131	10	2,165
	Champaran	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	775
	Muzaffarpur	...	...	2	131	...	10	...	...	...	...	2	306
	Darbhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1,229	...	1,325	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	14	6,717	131	519	16	2,129	50	2,456	16	3,246
Bhagalpur ...	Monghyr	...	...	14	11,789	1,923	93	...	...	...	...	21	99,612
	Bhagalpur	3	1,149	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2,850
	Purnea	...	...	1	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	170
	Santal Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6,021	...	900	...	...
	Total ...	3	1,149	15	11,814	1,923	93	2	6,021	...	900	29	1,02,632
Grand Total ...	1934-35	7	8,294	42	27,823	2,654	1,887	18	8,150	50	3,356	48	1,10,738
	1933-34	6	5,046	57	43,076	2,450	4,574	7	3,970	976	82	48	41,067

[*Vide* paragraph

Statement showing progress made in smaller settlements under the Bihar and Orissa Tenancy Act

Division.	District.	Estimated area in acres under settlement of revenue or rents.	Total number of villages.	Area surveyed in acres.			Number of villages in which records have been prepared for attestation.		Number of villages in which attestation has been completed.	
				Up to the end of the preceding year.	During the year under report.	Total area surveyed.	Up to the end of the preceding year.	During the year under report.	Up to the end of the preceding year.	During the year under report.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Patna ...	Shahabad ...	7653·03	6	...	7653·03	7653·03	...	6	...	6
Tirhut ...	Saran ...	1,660	1	1,660	...	1,660	1	...	1	...
	Muzaffarpur ...	3,470	4	..	3,903	3,903	...	...	...	1
	Darbhanga ...	309·60	1	...	62·53	62·53	..	...	...	...
Bhagalpur ...	Monghyr ...	43306·42	5	1504·63	30350·63	31855·26	1	...	1	...

under the supervision of the Commissioners of Divisions during the year 1934-35.

Number of villages in which the record-of-rights has been draft-published.		Number of villages in which the record-of-rights has been finally published.		Estimated number of tenants in the villages in col. 4.	Number of tenants whose rents have been recorded and status determined in khatians published under the Tenancy Acts.			Cost during the year.			Remarks.
Up to the end of the preceding year.	During the year under report.	Up to the end of the preceding year.	During the year under report.		Up to the end of the preceding year.	During the year under report.	Total.	Survey.	Settlement.	Total.	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	5	...	...	1,188	...	...	...	(*a*)	(*a*)	1,576	(*a*) Separate figures not available.
1	...	...	1	300	...	300	300	...	298	298	
...	1	...	...	500	...	...	...	456	50	506	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	32	...	32	
1	...	...	...	7,000	...	...	...	1,850	...	1,850	

[*Vide* paragraph 25

Account of advances under the Land Improvement

Divisions and Districts.		Principal.									
		Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Total advanced.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
BIHAR.											
Patna Division.											
Patna	...	200	...	200	200	...	200	200	...	...	...
Gaya	...	3,251	400	3,651	1,528	...	850	850	2,801	...	678
Shahabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	3,451	400	3,851	1,728	...	1,050	1,050	2,801	...	678
Tirhut Division.											
Saran	...	310	...	310	310	...	237	237	73	...	73
Champaran	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	620	...	620	370	...	300	300	320	...	70
Darbhanga	...	1,734	...	1,724	1,424	...	1,362	1,363	361	...	62
Total	...	2,654	...	2,654	2,104	...	1,899	1,899	725	...	205
Bhagalpur Division.											
Monghyr	...	3,798	...	3,798	2,408	...	1,783	1,786	2,012	...	625
Bhagalpur	...	5,679	...	5,679	4,979	...	3,215	3,215	2,464	...	1,764
Purnea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Santal Parganas	...	21,858	4,000	25,858	15,088	...	2,060	2,060	23,798	...	13,028
Total	...	31,335	4,000	35,335	22,475	...	7,061	7,061	28,274	...	15,414
ORISSA.											
Orissa Division.											
Cuttack	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Balasore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Angul and Khondmals	...	...	800	800	...	...	...	...	800	...	...
Puri	...	11,360	11,700	23,060	540	...	540	540	22,520	...	...
Sambalpur	...	9,228	1,360	10,588	3,883	...	3,774	3,774	6,814	100	9
Total	...	20,588	13,860	34,448	4,423	...	4,314	4,314	30,134	100	9
CHOTA NAGPUR.											
Chota Nagpur Division.											
Hazaribagh	...	7,937	...	7,937	4,428	...	3,682	3,682	4,255	...	746
Ranchi	...	5,067	1,775	6,842	1,687	369	1,239	1,608	5,234	...	79
Palamau	...	7,113	1,300	8,413	4,113	...	3,306	3,306	5,107	...	807
Manbhum	...	18,313	4,539	22,852	12,666	...	8,610	8,610	14,242	...	4,056
Singhbhum	...	2,073	3,120	5,193	1,875	...	1,225	1,225	3,968	389	261
Total	...	40,503	10,734	51,237	24,799	369	18,062	18,431	32,806	389	5,949
Grand Total { 1934-35	...	98,531	28,994	1,27,525	55,499	369	32,386	32,755	94,770	489	22,355
Grand Total { 1933-34	...	1,10,674	24,179	1,34,853	64,794	37	36,285	36,322	98,531	...	28,579

DIX XIX.

of the text.]

Loans Act XIX of 1883, for the year 1934-35.

Interest.								Principal and Interest.				Remarks.
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
17	6	23	...	23	23	...	...	...	223	...	...	
68	117	185	...	97	97	...	88	...	947	...	766	
...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
65	123	208	...	120	120	...	68	...	1,170	...	766	
40	9	40	...	15	15	...	34	...	252	...	167	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	35	35	...	35	35	...	...	...	335	...	70	
80	89	169	...	165	165	...	4	...	1,527	...	66	
120	133	253	...	215	215	...	38	...	2,114	...	243	
75	170	254	...	169	169	...	85	...	1,955	...	707	
228	401	629	...	374	374	...	255	...	3,589	...	2,019	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,291	928	2,219	...	517	517	...	1,702	...	2,577	...	14,730	
1,594	1,508	3,102	...	1,060	1,060	...	2,042	...	8,121	...	17,456	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	75(a)	90	...	90(a)	90(a)	...	...	...	630	...	...	(a) Includes Rs. 3 realised under rule 15 at page 22 of the Loans Manual.
14	313	327	...	314	314	13	...	...	4,088	113	9	
29	3:8	417	...	404	404	13	...	...	4,718	113	9	
140	569	700	...	642	642	...	67	...	4,324	...	813	
43	400	443	...	332	332	...	111	369	1,571	...	120	
230	361	591	...	529	529	...	62	...	3,835	...	869	
892	820	1,712	...	1,417	1,417	...	295	...	10,027	...	4,351	
87	108	195	...	131	131	36	28	...	1,356	425	289	
1,392	2,258	3,650	...	3,051	3,051	36	563	369	21,113	425	6,512	
3,220	4,410	7,630	...	4,850	4,850	49	2,731	369	37,336	538	24,986	
2,916	6,033	8,949	77	5,665	5,742	..	3,215	114	41,950	...	31,794	

APPENDI[X]

[*Vide* paragraph 2[6]

Account of advances under the Agriculturis[ts]

Divisions and Districts.	Principal.									
	Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Advanced during the year.	Total advanced.	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Amount overdue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
BIHAR.										
Patna Division.										
Patna	...	1,51,193	1,51,193	...	...	...	...	1,51,193	...	—
Gaya	6,506	10,000	16,506	5,439	...	3,765	3,765	12,741	...	1,674
Shahabad	2	21,634	21,636	76	...	2	2	21,634	...	74
Total ...	6,508	1,82,827	1,89,335	5,515	...	3,767	3,767	1,85,568	...	1,748
Tirhut Division.										
Saran	33,289	1,56,518	1,89,807	26,277	...	20,346	20,346	1,69,461	...	5,931
Champaran	1,40,089	11,24,728	12,64,817	15,527	...	10,602	10,602	12,54,215	622	4,303
Muzaffarpur	1,00,506	16,63,699	17,64,205	35,562	...	16,730	16,730	17,47,475	10,172	8,660
Darbhanga	1,35,256	4,75,727	6,10,983	73,155	...	43,804	43,804	5,67,179	...	29,351
Total ...	4,09,140	34,30,672	38,29,812	1,50,521	...	91,482	91,482	37,38,330	10,794	48,245
Bhagalpur Division.										
Monghyr	41,859	1,82,874	2,24,733	39,758	...	13,120	13,120	2,11,613	...	26,638
Bhagalpur	58,682	2,91,096	3,49,778	79,279	...	30,340	30,340	3,19,438	...	48,939
Purnea	57,464	10,980	68,444	59,439	...	12,197	12,197	56,247	...	47,242
Santal Parganas	21,687	10,074	31,761	27,902	...	5,596	5,596	26,165	...	22,306
Total ...	1,79,692	4,95,024	6,74,716	2,06,378	...	61,253	61,253	6,13,463	...	1,45,125
ORISSA.										
Orissa Division.										
Cuttack	1,27,281	50,000	1,77,281	1,52,281	...	96,220	96,220	81,061	10,000	37,061
Balasore	13,245	6,000	19,245	15,522	...	14,806	14,806	4,439	...	716
Angul and Khondmals ...	18,261	11,100	29,361	23,230	...	10,204	10,204	19,157	...	13,026
Puri	1,28,677	97,519	2,26,196	71,156	...	32,756	32,756	1,93,440	27,592	10,808
Sambalpur	10,561	3,946	14,509	7,655	13	7,437	7,450	7,059	125	80
Total ...	2,98,035	1,68,567	4,66,602	2,69,844	13	1,61,423	1,61,436	3,05,166	46,717	61,691
CHOTA NAGPUR.										
Chota Nagpur Division.										
Hazaribagh	3,389	...	3,389	3,389	...	2,312	2,312	1,077	...	1,077
Ranchi	30	...	30	30	...	...	...	30	...	30
Palamau	16,397	8,222	24,619	12,351	...	(a) 12,039	12,039	12,580	...	312
Manbhum	1,800	1,500	3,300	1,800	...	1,792	1,792	1,508	...	8
Singhbhum	4,882	2,500	7,382	4,798	...	2,516	2,516	4,866	341	1,941
Total ...	26,498	12,222	38,720	22,368	...	18,659	18,659	20,061	341	3,368
Grand Total ... 1934-35	9,19,863	42,79,312	51,99,175	6,54,626	13	3,36,584	3,36,597	48,62,578	57,852	2,60,177
Grand Total ... 1933-34	3,70,203	7,57,649	11,27,852	4,80,597	44	2,07,912	2,07,956	9,19,896	92,101	1,81,182

XX.

of the text.]

Loans Act, XII of 1884, *for the year* 1934-35.

Interest.								Principal and Interest.				Remarks.
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year.	Interest falling due within the year.	Total interest for collection within the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Total remitted and collected.	Suspended by competent authority.	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year.	Remitted during the year.	Collected during the year.	Under suspension at the end of the year.	Overdue at the end of the year.	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
284	304	588	...	267	267	...	321	...	4,032	...	1,995	
...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	76	
284	306	590	...	267	267	...	323	...	4,034	...	2,071	
1,548	2,104	3,652	...	2,380	2,380	...	1,272	...	22,723	...	7,263	
282	114	396	...	62	62	37	297	...	10,664	659	4,000	
244	2,093	2,337	...	1,202	1,202	556	579	...	17,932	10,728	9,239	
2,001	4,528	6,529	...	3,236	3,236	...	3,293	...	47,040	...	32,644	
4,075	8,839	12,914	...	6,980	6,980	593	5,441	...	98,362	11,387	53,686	
1,898	3,091	4,989	...	1,069	1,069	...	3,920	...	14,189	...	30,558	
1,110	5,682	6,792	...	2,832	2,832	...	3,960	...	35,172	...	52,899	
2,659	4,820	7,479	...	5,366	5,366	...	2,113	...	17,563	...	49,355	
5,029	1,309	6,338	...	965	965	...	5,373	...	6,561	...	27,679	
10,696	14,902	25,598	...	10,232	10,232	...	15,366	...	71,485	...	1,60,491	
1,329	4,839	6,168	...	4,318	4,318	495	1,355	...	1,00,538	19,495	38,416	
628	668	1,296	...	1,007	1,007	...	289	...	15,813	...	1,005	
498	695	1,193	...	598	598	...	595	...	10,892	...	13,621	
2,090	4,755	6,845	...	3,662	3,662	2,233	950	...	36,418	29,825	11,758	
67	648	715	...	690	690	16	9	13	8,127	141	89	
4,612	11,605	16,217	...	10,275	10,275	2,744	3,198	13	1,71,698	40,401	64,889	
104	183	287	...	220	220	...	67	...	2,532	...	1,144	(a) Includes an advance collection of principal ... Rs. 252 (b) Includes on account of advance collection of interest ... 24
11	2	13	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	43	
245	897	1,142	...	(b) 1,113	(c) 1,113	...	29	...	13,152	...	341	
...	105	105	...	104	104	...	1	...	1,896	...	9	
224	231	455	...	261	261	28	166	...	2,777	369	2,107	
584	1,418	2,002	...	1,698	1,698	28	276	...	20,357	369	3,644	
20,251	37,070	57,321	...	29,352	29,352	3,365	24,604	13	3,65,936	61,217	2,84,781	
13,461	26,358	39,819	39	19,587	19,626	3,680	16,533	83	2,27,499	95,781	1,97,715	

APPENDIX XXI.

[*Vide* paragraph 27 of the text.]

Original suits under the Rent Laws before Revenue Courts for the year 1934-35.

Description of suits	Orissa Division.					Chota Nagpur Division.							
	Cuttack.	Balasore.	Puri.	Sambalpur.	Total.	Hazaribagh.	Ranchi.	Palamau.	Manbhum.	Singhbhum.	Total.	Grand Total, 1934-35.	Grand Total, 1933-34.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Suits to recover arrears of rent.													
Pending from last year	624	1,008	1,062	109	2,803	616	2,941	293	243	329	4,421	7,224	6,747
Instituted	44,533	21,396	12,116	428	78,473	929	1,295	556	9,603	2,289	14,672	93,145	84,487
Total ...	45,157	22,404	13,178	537	81,276	1,545	4,236	849	9,846	2,618	19,093	1,00,369	91,234
Disposed of	44,727	21,608	12,325	344	79,004	1,400	3,750	659	9,545	2,006	17,360	96,364	84,010
Pending at close of the year.	430	796	853	193	2,272	145	486	189	301	612	1,733	4,005	7,224
Suits to establish or contest right to enhancement, or abatement of rent, or to determine amount of rent.													
Pending from last year	6	...	...	...	6	33	6	...	6	...	45	51	59
Instituted	16	14	9	...	39	230	4	...	12	...	246	285	274
Total ...	22	14	9	...	45	263	10	...	18	...	291	336	333
Disposed of	12	14	9	...	35	205	10	...	13	...	228	263	282
Pending at close of the year.	10	...	...	...	10	58	...	...	5	...	63	73	51
Suits regarding illegal exaction, duress, distraint or demand.													
Pending from last year	...	...	...	...	...	—	1	...	...	1	2	2	11
Instituted	1	...	1	...	2	23	34	...	2	1	60	62	52
Total ...	1	...	1	...	2	23	35	...	2	2	62	64	63
Disposed of	...	...	1	...	1	20	31	...	2	1	54	55	62
Pending at close of the year.	1	...	...	...	1	3	4	...	...	1	8	9	1
Suits relating to ejectment.													
Pending from last year	5	1	1	5	12	14	2	...	3	1	20	32	58
Instituted	78	22	10	9	119	49	13	7	25	5	90	218	200
Total ...	83	23	11	14	131	63	15	7	28	6	110	250	258
Disposed of	76	23	11	11	121	38	13	5	21	4	81	202	225
Pending at close of the year.	7	...	...	3	10	25	2	2	7	2	36	48	33

APPENDIX XXI—*continued.*

[*Vide* paragraph 27 of the text.]

Original suits under the Rent Laws before Revenue Courts for the year 1934-35.

Description of suits.	Orissa Division.					Chota Nagpur Division.						Grand Total, 1934-35.	Grand Total, 1933-34.
	Cuttack.	Balasore.	Puri.	Sambalpur.	Total.	Hazaribagh.	Ranchi.	Palamau.	Manbhum.	Singhbhum.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Suits regarding accounts by or against agents, etc.													
Pending from last year	2	4	2	...	8	...	1	...	...	...	1	9	15
Instituted	8	10	4	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	28
Total ...	10	14	6	...	30	...	1	...	...	...	1	31	43
Disposed of ...	8	10	4	...	22	...	1	...	...	...	1	23	34
Pending at close of the year	2	4	2	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	9
Suits to resume or assess lands held exempt from revenue or rent.													
Pending from last year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Instituted	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	...
Disposed of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	...
Pending at close of the year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Suits not included in above.													
Pending from last year	1,059	20	...	...	1,079	62	51	...	2	...	115	1,194	379
Instituted	762	36	...	...	798	350	111	...	45	1	507	1,305	3,963
Total ...	1,821	56	...	...	1,877	412	162	...	47	1	622	2,249	4,342
Disposed of	1,742	50	...	...	1,792	370	134	...	43	1	548	2,340	3,148
Pending at close of the year	79	6	...	...	85	42	28	...	4	...	74	159	1,194
Miscellaneous applications.													
Pending from last year	108	108	27	2	245	51	55	64	175	81	426	671	616
Instituted	1,840	1,686	1,784	27	5,337	815	1,285	372	2,151	512	5,135	10,472	7,491
Total ...	1,948	1,794	1,811	29	5,582	866	1,340	436	2,326	593	5,561	11,143	8,107
Disposed of	1,774	1,551	642	25	3,992	771	1,164	373	2,054	510	4,872	8,864	7,435
Pending at close of the year	174	243	1,169	4	1,590	95	176	63	272	83	689	2,279	672

APPENDIX XXI—*concluded.*

[*Vide* paragraph 27 of the text.]

Original suits under the Rent Laws before Revenue Courts for the year 1934-35.

Description of suits.	Orissa Division. Cuttack.	Orissa Division. Balasore.	Orissa Division. Puri.	Orissa Division. Sambalpur.	Orissa Division. Total.	Chota Nagpur Division. Hazaribagh.	Chota Nagpur Division. Ranchi.	Chota Nagpur Division. Palamau.	Chota Nagpur Division. Manbhum.	Chota Nagpur Division. Singhbhum.	Chota Nagpur Division. Total.	Grand Total, 1934-35.	Grand Total, 1933-34.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Execution cases.													
Pending from last year ...	3,553	3,033	1,935	31	8,543	200	749	129	1,503	186	2,767	11,309	10,718
Instituted	17,829	10,789	6,218	153	34,989	1,173	4,127	613	6,761	1,384	14,058	49,047	42,956
Total ...	21,382	13,822	8,143	184	43,531	1,373	4,876	742	8,264	1,570	16,825	60,356	53,674
Disposed of	18,245	11,172	5,136	126	34,679	1,101	3,361	550	6,852	1,024	12,888	47,567	42,365
Pending at close of the year	3,137	2,650	3,007	58	8,852	272	1,515	192	1,412	546	3,937	12,789	11,309
Appeals.													
Pending from last year...	9	45	8	3	65	8	...	1	4	36	49	114	57
Instituted	95	50	54	7	206	84	88	12	43	16	243	449	492
Total ...	104	95	62	10	271	92	88	13	47	52	292	563	549
Disposed of	69	86	47	4	206	65	74	9	39	50	237	443	435
Pending at close of the year	35	9	15	6	65	27	14	4	8	2	55	120	114
Total of all classes for 1934-35.													
Pending from last year ...	5,366	4,219	3,025	150	12,760	984	3,806	486	1,936	634	7,846	20,606	...
Instituted	65,163	34,003	20,196	624	1,19,985	3,653	6,957	1,560	18,645	4,208	35,023	1,55,008	...
Total ...	70,538	38,222	23,231	774	1,32,745	4,637	10,763	2,046	20,581	4,842	42,869	1,75,614	...
Disposed of	66,653	34,514	18,175	510	1,19,852	3,970	8,538	1,596	18,572	3,596	36,272	1,56,124	...
Pending at close of the year	3,875	3,708	5,046	264	12,893	667	2,225	450	2,009	1,246	6,597	19,490	...
Total of all classes for 1933-34.													
Pending from last year ...	5,699	3,483	3,566	188	12,936	963	2,824	390	1,355	192	5,724	...	18,660
Instituted	60,499	28,310	16,816	506	1,06,131	4,003	7,171	1,446	17,101	4,091	33,812	...	1,39,943
Total ...	66,198	31,793	20,382	694	1,19,067	4,966	9,995	1,836	18,456	4,283	39,536	...	1,58,603
Disposed of	60,832	27,574	17,357	544	1,06,307	3,982	6,189	1,350	16,520	3,649	31,690	...	1,37,997
Pending at close of the year	5,366	4,219	3,035	150	12,760	984	3,906	486	1,936	634	7,846	...	20,606

APPENDIX XXII.

[*Vide* paragraph 23 of the text.]

Operation of the penal provisions of Bengal Act VI of 1908 *and Bihar and Orissa Act II of* 1913 *during the year* 1934-35.

Division.	District.	Number of suits under clause (3), section 139, Bengal Act VI of 1908, and section 77, Bihar and Orissa Act II of 1913. — Decided for plaintiffs. — On merits.	Ex parte.	By admission.	Total.	Decided for defendants. — On merits.	By default.	Total.	Number of suits in which damages were allowed to— Plaintiffs.	Defendants.	Amount of damages allowed to— Plaintiffs.	Defendants.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
											Rs.	Rs.
Orissa ...	Cuttack	3,095	24,526	8,483	36,104	529	8,094	8,623	...	...	...	...
	Balasore	688	14,752	3,385	18,825	181	2,602	2,783	...	13	...	63
	Puri	229	8,976	1,927	11,132	91	1,102	1,193	4	...	40	...
	Total ...	4,012	48,254	13,795	66,061	801	11,798	12,599	4	13	40	63
Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh	439	670	93	1,202	111	82	193	2	1	10	...
	Ranchi	375	2,491	761	3,627	32	91	123	...	...	...	...
	Palamau	119	400	84	603	6	55	61	...	...	...	...
	Manbhum	393	7,940	546	8,879	57	609	666	...	...	...	...
	Singhbhum	22	1,507	287	1,816	24	147	171	...	4	...	50
	Total ...	1,348	13,008	1,771	16,127	230	984	1,314	2	5	10	50
Grand Total	1934-35 ...	5,360	61,262	15,566	83,188	1,031	12,782	13,813	6	18	50	112
	1933-34 ...	4,718	56,965	13,738	75,421	839	7,294	8,133	9	1	1,267	7

APPENDIX XXIII.

[*Vide* paragraph 29 of the text.]

Statement showing the operations under the Bengal Tenancy Act.

Division and District.	Transfer of Tenures. (a) Voluntary, section 12(3).	(b) By decree, sale, sections 13(2) and 14.	(c) By succession, section 15.	Commutation of rent payable in kind, section 40.	Appraisement or division of produce where rent is paid in kind, sections 69 and 70.	Registration of improvements, section 80.	Certificates of Collectors as to acquisition of land for building or other purposes, section 84.	Notices of resumption of land by landlords, section 87(2).	Failure to grant rent-receipts, section 58.	Local inquiries held by order of the Court, section 158.	Amount of landlords' fees received.	Amount of landlords' fees paid out to the land lord or some other person duly authorized on his behalf to receive it.	Percentage of column 11 on column 10.	Application for notices for annulment of encumbrance, section 167.
1	2			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Patna Division.											Rs.	Rs.		
Patna	614	...	...	111	141	10	...	1	10	...	1,085	962	88·6	10
Gaya	1,768	1	3	398	414	...	...	37	16	...	2,808	2,393	85·2	7
Shahabad	2,607	...	1	8	49	...	...	61	8	...	6,733	6,619	98·3	13
Total ...	4,989	1	4	517	604	10	...	99	34	...	10,626	9,974	93·8	30
Tirhut Division.														
Saran	2,264	...	3	30	9	2	...	47	2	...	4,273	3,545	82·9	41
Champaran ...	582	...	...	21	15	...	...	299	...	...	1,126	1,040	92·3	11
Muzaffarpur ...	695	...	...	37	72	...	...	9	4	...	3,476	2,786	80·1	6
Darbhanga ...	808	...	...	18	16	...	...	51	1	...	3,197	1,694	52·9	6
Total ...	4,349	...	3	106	112	2	...	409	7	...	12,072	9,065	75·0	64
Bhagalpur Division.														
Monghyr	365	...	1	28	15	...	...	41	14	...	618	537	86·9	6
Bhagalpur	321	...	..	4	21	1	...	119	2	...	816	794	97·3	3
Purnea	5,650	...	64	3	3	...	...	8	1	...	7,227	5,715	79·0	8
Total ...	6,336	...	65	35	39	1	...	168	17	...	8,661	7,046	81·3	17
Grand Total 1934-35	15,674	1	72	658	755	13	...	676	58	...	31,359	26,085	83·1	111
Grand Total 1933-34	15,960	...	112	685	661	10	...	578	111	...	30,802	26,902	87·3	95

APPENDIX XXIV.

[*Vide* paragraph 30 of the text.]

Statement showing the operations under the Orissa Tenancy Act.

Division and District.	Transfer of— Tenures, sections 14, 15 and 16 of the Orissa Tenancy Act.	Transfer of— Raiyati holdings, section 31.	Commutation of rent in kind, section 47.	Appraisement or division of produce when rent is paid in kind, section 79.	Registration of improvements, section 90.	Notices of resumption of land by landlords, section 98.	Amount of landlords' fees.	Amount of landlords' fees paid out.	Percentage of column 9 on column 8.	Cases under section 67 of the Orissa Tenancy Act.	Application to Collectors for aid in distraint, section 159.	Application to Kanungo for sale of distrained property, section 160.	Notices of enhancement.	Notices of relinquishment.	Acquisition of land for building and other purposes, section 94.	Local inquiries by order of the Court, section 210.	Applications for notices for annulment of encumbrances, section 221.	Deposit of rent, section 70.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
							Rs.	Rs.										
Cuttack	19	64	1	14	...	21	1,128	689	61	9	...	125	...	12	...	...	...	90
Balasore	12	19	1	2	...	54	357	372	104	3	...	...	14	4	...	...	2	94
Puri	9	61	3	35	1	27	1,103	874	79	2	...	...	6	7	...	...	1	114
Total ... 1934-35 ...	40	144	5	51	1	102	2,588	1,935	74	14	...	125	20	23	...	...	3	304
Total ... 1933-34 ...	38	133	5	24	2	75	2,408	1,881	75	18	...	96	19	39	1	...	4	237

APPENDIX XXV for 1934-35.

[*Vide* paragraph 31 of the text.]

Statement showing the operations under the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act.

Division and District.	Registration of transfer of tenure (section 12).	Transfer of raiyati holdings allowed under section 46(6).	Failure to grant rent-receipt (section 54).	Application for deposit of rent (sections 55 and 56).	Commutation of rent payable in kind [section 61(4).]	Application for restoration of possession. Under section 46(4).	Application for restoration of possession. Under section 71.	Application for restoration of possession. Under section 73(3).	Notices of surrender (section 72).	Abandonment of land by raiyat (section 73).	Notices of resumption of land by landlord [section 73(2)].	Acquisition of tenants' interest for buildings or other purposes (section 50).
1	2	3	4	5	6	6(a)	6(b)	6(c)	7	8	9	10
Hazaribagh	5	265	10	264	40	2	9	1	13	...	114	3
Ranchi	4	144	22	842	24	17	6	...	36	...	...	1
Palamau	3	26	19	53	3	...	9	...	47	...	20	...
Manbhum	28	602	3	404	3	2	4	...	31	5	45	4
Singhbhum	4	64	1	321	...	3	1	...	...	...	43	4
Total ... 1934-35 ...	44	1,101	55	1,884	70	24	29	1	137	5	222	12
Total ... 1933-34 ...	25	1,168	61	1,736	107	16	25	13	140	23	185	10

APPENDIX XXVI.

[*Vide* paragraph 32 of the text.]

Payment of rent by money orders during the year 1934-35.

Division.		Number of money orders issued for rent.	Amount.	Number of such orders refused.	Amount.	Percentage of money orders refused to money orders issued.
1		2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.		Rs.	
Patna	1934-35	12,712	2,51,990	1,359	27,616	10·69
	1933-34	10,639	1,97,342	1,275	25,165	11·8
Tirhut	1934-35	11,898	1,14,935	2,446	25,021	20·55
	1933-34	10,990	1,12,346	1,929	18,683	17·55
Bhagalpur	1934-35	1,540	38,159	174	3,551	11·29
	1933-34	1,054	26,261	186	3,490	17·64
Orissa	1934-35	2,627	83,411	262	2,577	9·97
	1933-34	2,801	77,783	258	2,612	9·21
Chota Nagpur ...	1934-35	1,370	35,083	13	133	·95
	1933-34	1,493	41,994	17	202	1·14
Total ...	1934-35	30,147	5,23,578	4,254	58,898	14·11
	1933-34	26,977	4,55,726	3,662	50,182	13·57

APPENDIX XXVII.

Business performed in the Commissioners' offices during the year 1934-35.

Description of work.	Patna Division.			Tirhut Division.			Bhagalpur Division.			Orissa Division.			Chota Nagpur Division.		
	For disposal.	Disposed of during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.	For disposal.	Disposed of during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.	For disposal.	Disposed of during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.	For disposal.	Disposed of during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.	For disposal.	Disposed of during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1. Appeals against sales under Act XI of 1859	43	28	15	18	17	1	29	23	6	25	22	3	2	1	1
2. Appeals of all other kinds against the acts or orders of the Collector or other subordinate officers ...	178	154	24	57	56	1	362	272	90	99	91	8	84	74	10
3. Appeals to the Board against the orders of Commissioners presented direct to them or through the Commissioners in which the papers or a report have been called for	67	59	8	18	17	1	11	10	1	12	9	3	9	9	...
4. Regular settlements	...	...	...	4	4	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Summary settlements	11	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Partitions	172	133	39	131	121	10	19	9	10	46	45	1	...	...	...
7. Cases under section 4, Regulation III of 1828	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Miscellaneous cases not provided for in any of the foregoing heads	17	16	1	50	50	...	69	64	5	99	99	...	64	56	8
Total ...	488	401	87	278	265	13	493	381	112	281	266	15	159	140	19

APPENDIX XXVIII.

[*Vide* paragraph 35 of the text.]

Demands, Collections and Balances of Local Cess on Lands and Mines for the year 1934-35.

District.	Class.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.	Balances.	Percentage of total collections on current demands.
			Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Patna ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	31,199	2,28,574	7,46,522	9,75,066	1,68,360	6,30,759	7,99,159	74	1,79,606	...
	2. Revenue-free ...	1,569	14,428	33,072	47,498	10,324	24,408	34,732	...	12,981	...
	3. Rent-free ...	3,413	4,553	14,544	19,097	3,836	11,251	15,077	...	4,261	...
	4. Mines and Railways ...	1	...	4,722	4,722	..	4,722	4,722	...	...	...
	Total ...	36,182	2,47,493	7,98,860	10,16,353	1,82,519	6,71,180	8,53,690	74	1,96,848	106·86
Gaya ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	27,790	4,06,534	10,51,965	14,58,499	3,73,466	7,15,667	10,89,133	...	3,73,108	...
	2. Revenue-free ...	412	8,734	13,952	22,683	4,237	6,337*	10,574	...	12,209	...
	3. Rent-free	1	2,461	25	2,486	1	25	26	...	2,460	...
	4. Mines	42	1,890	2,419	4,309	1,478	719	2,197	...	1,958	...
	Total ...	28,245	4,19,619	10,68,361	14,87,980	3,79,182	7,23,748*	11,01,930	...	3,80,731	103·14
Shahabad ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	21,468	1,66,358	6,64,467	8,30,825	1,39,690	5,32,560	6,72,250	...	1,62,881	...
	2. Revenue-free ...	752	7,187	27,813	35,030	4,837	21,055	25,892	...	9,606	...
	3. Mines and Railways ...	21	10,941	3,343	14,284	518	13	531	...	13,758	...
	4. Chaukidari Chakran ...	7	5	3	8	...	...	...	...	8	...
	5. Lac and Tasar ...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	22,255	1,84,491	6,95,656	8,80,147	1,45,045	5,53,628	6,98,673	...	1,86,263	100·45
Saran ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	19,241	1,16,217	4,37,709	5,53,926	93,205	3,12,515	4,35,720	1,186	1,19,612	...
	2. Revenue-free	128	588	2,511	3,099	315	1,792	2,107	...	996	...
	Total ...	19,369	1,16,805	4,40,220	5,57,025	93,520	3,14,307	4,37,827	1,186‡	1,20,608	99·46
Champaran ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	2,116	23,281	2,95,251	3,18,532	22,839	2,81,046	3,03,885	3	15,468	...
	2. Revenue-free ...	113	597	2,589	3,186	597	2,126	2,723	...	539	...
	3. Mines and Railways ...	2	...	2,937	2,937	...	1,915	1,915	123	1,022	...
	Total ...	2,231	23,878	3,00,777	3,24,655	23,436	2,85,087	3,08,523	126‡	1,7029	102·57
Muzaffarpur ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	35,150	1,35,151	4,49,953	5,85,104	1,33,349	3,59,528	4,92,877	338	98,787	...
	2. Revenue-free ...	1,406	7,773	25,221	32,994	6,920	20,784	27,704	...	5,073	...
	3. Rent-free ...	10,239	12,086	17,563	29,649	2,224	17,335	19,559	...	10,919	...
	Total ...	46,895	1,55,010	4,92,737	6,47,747	1,42,493	3,97,647	5,40,140	338‡	14,779	109·62
Darbhanga ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	22,753	80,235	5,90,749	6,70,984	73,015	5,33,491	6,06,506	...	70,587	...
	2. Revenue-free ...	1,380	9,145	41,816	50,961	4,764	33,370	38,134	...	14,434	...
	Total ...	24,133	89,380	6,32,565	7,21,945	77,779	5,66,861	6,44,040	...	85,031	101·81
Monghyr ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	18,184	1,54,204	5,74,291	7,28,495	1,25,954	4,39,878	5,65,832	2,953	1,65,953	...
	2. Revenue-free ...	1,986	4,844	17,910	22,754	3,387	14,465	17,852	37	4,963	...
	3. Mines and Railways ...	64	467	1,399	1,866	451	905	1,356	1,039	515	...
	Total ...	20,234	1,59,515	5,93,600	7,53,115	1,29,792	4,55,248	5,85,040	4,029†	1,71,434	98·56
Bhagalpur ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	7,941	1,44,797	5,74,759	7,19,556	1,11,651	4,48,788	5,60,439	...	1,59,117	...
	2. Revenue-free ...	1,097	4,212	12,203	16,415	3,391	8,515	11,906	24	4,509	...
	3. Rent-free ...	40	270	903	1,173	190	337	527	...	646	...
	Total ...	9,078	1,49,279	5,87,865	7,37,144	1,15,232	4,57,640	5,72,872	24	1,64,272	97·45

* Includes advance collection of Rs. 183.

† Includes also reductions made in the demands on account of revision of assessment, etc.

‡ Represent reductions made in the demand on account of revision of assessment, etc.

APPENDIX XXVIII—*contd.*

[*Vide* paragraph 35 of the text.]

Demands, Collections and Balances of Local Cess on Lands and Mines for the year 1934-35—contd.

District.	Class.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.	Balances.	Percentage of total collections on current demands.
			Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Purnea ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	3,200	6,86,316	6,33,994	13,20,310	5,72,702	2,63,141	8,35,843	...	4,84,941	
	2. Revenue-free ...	548	1,456	5,239	6,695	1,456	4,176	5,632	...	1,024	
	Total ...	3,748	6,87,772	6,39,233	13,27,005	5,74,158	2,67,317	8,41,475	...	4,85,965	131·66
Santal Parganas	1. Revenue-paying ...	697	43,348	1,05,592	1,48,940	43,348	71,203	1,14,551	...	35,283	
	2. Revenue-free ...	139	602	1,890	2,492	602	1,432	2,034	...	474	
	3. Rent-free ...	10	370	274	644	122	...	122	...	522	
	4. Mines, quarries, etc. ...	167	2,974	6,924	9,898	2,636	4,182	6,818	...	3,069	
	Total ...	1,013	47,294	1,14,680	1,61,974	46,708	76,817	1,23,525	...	39,348	107·71
Cuttack ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	9,988	58,833	2,73,583	3,32,416	48,099	2,18,083	2,66,182	...	65,510	
	2. Revenue-free ...	6,419	22,595	29,588	52,183	21,635	19,316	40,951	...	10,941	
	Total ...	16,407	81,428	3,03,171	3,84,599	69,734	2,37,399	3,07,133	...	76,451	101·31
Balasore ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	3,908	21,788	1,28,348	1,50,136	20,119	1,12,162	1,32,281	...	16,093	
	2. Revenue-free ...	9,784	28,347	29,139	57,486	18,516	13,972	32,488	...	24,786	
	3. Rent-free ...	163	761	930	1,691	633	803	1,436	...	254	
	4. Quarries and mines ...	6	36	12	48	18	2	20	...	28	
	Total ...	13,861	50,932	1,58,429	2,09,361	39,286	1,26,939	1,66,225	...	41,161	104·92
Puri ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	808	12,247	1,09,766	1,22,013	12,205	1,08,439	1,20,644	...	1,371	
	2. Revenue-free ...	3,960	14,068	36,991	51,059	13,912	28,495	42,407	...	8,606	
	Total ...	4,768	26,315	1,46,757	1,73,072	26,117	1,36,934	1,63,051	...	9,977	111·10
Hazaribagh ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	429	24,040	1,15,878	1,39,918	20,843	1,00,954	1,21,797	...	18,412	
	2. Revenue-free ...	264	822	10,017	10,839	788	9,994	10,782	...	126	
	3. Rent-free ...	1	2	2	4	2	2	4	...	...	
	4. Mines and forests ...	610	38,834	72,926	1,11,760	19,799	53,749	73,548	1,066†	38,245	
	Total ...	1,304	63,698	1,98,823	2,62,521	41,432	1,64,699	2,06,131	1,066†	56,883	103·67
Ranchi ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	13	84,431	1,29,914	2,14,345	84,431	45,622	1,30,053	...	84,292	
	2. Mines and forests ...	384	3,700	4,360	8,060	2,850	1,530	4,380	5,618†	3,680	
	Total ...	397	88,131	1,34,274	2,22,405	87,281	47,152	1,34,433	5,618†	87,972	100·11
Palamau ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	1,117	35,042	79,966	1,15,008	29,747	49,683	79,430	...	35,578	
	2. Revenue-free ...	738	20,280	40,698	60,978	19,113	32,395	51,508	...	9,451	
	3. Mines and forests ...	3 7	7,771	11,839	19,610	7,659	5,991	13,650	10,006*	5,960	
	Total ...	2,162	63,093	1,32,503	1,95,596	56,519	88,069	1,44,588	10,006*	50,989	109·13

* Includes also reductions made in the demands on account of revision of assessment, etc.

† Represents reductions made in the demands on account of revision of assessment, etc.

APPENDIX XXVIII—*concld.*

[*Vide* paragraph 35 of the text.]

Demands, Collections and Balances of Local Cess on Lands and Mines for the year 1934-35—concld.

District.	Class.	Number of estates.	Demands.			Collections.			Remissions.	Balances.	Percentage of total collections on the current demands.
			Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Manbhum ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	29	81,230	2,21,675	3,02,905	79,159	1,53,732	2,32,891	...	70,014	
	2. Revenue-free ...	135	6,260	12,158	18,418	6,209	9,147	15,356	...	3,021	
	3. Mines and Forests ...	1,199	41,073	1,51,185	1,92,258	31,129	97,946	1,29,075	1,02,764*	63,217	
	Total ...	1,363	1,28,563	3,85,018	5,13,581	1,16,497	2,60,825	3,77,322	1,02,764*	1,36,252	98·00
Singhbhum ...	1. Revenue-paying ...	2	...	32,742	32,742	...	32,742	32,742	...	...	
	2. Revenue-free ...	1	...	3,309	3,309	...	3,309	3,309	...	...	
	3. Rent-free	15	202	2,688	2,890	202	1,349	1,551	...	1,339	
	4. Mines and Forests ...	183	1,255	38,734	39,989	1,022	31,857	32,879	12,648†	3,905	
	Total ...	201	1,457	77,473	78,930	1,224	69,257	70,481	12,648†	5,244	90·97
GRAND TOTAL ...	1934-35 ...	2,53,846	27,64,153	79,01,002	1,06,65,155	23,47,945	59,29,754	82,77,699	1,37,879‡	24,36,217	104·76
	1933-34 ...	2,51,986	26,47,358	79,42,886	1,02,90,244	16,45,346	58,52,414	74,97,760	1,01,696*	27,87,787	94·39

* Includes also reductions made in the demands on account of revision of assessment, etc.

† Represents reductions made in the demands on account of revision of assessment, etc.

‡ Includes reduction of Rs. 1,35,199 made in the demands on account of revision of assessment, etc.

APPENDIX XXIX.

[*Vide* paragraph 35 of the text.]

Statement of certificates for the realization of local cess filed, disposed of and pending during the year 1934-35.

Divisions and districts.	Number pending from last year.	Number filed during the year.	Total.	Number disposed of.	Number pending.	Number pending more than six months.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
BIHAR.						
PATNA DIVISION.						
Patna	2,970	8,410	11,380	9,871	1,509	...
Gaya	1,577	8,655	10,232	8,354	1,878	147
Shahabad	1,251	6,822	8,073	5,600	2,473	45
Total ...	5,798	23,887	29,685	23,825	5,860	192
TIRHUT DIVISION.						
Saran	2,245	6,646	8,891	6,105	2,786	17
Champaran	82	556	638	490	148	5
Muzaffarpur	1,697	9,867	11,564	9,080	84	87
Darbhanga	374	3,374	3,748	3,433	315	34
Total ...	4,398	20,443	24,841	19,108	5,733	143
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.						
Monghyr	637	4,601	5,238	3,720	1,518	382
Bhagalpur	1,013	2,632	3,645	2,214	1,431	764
Purnea	312	773	1,085	727	358	167
Santal Parganas ...	128	540	668	540	128	49
Total ...	2,090	8,546	10,636	7,201	3,435	1,362
ORISSA.						
ORISSA DIVISION.						
Cuttack	1,190	7,466	8,656	7,100	1,556	210
Balasore	3,150	6,497	9,647	6,122	3,525	106
Puri	1,093	1,318	2,411	2,154	257	12
Total ...	5,433	15,281	20,714	15,376	5,338	328
CHOTA NAGPUR.						
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.						
Hazaribagh	918	1,668	2,579	1,603	976	22
Ranchi	4	131	135	127	8	8
Palamau	268	960	1,228	896	332	29
Manbhum	63	503	566	477	89	17
Singhbhum	25	76	101	63	38	...
Total ...	1,278	3,331	4,609	3,166	1,443	76
GRAND TOTAL ... 1934-35	18,997	71,488	90,485	68,676	21,809	2,101
GRAND TOTAL ... 1933-34	20,741	62,439	83,180	64,183	18,997	2,094

APPENDIX XXX.

[*Vide* paragraph 35 of the text.]

Separate Cess Accounts opened in Revenue-paying estates under section 44, and in Revenue-free estates under section 46 (2) of Bengal Act IX of 1880, during the year 1934-35.

Divisions and districts.	Revenue-paying Estates.				Revenue-free Estates.			
	Separate Cess Accounts opened during the year under report.		Separate Cess Accounts remaining open at the end of the year under report.		Separate Cess Accounts opened during the year under report.		Separate Cess Account remaining open at the end of the year under report.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
BIHAR.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
PATNA DIVISION.								
Patna	445	3,528	14,009	34,519	17	508	254	3,014
Gaya	195	3,540	17,163	3,03,775	1	4	167	2,030
Shahabad	202	4,059	8,414	1,16,922	12	174	344	12,910
Total ...	842	11,127	39,586	4,55,216	30	686	765	17,954
TIRHUT DIVISION.								
Saran	55	718	10,494	1,38,344	...	...	40	1,941
Champaran	1	8	632	7,421	2	2	23	927
Muzaffarpur	123	1,228	10,467	1,09,015	...	...	286	5,174
Darbhanga	118	1,173	6,338	74,034	5	46	614	22,117
Total ...	297	3,127	27,931	3,28,814	7	48	963	30,159
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.								
Monghyr	116	5,045	7,615	1,83,757	7	112	183	3,682
Bhagalpur	31	1,230	3,222	1,16,746	2	31	26	428
Purnea	16	2,498	1,160	13,19,118	...	...	9	7,799
Santal Parganas	...	...	109	6,105	...	...	12	275
Total ...	163	8,773	12,106	16,25,726	9	143	230	12,184
ORISSA.								
ORISSA DIVISION.								
Cuttack	136	1,976	1,640	16,177	...	...	...	...
Balasore	85	1,342	761	10,131	...	...	...	...
Puri	185	2,314	205	2,960	...	...	...	...
Total ...	406	5,632	2,606	29,268	...	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.								
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.								
Hazaribagh	4	124	364	8,901	...	...	29	878
Ranchi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Palamau	5	36	857	19,278	2	11	814	16,885
Manbhum	...	...	4	2,868	2	64	9	395
Singhbhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	9	160	1,225	31,047	4	75	852	18,158
GRAND TOTAL .. 1934-35 ...	1,717	28,819	83,454	24,70,071	50	952	2,810	78,455
GRAND TOTAL .. 1933-34 ...	1,731	54,686	82,273	29,70,499	32	822	2,764	77,529

APPENDIX XXXI.

[*Vide* paragraph 35 of the text.]

Statistics of Estates and Tenures and their recorded Shareholders for the year 1934-35.

Divisions and districts.	Number of estates assessed to local cess.			Number of—			Present gross rental.
	Land-revenue paying.	Land-revenue free.	Rent-free lands.	Recorded shareholders of estates.	Tenures assessed to local cess.	Recorded shareholders of tenures.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
BIHAR.							
PATNA DIVISION.							Rs.
Patna	31,199	1,569	3,413	143,761	5,877	19,125	1,36,73,629
Gaya	27,790	412	1	79,325	18,913	18,913	1,78,46,542
Shahabad	21,468	752	...	83,682	60,347	4,498	1,19,00,182
Total ...	80,457	2,733	3,414	306,768	85,137	42,536	4,34,20,353
TIRHUT DIVISION.							
Saran	19,241	128	...	103,672	49,410	42,088	76,90,923
Champaran	2,116	113	...	7,242	4,035	15,816	48,27,280
Muzaffarpur	35,150	1,406	10,339	135,984	1,058	9,381	83,74,658
Darbhanga	22,753	1,380	...	118,250	18,119	24,269	1,05,19,259
Total ...	79,260	3,027	10,339	365,148	72,622	91,554	3,14,12,120
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.							
Monghyr	18,184	1,986	...	78,842	9,517	15,442	1,01,84,054
Bhagalpur	7,941	1,097	40	31,067	22,757	22,757	98,02,193
Purnea	3,200	548	...	13,204	149,401	128,833	1,08,46,473
Santal Parganas ...	697	139	10	2,6.6	5,826	10,263	18,76,949
Total ...	30,022	3,770	50	125,729	187,501	177,295	3,27,09,669
ORISSA.							
ORISSA DIVISION.							
Cuttack	9,988	6,419	...	102,695	41,418	57,564	57,78,149
Balasore	3,897	22,186	163	40,746	24,056	52,803	31,58,631
Puri	808	3,960	...	13,619	11,846	18,086	25,98,361
Total ...	14,693	32,565	163	157,060	77,320	128,453	1,15,35,141
CHOTA NAGPUR.							
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.							
Hazaribagh	429	264	1	8,056	3,515	...	31,18,686
Ranchi	13	...	...	21	30,211	34,527	19,76,810
Palamau	1,117	738	...	15,684	21,448	21,448	18,04,823
Manbhum	29	135	...	267	57,689	89,299	61,60,288
Singhbhum	2	1	15	3	3,278	3,448	12,39,568
Total ...	1,590	1,138	16	24,031	116,141	148,722	1,43,[illegible]0,175
GRAND TOTAL ... 1934-35	206,022	43,233	13,982	978,736	538,721	588,560	13,33,77,458
GRAND TOTAL ... 1933-34	204,501	43,191	13,985	952,505	538,716	588,536	13,38,85,408

NOTE.—The gross rental at the first valuation will be found in the Land Revenue Administration Report for 1915-16.

APPEN

[*Vide* paragraph

Annual statement of Valuations and Revaluations in progress

Division.	District.	Description of area under revaluation.	Assessment before revaluation.	Progress during the year.	Total progress up to end of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.		
Tirhut ..	Saran ..	7 Diara Estates..	1,357	Revaluation of 6 estates.	As in col. 5
Bhagalpur ...	Santal Parganas.	109 estates and separate accounts.	15,312	Revaluation of 85 estates and separate accounts.	As in col. 5
Orissa ...	Balasore ...	...	...	...	...
	Puri ...	...	...	...	..
Chota Nagpur	Ranchi ..	Khunti subdivision comprising 1,127 villages covering 1,486 square miles.	24,261	Valuation of all the villages.	As in col. 5

BOGP (Bd of Rev) 18—253—28-9-1935—JS and others.

DIX XXXII.

3⁵ of the text.]

or completed during the year 1934-35.

Amount of work left at close of year.	Increase or decrease due to revaluation up to end of year.	Percentage of increase of assessment.	Remarks.
7	8	9	10
Revaluation of one estate.	Decrease of Rs. 1,180 in cess.	..	Revaluation of 7 estates was taken up by the permanent district staff under section 13 of the Cess Act on the application of the proprietors.
Issue of notices under section 40 of the Cess Act and publication of valuation rolls in respect of 85 estates, etc. noted in column 5 and revaluation of 24 estates, etc.	Increase of Rs. 9,206 in cess.	60·12	The work has been carried by the district staff. The revaluation of 24 estates remained pending and will be carried during the year 1935-36.
...	..	..	The cess demand of the estate bearing tauzi no. 1373 in thana Baliapal, some lands of which are situated in the district of Midnapur, could not be given effect to during 1934-35 also, as the cess revaluation of the Midnapur portion of the estate has not yet been completed.
...	...	...	The new cess demands have been given effect to from 1934-35 of 74 estates out of 75 estates, the revaluation of which could not be carried out during the last general revaluation of the district for want of record-of rights : an increase of Rs. 2,097 occurred in the cess demand of the district. The valuation of all the five component villages of remaining one estate was completed during the year and will be given effect to from 1935-36.
Nil	Increase of Rs. 28,055 in cess subject to modification.	115 63 subject to modification.	The work commenced on the 9th March 1934 and was completed within the sanctioned time in February 1935. The total expenditure incurred amounted to Rs. 7,480. Maulavi Qazi Saiyid Abdus Shakur, Sub-Deputy Collector, was employed part time on the work.

No. $\frac{291}{IVL3}$ R.

GOVERNMENT OF BIHAR AND ORISSA.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

RESOLUTION.

The 8th January 1936.

READ—

The report of the Board of Revenue on the Land Revenue Administration of the Province of Bihar and Orissa for the year 1934-35.

THE Hon'ble Mr. J. A. Hubback, C.S.I., I.C.S., held charge of the Office of the Member of the Board of Revenue from the beginning of the year till the 10th May 1934. He was succeeded by Mr. C. L. Philip, C.I.E., I.C.S., who held charge for the rest of the year.

2. *Material condition of the people.*—The year was marked by no disastrous calamity of the magnitude of the earthquake from which the province suffered in January 1934, and on the whole there was some improvement in the material condition of the great mass of the population. Heavy floods coming closely after the earthquake did considerable damage to houses and crops in the Gangetic diara areas; but the situation was successfully met and adequate relief measures were taken. The condition of lands affected by sand deposited by the earthquake improved; indeed in some cases the deposits did appreciable good to the soil. Silt deposited by the unusual floods greatly benefited *rabi* crops in some parts. The crops were on the whole good, although in some districts they were affected by uneven and excessive rainfall. The *bhadai* crop was considerably damaged by the floods in Patna, Shahabad, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Bhagalpur, Monghyr and Palamau. The cultivation of sugarcane extended but the demand from the mills exceeded the supply with the result that the full crop was cleared. The condition of the lac industry in the Chota Nagpur Division remained dull. The mica industry in Hazaribagh showed signs of revival. Enquiry showed that the Santals in the Bhagalpur and Monghyr districts required protection against their landlords and money-lenders, and steps were taken to provide the necessary security. A special officer was deputed to enquire into the condition of *kamias* in certain districts of Chota Nagpur. There was ample demand for labour in connection with reconstruction and for the mills in the Tirhut Division. The Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, made drastic reductions in the rates paid to contractors for loading ore at Noamundi, and there was a corresponding reduction in the wages of the labourers. The number of emigrants showed an all-round decrease, which was primarily due to the slump in the tea trade: Ranchi, which sent 26,261 labourers to the tea districts last year, sent only 13,833 during the year under report. The general health of the people was on the whole satisfactory. Small-pox in epidemic form broke out in places, and in certain districts, particularly Palamau, there were outbreaks of cholera. The preventive measures taken to arrest the spread of epidemics proved effective. The condition of cattle was on the whole satisfactory.

3. *Economic development.*—The sugar industry in the Tirhut and Patna Divisions is making rapid strides. The area under sugarcane cultivation increased appreciably in both the divisions. The two sugar mills in the Patna Division worked at a substantial profit and placed orders for the extension of their plant. In the Bhagalpur Division, two sugar mills were started in the Banka subdivision and one at Gidhaur. The manufacture of *gur* continued on an extensive scale. The control of Government over the

mills assisted the growers in the Tirhut Division to obtain a fair price for their cane. The rice and oil mills in the Patna Division did extensive business. The reconstruction work in the areas affected by the earthquake increased the demand for lime and cement: the capacity of the cement-manufacturing plant at Japla was doubled, and the lime stone quarries in the Sasaram subdivision had to employ double the number of men and women in order to meet with the increased demand. The jute mill at Muktapur did well. The *sabai* grass scheme in Rajmahal worked very well and more than two lakhs of maunds were supplied to the Titagarh Paper Mills. Conditions in the coal and mica businesses showed an improvement in the district of Hazaribagh, where the despatches of coal increased from 2,114,720 tons in 1933 to 2,415,056 tons in 1934, and the total value of the mica exported rose from Rs. 33 lakhs to Rs. 53 lakhs. The Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, produced each month on the average about 74,000 tons of pig iron, 70,000 tons of steel ingots and 50,000 tons of finished steel, and worked their plant practically at full capacity. Extensions to the works were made at a cost of Rupees one crore. An important development was the manufacture for the first time in India on a commercial scale of high tensile steel. In the Orissa Division the several boot and shoe factories worked with success, as did also the two bell-metal industrial societies in the Jajpur subdivision. The weaving school for Pans under the Salvation Army at Angul did useful work.

4. *Land Revenue.*—The total current demand fell from Rs. 1,65,11,436 to Rs. 1,64,-4,988. The decrease mainly occurred in Cuttack owing to the extinction of the retrospective demand of land revenue settled during the course of the last settlement in temporarily-settled estates. The percentage of total collection to total demand decreased from 90·45 to 90·33. The total outstanding balance increased from Rs. 16,38,094 to Rs. 17,02,586. The increase was due to continued economic depression, fall in the prices of agricultural produce, and damage caused by floods. In the directly managed estates the percentage of total collection on total demand increased from 66·26 to 67·22, while remissions amounted to Rs. 33,319 against Rs. 57,721 in the preceding year.

5. *Local cess*—The cess demand fell from Rs. 79,42,886 to Rs. 79,01,002 owing mainly to reductions in the cess annually assessed on mines resulting from the slump. The provincial percentage of total collections on current demand was 104·75 against 94·39 in 1933-34. The gross rentals of the districts of the Santal Parganas and Puri increased by Rs. 1,47,072 and Rs. 35,575 respectively owing to the revaluation of certain estates.

6. *Money-orders.*—The system of payment of rent and local cess by special money-orders continued in force in all the districts except Angul and the Santal Parganas. The number of rent money-orders increased from 26,977 to 30,147. The increase was noticeable in the Patna, Tirhut and Bhagalpur Divisions, but there was a heavy fall in the districts of Puri and Hazaribagh and no payment by money-order was made in the district of Ranchi. Government regret that the percentage of money-orders refused has again increased, the reasons alleged for refusal being disputes about the amount payable, or non-payment of the full demand, or payment by persons other than the recorded tenants.

7. *Coercive measures.*—The sale law was administered leniently and with discretion. Process fees were remitted in the three coastal districts of Orissa. The number of estates liable to sale increased from 16,975 to 21,896 and the number of sales from 298 to 339 during the year. The percentage of sales to defaults decreased from 1·75 to 1·55. The amount realised by sale was 2·8 times the Government revenue against 3·9 in the preceding year. Four estates with a revenue demand of Rs. 51 were purchased on behalf of Government.

8. *Management of Government estates.*—The cost of management of the Government estates slightly decreased to Rs. 2,25,842 from Rs. 2,29,325 in

the preceding year, and expenditure on works of improvement also decreased slightly from Rs. 108,118 to Rs. 1,07,345. The percentage of management charges fell from 9·9 to 9·7.

9. *Relation between landlords and tenants.*—Relations between landlords and tenants were on the whole good. The strained relations in the Bihar subdivision of Patna district were partly due to the disintegration of the *bhaoli* system and the failure of the landlords to maintain irrigation works: in the Dinapore subdivision of the same district they were ascribed to the harsh dealings of the landlords with their tenants. In Gaya, commutation aggravated the situation, because the tenants found it difficult to pay cash rents which were fixed at a time when grain was dear. Owing to the earthquake the tenants in the Tirhut Division fell into arrears with their rent and cess, and it is satisfactory to note that the landlords put little pressure on the tenants to recover these arrears. In Purnea the strained relations were due to the fact that the tenants were unwilling to pay rent, though able to do so, until coercive measures were taken. In the Dhalbhum estate in Singhbhum the methods adopted by the Manager to improve the finances of the estate were not above criticism.

10. *Tours and Inspection.*—The period spent by the District Officers on tour was on the whole satisfactory. The prescribed minimum was not reached in four districts.

11. The thanks of Government are due to the Board for its efficient administration of the Land Revenue Department during the year.

12. The names of officers commended in the Board's report have been noted in the Appointment Department of Government.

Order.—Ordered that this resolution be published in the *Bihar and Orissa Gazette.*

By order of the Governor in Council,

J. W. HOULTON,

Secretary to Government.

MEMO. NO. 292—93-R.,

Patna the 8th January 1936.

Copy (with a copy of the report) forwarded to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Bihar and Orissa. / Appointment Department, for information (with special reference to paragraph 12 of the resolution).

( ) To appointment Department only.

R. C. DAS GUPTA,

Assistant Secretary to Government.